

## RENS

 the optimal roundingHerausgegeben vom
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# RENS 

the optimal rounding

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#### Abstract

This article introduces Rens, the relaxation enforced neighborhood search, a large neighborhood search algorithm for mixed integer nonlinear programming (MINLP) that uses a sub-MINLP to explore the set of feasible roundings of an optimal solution $\bar{x}$ of a linear or nonlinear relaxation. The sub-MINLP is constructed by fixing integer variables $x_{j}$ with $\bar{x}_{j} \in \mathbb{Z}$ and bounding the remaining integer variables to $x_{j} \in\left\{\left\lfloor\bar{x}_{j}\right\rfloor,\left\lceil\bar{x}_{j}\right\rceil\right\}$. We describe two different applications of RENS: as a standalone algorithm to compute an optimal rounding of the given starting solution and as a primal heuristic inside a complete MINLP solver.

We use the former to compare different kinds of relaxations and the impact of cutting planes on the roundability of the corresponding optimal solutions. We further utilize rens to analyze the performance of three rounding heuristics implemented in the branch-cut-andprice framework SCIP. Finally, we study the impact of RENS when it is applied as a primal heuristic inside SCIP.

All experiments were performed on three publically available test sets of mixed integer linear programs (MIPs), mixed integer quadratically constrained programs (MIQCPs), and MINLPs, using solely software which is available in source code.

It turns out that for these problem classes $60 \%$ to $70 \%$ of the instances have roundable relaxation optima and that the success rate of Rens does not depend on the percentage of fractional variables. Last but not least, RENS applied as primal heuristic complements nicely with existing root node heuristics in SCIP and improves the overall performance.


Keywords: mixed integer programming, mixed integer nonlinear programming, primal heuristic, large neighborhood search, rounding
Mathematics Subject Classification: 90C11, 90C20, 90C30, 90C59

## 1 Introduction

Primal heuristics are algorithms that try to find feasible solutions of good quality for a given optimization problem within a reasonably short amount of time. They are incomplete methods, hence there is usually no guarantee that they will find any solution, let alone an optimal one.

For mixed integer linear programming (MIP) it is well known that general-purpose primal heuristics like the Feasibility Pump [3, 27, 29] are able to find high-quality solutions for a wide range of problems. Over time, primal heuristics have become a substantial ingredient of state-of-the-art MIP solvers 10, 19. Discovering good feasible solutions at an early stage of the MIP solving process has several advantages:

[^0]- The bounding step of the branch-and-bound [37] algorithm depends on the quality of the incumbent solution; a better primal bound leads to more nodes being pruned and hence to smaller search trees.
- The same holds for certain presolving and domain propagation strategies such as reduced cost fixing. Better solutions can lead to tighter domain reductions, in particular more variable fixings. This, as a consequence, might lead to better dual bounds and the generation of stronger cutting planes.
- In practice, it is often sufficient to compute a heuristic solution whose objective value is within a certain quality threshold. For hard MIPs that cannot be solved to optimality within a reasonable amount of time, it might still be possible to generate good primal solutions quickly.
- Improvement heuristics such as RINs [26] or Local Branching [28] need a feasible solution as starting point.

Similar statements hold for other classes of mathematical programs. Often, techniques such as reduced cost fixing or cutting planes are more heavily or even exclusively applied at the root node of a branch-and-bound search tree. Therefore, already knowing good solutions during root node processing is significantly more beneficial than finding them later during tree search.

The last fifteen years have seen several publications on general-purpose heuristics for MIP, including [3, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 29, 30, 33, 35, 39, 40, 44, 49]. For an overview, see [10, 31, 32]. For mixed integer nonlinear programming, the last three years have shown a rising interest in the research community for general-purpose primal heuristics [13, 14, 16, 21, 22, 25, 38, 42, 43,

A mixed integer nonlinear program (MINLP) is an optimization problem of the form

$$
\begin{array}{cll}
\min & d^{T} x & \\
\text { s.t. } & g_{i}(x) \leq 0 & \text { for all } i \in \mathcal{M} \\
& L_{j} \leq x_{j} \leq U_{j} & \text { for all } j \in \mathcal{N}  \tag{1}\\
& x_{j} \in \mathbb{Z} & \text { for all } j \in \mathcal{I},
\end{array}
$$

where $\mathcal{I} \subseteq \mathcal{N}:=\{1, \ldots, n\}$ is the index set of the integer variables, $d \in \mathbb{R}^{n}, g_{i}: \mathbb{R}^{n} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ for $i \in \mathcal{M}:=\{1, \ldots, m\}$, and $L \in(\mathbb{R} \cup\{-\infty\})^{n}, U \in(\mathbb{R} \cup\{+\infty\})^{n}$ are lower and upper bounds on the variables, respectively. Note that a nonlinear objective function can always be reformulated by introducing one additional variable and constraint, hence form (1) is general. We assume without loss of generality that $L_{j} \leq U_{j}$ for all $j \in \mathcal{N}$ and $L_{j}, U_{j} \in \mathbb{Z}$ for all $j \in \mathcal{I}$.

There are many subclasses of MINLP, the following four will be considered in this article:

- If all constraint functions $g_{i}$ are quadratic, problem (11 is called a mixed integer quadratically constrained program (MIQCP).
- If all constraint functions $g_{i}$ are linear, problem (1) is called a mixed integer program (MIP).
- If $\mathcal{I}=\emptyset$, problem (11) is called a nonlinear program (NLP).
- If $\mathcal{I}=\emptyset$ and all $g_{i}$ are linear, problem (1) is called a linear program (LP).

With a slight abuse of notation, we will use the abbreviation LP for the term linear programming as well as for the term linear program. The same holds for MINLP, MIQCP, MIP and NLP.

At the heart of many MIP improvement heuristics, such as Local Branching [28], RINS [26], and dins 30, lies large neighborhood search (LNS), the paradigm of solving a small sub-MIP which promises to contain good solutions. Recently, those LNS improvement heuristics have been extended to the more general case of MINLP [16, 22, 43]. In contrast, Undercover [13, 14 is an LNS start heuristic for MINLP that does not have an equivalent in MIP.

In this paper, we introduce the relaxation enforced neighborhood search (RENS), a large neighborhood search algorithm for MINLP. It constructs a sub-MINLP of a given MINLP based on the solution of a relaxation. RENS is designed to compute the optimal - w.r.t. the original objective function - rounding of a relaxation solution.

Many LNS heuristics, diving and of course all rounding heuristics are based on the idea of fixing some of the variables that take an integer value in the relaxation solution. Therefore, the question of whether a given solution of a relaxation is roundable, i.e., all fractional variables can be shifted to integer values without loosing feasibility for the constraint functions, is particularly important for the likelihood of other primal heuristics to succeed.

We use rens to analyze the roundability of instances from different classes of mathematical programs, demonstrate the computational impact of using different relaxations, and use these results to evaluate the performance of several rounding heuristics from the literature. Finally, we investigate the effectiveness of RENS applied as a start heuristic at the root node of a branch-andcut solver. For these experiments, we use general, publically available MIP, MIQCP and MINLP test sets obtained from the MIPLIB 3.0 [18], the MIPLIB 2003 [4, the MIPLIB 2010 [36], the MINLPLib [23] and the MIQCP test set compiled in [15].

The remainder of the paper is organized as follows. Section 2 introduces the generic scheme of the RENS algorithm. In Section 3, we discuss the algorithmic design and describe implementation details, in particular for the application of RENS as a subsidiary method inside a complete solver. The setup for the computational experiments is presented in Section 4 . Section 5 provides detailed computational results and Section 6 contains our conclusions.

## 2 A scheme for an LNS rounding heuristic

Given a mixed integer program, the paradigm of fixing a subset of the variables in order to obtain subproblems that are easier to solve has proven successful in many MIP improvement heuristics such as RINS [26], DINS [30, Mutation and Crossover [10, 44]. These strategies can be directly extended to MINLP, see [16].

For a given MINLP, the NLP which arises by omitting the integrality constraints ( $x_{j} \in$ $\mathbb{Z}$ for all $j \in \mathcal{I}$ ) is called the NLP relaxation of the MINLP. The LP relaxation of a MIP is defined analogously. For a feasible solution $\bar{x}$ of a relaxation, the set of all fractional variables is defined as $\mathcal{F}:=\left\{j \in \mathcal{I} \mid \bar{x}_{j} \notin \mathbb{Z}\right\}$.

Before we formulate the RENS algorithm, let us formalize the notion of an (optimal) rounding:
Definition 2.1 (rounding). Let $\bar{x}$ be a point that is feasible for a relaxation of a given MINLP of form (1). The set

$$
\mathcal{R}(\bar{x}):=\left\{x \in \mathbb{R}^{n} \mid x_{j} \in\left\{\left\lfloor\bar{x}_{j}\right\rfloor,\left\lceil\bar{x}_{j}\right\rceil\right\} \text { for all } j \in \mathcal{I}, L_{j} \leq x_{j} \leq U_{j} \text { for all } j \in \mathcal{N}\right\}
$$

is called the set of roundings of $\bar{x}$.
In general, $\mathcal{R}(\bar{x})$ is a mixed integer set, a disjoint union of $2^{|\mathcal{F}|}$ polyhedra. Note that in the special case of $\mathcal{I}=\mathcal{N}$, so-called pure integer problems, the set of roundings of $\bar{x}$ is a $2^{|\mathcal{F}|}$-elementary lattice, the vertices of an $|\mathcal{F}|$-dimensional unit hypercube:

$$
\mathcal{R}(\bar{x})=\left\{x \in \mathbb{Z}^{n} \mid x_{\mathcal{I} \backslash \mathcal{F}}=\bar{x}_{\mathcal{I} \backslash \mathcal{F}}, x_{\mathcal{F}} \in \underset{j \in \mathcal{F}}{X}\left\{\left\lfloor\bar{x}_{j}\right\rfloor,\left\lceil\bar{x}_{j}\right\rceil\right\}\right\} \subseteq \underset{j \in \mathcal{I}}{X}\left\{L_{j}, \ldots, U_{j}\right\}
$$

Here, $x_{\mathcal{F}}$ and $x_{\mathcal{I} \backslash \mathcal{F}}$ denote the projection of $x$ to the space of fractional and integral variables, respectively.

Definition 2.2 (optimal rounding). Let $\tilde{x} \in \mathcal{R}(\bar{x})$, a rounding of a relaxation solution $\bar{x}$ be given.

1. We call $\tilde{x}$ a feasible rounding of $\bar{x}$, if $g_{i}(\tilde{x}) \leq 0$ for all constraints $i \in \mathcal{M}$ of MINLP (1).
2. We call $\tilde{x}$ an optimal rounding of $\bar{x}$, if $\tilde{x} \in \operatorname{argmin}\left\{d^{T} x \mid x \in \mathcal{R}(x), g_{i}(x) \leq 0\right.$ for all $i \in$ M\}.
3. We call $\bar{x}$ roundable if it has a feasible rounding.

Clearly, $\bar{x}$ either has an optimal rounding or is not roundable.
Figure 1: RENS for MIP: original MIP (light), sub-MIP received by fixing (dark, left) and 0-1 sub-MIP by additional bound reduction (dark, right)


The idea of our newly proposed LNS algorithm is to define a sub-MINLP that optimizes over the set of roundings of a relaxation optimum $\bar{x}$. This is done by fixing all integer variables that take an integral value in $\bar{x}$. For the remaining integer variables, the bounds get tightened to the two nearest integral values, see Figure 1. If the sub-MINLP is solved by using a linear outer approximation, this often improves its dual bound, since reduced domains will give rise to a stronger linear relaxation and the generation of tighter underestimators. As the sub-MINLP is completely defined by the relaxation solution $\bar{x}$, we call the procedure relaxation enforced neighborhood search, or shortly RENS. Note that unlike RINS, RENS does not require a known feasible solution.

Figure 2 shows the basic algorithm, which by construction has some important properties:
Lemma 2.3. Let the starting point $\bar{x}$ be feasible for the NLP relaxation.

1. A point $\tilde{x}$ is a feasible solution of the sub-MINLP if and only if it is a feasible rounding of $\bar{x}$, in particular:
2. the optimum of the sub-MINLP is the optimal rounding of $\bar{x}$, and
3. if the sub-MINLP is infeasible, then no feasible rounding of $\bar{x}$ exists.

In the sub-MINLP, all integer variables can be easily transformed to binary variables, by substituting $x_{j}^{\prime}=x_{j}-L_{j}$. Binary variables are preferable over general integers since many MIP-solving techniques such as probing [45, knapsack cover cuts [5, 34, 50], or Octane [6] are only used for binary variables.

Figure 2: generic RENS algorithm

```
Input: MINLP \(P\) as in (1)
Output: feasible solution \(\tilde{x}\) for \(P\) or \(\emptyset\)
begin
    /* compute optimal solution of the NLP relaxation of \(P\) */
    \(\bar{x} \leftarrow \operatorname{argmin}\left\{d^{T} x \mid g_{i}(x) \leq 0\right.\) for all \(\left.i \in \mathcal{M}, x \in[L, U]\right\} ;\)
    forall \(j \in \mathcal{I}\) do
        if \(\bar{x}_{j} \in \mathbb{Z}\) then
            fix \(x_{j}: L_{j} \leftarrow \bar{x}_{j}, U_{j} \leftarrow \bar{x}_{j} ;\)
        else
            change to binary bounds: \(L_{j} \leftarrow\left\lfloor\bar{x}_{j}\right\rfloor, U_{j} \leftarrow\left\lceil\bar{x}_{j}\right\rceil ;\)
        /* solve the resulting sub-MINLP of \(P\)
        */
        \(\tilde{x} \leftarrow \operatorname{argmin}\left\{d^{T} x \mid g_{i}(x) \leq 0\right.\) for all \(i \in \mathcal{M}, x \in[L, U], x_{j} \in \mathbb{Z}\) for all \(\left.j \in \mathcal{I}\right\}\);
        return \(\tilde{x}\);
end
```


## 3 Design and implementation details

In this section, we discuss the details of our rens implementation. A particular focus is set on the application of RENS as a subsidiary method inside a complete branch-and-bound solver.

In principle, an arbitrary point may be used as starting point in line 2 of the RENS algorithm, cf., Figure 2. Most exact solvers for MINLP are based on branch-and-bound and involve the solution of an NLP relaxation or a linear outer approximation. Their optima are natural choices as starting points. While the NLP optimum is supposed to be "closer" to the feasible region of the MINLP, the LP can usually be computed faster and gives rise to smaller subproblems. More precisely, the NLP fulfills all nonlinear constraints $g_{i}(x) \leq 0$, whereas the LP, if solved with the simplex algorithm, tends to fulfill more integrality constraints, which reduces the computational complexity of the rens subproblem. Thus, both relaxations have their pros and cons, which one proves better in practice will be investigated in our empirical studies, see Section 5

When using a linear outer approximation (the LP relaxation in case of MIP), an important question is whether we should use the optimum of the initial LP relaxation or the LP solution after cutting planes have been applied. As before, cutting planes strengthen the formulation, but it is generally assumed that they tend to produce more fractional LP values. Which relaxation works best in practice shall be examined in the computational experiments in Section 5 .

If RENS is used as a primal heuristic embedded in a complete solver, further modifications are necessary to obtain a good overall performance. When primal heuristics are considered as standalone solving procedures, e.g., the Feasibility Pump [3, 9, 21, 25, 27, 29, the algorithmic design typically aims at finding feasible solutions for as many instances as possible, even if this takes substantial running time. However, if they are used as supplementary procedures inside a complete solver, the overall performance of the solver is the main objective. To this end, it is often worth sacrificing success on a small number of instances for a significant saving in average running time. The Stage 3 (see [27]) of the Feasibility Pump is a typical example of a component that is crucial for its impressive success rate as a standalone algorithm, but it will not be applied when the Feasibility Pump is used inside a complete solver, see [10. RENS principially is an expensive algorithm that solves an $\mathcal{N} \mathcal{P}$-hard problem; therefore, the decision of when to call it
should made carefully to avoid slowing down the overall solving process. The remainder of this section describes some algorithmic enhancements, most of which are concerned with identifying which subproblems are the most promising for calling RENS and on which subproblems it should be skipped.

First, RENS should only be called if the resulting sub-MINLP seems to be substantially easier than the original one. This means that at least a specific ratio of all integer variables, say $r_{1} \in(0,1)$, or a specific ratio of all variables including the continuous ones, say $r_{2} \in(0,1)$, should be fixed. The first criterion limits the difficulty of the discrete part of the sub-MINLP itself, the second one limits the total size of the relaxations that will have to be solved. For example, think of a MIP which consists of 20 integer and 10000 continuous variables. Even if one fixes $50 \%$ of the integer variables, RENS would be a time-consuming heuristic since solving the LPs of the sub-MIP would be nearly as expensive as solving the ones of the original MIP. Since by propagation, fixing integer variables might also lead to fixed continuous variables, e.g., for variable bound constraints, we check the latter criterion only after presolving the subproblem.

Second, the sub-MINLP does not have to be solved to proven optimality. Therefore, we decided to use limits on the solving nodes and the so-called stalling nodes of the sub-MINLP. The absolute solving node limit $l_{1}$ is a hard limit on the maximum number of branch-and-bound nodes that should be processed. The stalling node limit $l_{2}$ indicates how many nodes should at most be processed without an improvement to the incumbent solution of the sub-MINLP.

Third, the partial solution of the sub-MINLP aims at finding a good primal solution quickly. Hence, algorithmic components that mainly improve the dual bound, such as cutting plane separation, and that are computationally very expensive, such as strong branching, can be disabled or reduced to a minimum. Further on this list are conflict analysis, pairwise presolving of constraints, probing and other LNS heuristics. As branching and node selection strategies we use inference branching and best estimate search, see, e.g. [1].

RENS could be either used as a pure start heuristic, calling it exclusively at the root node, or frequently throughout the branch-and-bound search to find rounded solutions of local LP optima. In particular when the integrality of the root LP relaxation falls below the minimum fixing ratio $r_{1}$, it seems reasonable to employ Rens at deeper levels of the tree where the number of fractional variables tends to be smaller. For the case of repeated calls of RENs, we implemented a few strategies to determine the points at which RENS should be called.

How often rens should be called mainly depends on two factors: how expensive is it for a particular instance and how successful has it been in previous calls for that instance? The first can be estimated by the sum $n_{\text {RENS }}$ of branch-and-bound nodes RENS used in previous calls in comparison to $n_{\text {all }}$, the number of branch-and-bound nodes already searched in the master problem. The second can be measured by the success rate $s=\frac{n_{\text {sols }}+1}{n_{\text {calls }}+1}$, where $n_{\text {calls }}$ denotes the number of times RENS has been called and $n_{\text {sols }}$ denotes the number of times it contributed an improving solution, respectively. In our implementation, we computed the stalling nodes limit as

$$
l_{2}=0.3 n_{\text {all }} \cdot s-n_{\text {RENS }}+500-100 n_{\text {calls }}
$$

The last term represents the setup costs for the subproblem which accrue even if subproblem solving terminates quickly. The offset of 500 nodes ensures that the limit is reasonable for the first few calls of RENS. We only start RENS if $l_{2}$ is sufficiently large.

In an LP-based branch-and-bound search, consecutive nodes tend to have similar LP optima. This is due to the similarity of the solved problems as well as to the warm-starting technique of the simplex algorithm which is typically used for this purpose. Since similar LP optima most likely lead to similar results for the quite expensive rens heuristic, it should not be called in consecutive nodes, but the calls should rather be spread equally over the tree. Therefore, we use a call frequency $f$ : RENS only gets called at every $f$-th depth of the tree.

## 4 Experimental setup

This section proposes three computational experiments that evaluate the potential of RENS to find optimal rounded solutions, compare RENS to other rounding heuristics, and demonstrate the impact of rens inside a full-scale branch-and-bound solver. We conduct these experiments on three different test sets of MIPs, MIQCPs, and MINLPs in order to analyze RENS on different classes of mathematical programs. All test sets are compiled from publically available libraries.

Few existing softwares solve nonconvex MINLPs to global optimality, including BARON [46], couenne [8, and LindoGlobal [55]. Others, such as BONmin [20] and SbB [56], guarantee global optimality only for convex problems, but can be used as heuristic solvers for nonconvex problems. For a comprehensive survey of available MINLP solver software, see [24]. Recently, the solver SCIP [2, 57] was extended to solve nonconvex MIQCPs [17] and MINLPs 47] to global optimality. SCIP is currently one of the fastest noncommercial solvers for MIP [36, 41], MIQCP 41] and MINLP 47].

For all computational experiments, we used SCIP 2.1.1.1 compiled with SoPlex 1.6.0 [51, 58] as LP solver, Ipopt 3.10 [48, 54] as NLP solver, and CppAD 20110101 [53] as expression interpreter for evaluating general nonlinear constraints. The results were obtained on a cluster of 64bit Intel Xeon X5672 CPUs at 3.20 GHz with 12 MB cache and 48 GB main memory, running an openSuse 11.4 with a GCC 4.5 .1 compiler. Hyperthreading and Turboboost were disabled. In all experiments, we ran only one job per node to avoid random noise in the measured running time that might be caused by cache-misses if multiple processes share common resources.

Test sets. We used all instances from MIPLIB3.0 [18, MIPLIB2003 [4, and MIPLIB2010 36 ] as MIP test set. We excluded instances air03, ex9, gen, manna81, p0033, vpm1, for which the optimum of the LP relaxation (after SCIP presolving) is already integral, instance stp3d, for which SoPlex cannot solve the LP to optimality within the given time limit and instances sp97ar, mine-166-5, for which SoPlex 1.6.0 fails in computing an optimal LP solution. This leaves 159 instances. We will refer to this test set as MIPLIB.

For MIQCP, we used the test set described in [15] that is comprised of instances from several sources. We excluded instances ex1263, ex1265, sep1, uflquad-30-100, for which the LP optimum is already integral (but in none of the cases feasible for the quadratic constraints), instances nuclear14, isqp1, nuclearva, for which the LP relaxation is unbounded, instance 200bar, for which SoPlex produces an error, 108bar, isqp0, for which SCIP's separation loop has not terminated within the time limit, and those 18 instances that are linear after SCIP presolving, cf. [15. This test set contains 70 instances.

We further tested Rens on general MINLPs from MINLPLib [23, excluding those that are MIQCPs, that are linear after SCIP presolving, or that contain expressions which cannot be handled by scip, e.g., sin and cos. We also excluded 4 stufen, csched1a, st_e35, st_e36, waters, for which the optimum of the LP relaxation is integral, and instances csched2, minlphix, uselinear, for which the LP relaxation is unbounded, leaving 105 instances. It remains to be said that this particular test set is not as heterogeneous as the others, since there are many instances of similar type.

Analyzing roundability and computing optimal roundings. In a first test, we employ RENS to analyze the roundability of an optimal relaxation solution. For this, we run RENS without any node limits or variable fixing thresholds on the test sets described above. A time limit of two hours, however, was set for solving the RENS subproblem.

We used the optimum of the LP relaxation as starting point for the MIP test. We compare the performance of RENS using the "original" LP optimum before the cutting plane separation
loop versus the one after cuts. One question of interest here is how the integrality of the LP solution interacts with the feasibility of the sub-MIP. The desired situation is that the LP solution contains a lot of integral values, but still gives rise to a feasible RENS problem.

For the MIQCP and the MINLP test run, we further evaluate how different types of relaxations, the LP and the NLP relaxation, behave w.r.t. the roundability of their optima and the quality of the rounded solutions. The results shall give an insight into which solutions should be used as starting points for rens and other primal heuristics. Here, the performance in terms of running time of the RENS heuristic has to be weighed up against the success rate and quality of solutions produced with different relaxations.

Evaluating the performance of rounding heuristics. In a second test, we use RENS for the analysis of several rounding heuristics. The results shall give an insight into how often these heuristics find a feasible rounding and how good the quality of this solution is w.r.t. the optimal rounding.

All considered rounding heuristics iteratively round all variables that take a fractional value in the optimum of the relaxation. One rounding is performed per iteration step, without resolving the relaxation.

- Simple Rounding only performs roundings, that maintain feasibility;
- ZI Round conducts roundings, using row slacks to maintain primal feasibility;
- Rounding conducts roundings, that potentially violate some constraints and reduces existing violations by further roundings;

ZI Round and Rounding both are extensions of Simple Rounding. Both are more powerful, but also more expensive in terms of running time.

For more details on ZI Round, see [49, for details on the other rounding heuristics implemented in SCIP, see [10].

Note that these heuristics are quite defensive, in the sense that they often round opposite to the variable's objective function coefficient and sacrifice optimality for feasibility. Hence, we do not expect them to often detect the optimal rounding computed by Rens. The question is rather for how many of the roundable instances these heuristics find any feasible solution and only as a second point how big the gap to the optimal rounding is.

Impact of rens. In a third test, we evaluate the usefulness of RENS when applied as a primal heuristic inside a branch-and-bound solver. For comparison see the RINs algorithm [26], an improvement heuristic which is applied in Cplex and Gurobi. The advantage of rens in comparison to RINS is that it does not require a given primal solution and that it always fixes at least the same number of variables as RINS, if applied to the same relaxation solution. The advantage of RINS is that the RINS subproblem is guaranteed to contain at least one feasible solution, namely the given starting solution.

To assess RENS as a primal heuristic, we run SCIP with RENS applied exclusively as a root node heuristic and SCIP with RENS applied both at the root and throughout the search. For this experiment, we used a reduced version of RENS which requires a minimal percentage of variables to be fixed and which stops after a certain number of branch-and-bound nodes, see Section 3 . For comparison, we ran SCIP with RENS deactivated.

The main criteria to analyze in this test are the impact of RENS on the quality of the primal bound early in the search and the impact of Rens on the overall performance. While we hope for improvements in the former, a major improvement in the latter is not to be expected. Different
studies show that the impact of primal heuristics on time to optimality often is slim. Bixby et al. report a deterioration of only $9 \%$ if deactivating all primal heuristics in CPLEX 6.5, Achterberg [1] presents a performance loss of $14 \%$ when performing a similar experiment with SCIP 0.90 i , in 10 differences of at most $5 \%$ for deactivating single primal heuristics are given. Therefore, a good result for this experiment would be an improvement on the primal bound side, coming with no deterioration to the overall performance.

## 5 Computational results

As a first test, we ran RENS without node or variable fixing limits, to evaluate its potential to find optimal roundings of optimal LP and NLP solutions.

The results for MIP can be seen in Tables 1 and 2 those for MIQCP in Tables 3 and 4 , those for MINLP in Tables 5 and 6. Each table presents the names of the instances, Int, the percentage of integer variables that were fixed by RENS, All, the percentage of all variables that were fixed after presolving of the RENS subproblem, TimeS, the time SCIP needed before RENS was called, Time and Nodes, the running time and the number of branch-and-bound nodes needed to solve the subproblem to optimality, Solution, the best solution found in the RENS subproblem, and Found At, the node in the subproblem's branch-and-bound tree at which it has been found. Note that these values are rounded, e.g., the $100.0 \%$ given in column Int of Table 1 for nw04 represents a ratio of $87460 / 87482$.

If the subproblem was proven to be infeasible or no solution was found within the time limit, this is depicted by an "-" in the column Solution. When the time limit of two hours was hit in the RENS subproblem, this is indicated by the term limit in the Time column. Hence, for all instances that do not hit the time limit, the column Solution depicts the proven optimal rounding of the relaxation solution and "-" indicates that it was proven that no feasible rounding exists. Instances for which the optimal rounding is an optimal solution of the original MINLP are marked by a star.

The correlation between the percentage of fixed variables and the success of RENS is depicted in Figures $3 \sqrt{6}$ Each instance is represented by a cross, with the fixing rate being the x-coordinate, and 0 or 1 representing success or failure as $y$-coordinate. The dotted blue line shows a moving average taken over ten consecutive points and the dashed red line shows a moving average taken over 30 consecutive points. A thin gray line is placed at the average success rate taken over all instances of the corresponding test set.

If we have to average running times or number of branch-and-bound nodes, we use a shifted geometric mean. The shifted geometric mean of values $t_{1}, \ldots, t_{n}$ with shift $s$ is defined as $\sqrt[n]{\prod\left(t_{i}+s\right)}-s$. We use a shift of $s=10$ for time and $s=100$ for nodes in order to reduce the effect of very easy instances in the mean values. Further, using a geometric mean prevents hard instances at or close to the time limit from having a huge impact on the measures. Thus, the shifted geometric mean has the advantage that it reduces the influence of outliers in both directions.

Unless otherwise noted, the term variables always refers to integer variables for the remainder of this section.

Computing optimal roundings: MIP. In Table 1, we see that for roughly one third (55/159) of the instances, more than $90 \%$ of the variables took an integral solution in the optimal LP solution. In contrast to that, there are only 22 instances for which the portion of integral solution values is less than $40 \%$. The average percentage of variables with integral LP solution value is $71.7 \%$. There are a few cases with many continuous variables for which fixing the majority of


Figure 3: Moving averages of success rate, MIPLIB instances, after cuts


Figure 4: Moving averages of success rate, MIPLIB instances, before cuts
the integer variables did not result in a large ratio of all variables being fixed, see, e.g., dsbmip or p5_34. This is the reason that we will use two threshold values for later tests, cf. Section 3 .

For $59.7 \%(95 / 159)$ of the instances, RENs found a feasible rounding of the LP optimum. For 15 of these instances, the RENS subproblem hit the time limit, most of them are from MIPLIB 2010. For the remaining 80 instances, the solutions reported in Table 1 are the optimal roundings of the given starting solutions. For 34 instances, the optimal rounding coincides with the global optimal solution.

We further observe that the success rate is only weakly correlated to the ratio of fixed variables. The success rate on the instances with more than $90 \%$ fixed variables was nearly the same as on the whole testset, namely $58.2 \%$. This is an encouraging result for using RENS as a start heuristic inside a complete solver: very small subproblems contain feasible solutions.

The connection between the fixing rate and the success rate is also depicted in Figure 3 . We see that the success rate decreases slightly, at about $75 \%$ fixed variables, but the difference between low and high fixing rates is not huge.

We further observe that proving the non-existence of a feasible rounding is relatively easy in most cases. For 59 out of 64 infeasible rounding subproblems, infeasibility could be proven in pre-
solving or while root node processing of the subproblem. There is only one instance, pigeon-10, for which proving infeasibility takes more than 600 nodes. The instance neos-1601936 is the only one for which feasibility could not be decided within the given time limit; hence, it is the only instance for which we could not decide whether the optimal LP solution is roundable or not.

The results for using the LP optimum before cutting plane separation are shown in Table 2. Even more instances, 62 compared to 55, have an integral LP solution for more than $90 \%$ of the variables. However, there is one more ( 24 vs .23 ) instance, for which the portion of integral solution values is less than $40 \%$. Contrary to what one might expect, the average percentage of variables with integral LP value is hardly affected by cutting plane separation: it is $73.6 \%$ before separation and $71.7 \%$ after.

The number of instances for which RENS found a solution, however, goes down: 80 instead of 95 , which is only half of the test set. This is particularly due to those instances with many variables that take an integral value. Consequently, the success rate of RENS drops with an increase in the ratio of fixed variables. When Rens is called before cutting planes are added, fewer of the optimal roundings are optimal solutions to the original problem: 20 compared to 34 , when called after cuts.

We conclude that, although the fractionality is about the same, LP solutions before cuts are less likely to be roundable and the rounded solutions are often of inferior quality. In other words: before cutting planes, integral solution values are more likely to be misleading (in the sense that they cannot be extended to a good feasible solution). This is an important result for the design of primal heuristics in general and confirms the observation that primal heuristics work better after cutting plane separation, see, e.g., [29].

Computing optimal roundings: MIQCP. For MIQCP, we tested RENS with LP solutions, see Table 3, and with NLP solutions, see Table 4, as starting points. We also experimented with the LP solution before cuts; the results were much worse and are therefore not shown.

The ratio of integral LP values is smaller compared to the MIP problems: there are only 9 out of 70 instances for which more than $90 \%$ of the variables were integral, but there are 10 instances for which all variables were fractional. Note that this does not necessarily mean that the RENS sub-MIQCP is identical to the original MIQCP, cf. the presence of general integer variables. In this case, the RENS subproblem corresponds to the original problem intersected with the integral lattice-free hypercube around the starting solution. On average, $59.9 \%$ of the variables took an integral value. The success rate of RENS is even better than for MIPs: In 49 out of 70 instances ( $70 \%$ ), RENS found a feasible rounding. Note that this is not due to the 10 instances for which all variables were fractional: three of them also fail. Moreover, the success rate appears not to depend on the percentage of fixed variables, see Figure 5.

Deciding feasibility, however, seems to be more difficult. Out of ten instances hitting the time limit, there were eight for which rens did not find a feasible rounding. For 13 instances, infeasibility of the rounding problem was proven, mostly in presolving or within a few branch-and-bound nodes. Nine times, the optimal rounding was identical to the optimal solution of the MIQCP.

The next observation we made is that the NLP solution tends to be much less integral than the LP solution, on average only $13.8 \%$ of the variables take an integral value, see Table 4 and Figure 5 . This is due to the fact that in our experiments the LP solution was computed with the simplex algorithm which tends to leave variables at their bounds, whereas the NLP solution was computed with an interior point algorithm that tends to choose values from the interior of the variables' domains.

Surprisingly, this did not enhance the roundability. For 48 instances, RENS found a feasible rounding of the NLP optimum, compared to 49 for the LP. Worth mentioning, this was nearly


Figure 5: Moving averages of success rate, MIQCP instances, LP sol., after cuts
the same set of instances, and there were 46 on which both versions found a solution. The solution quality, however, was typically better when using an NLP solution: 27 times the NLP solution yielded a better rounding, only once the LP was superior. 26 times, the optimal rounding was even an optimal solution of the original MIQCP.

The lower fractionality of the NLP relaxation is expressed in a much larger search space. In shifted geometric mean, RENS processed 138 search nodes if starting from an LP solution, 3218 if starting from an NLP solution. The geometric mean of the overall running time (TimeS+Time) is roughly ten times larger: 8.2 vs. 76.3 seconds.

We conclude that the same observation holds as in the MIP case: small subproblems generate high-quality feasible solutions. Although the solution quality is improved by using an NLP relaxation, the computational overhead and the success rate are not encouraging to make this a standard setting if using RENS inside a complete solver.

Computing optimal roundings: MINLP. For MINLP, we again compared two versions of RENS: one using the LP solution and one using the NLP solution as starting point, see Tables 5 and 6, respectively.

The integrality of the LP solutions is comparable to the MIQCP case. On average, $63.5 \%$ of the variables take an integral value; there are 6 out of 105 instances for which more than $90 \%$ of the variables are integral, and only four instances for which all variables are fractional. For this test set, we see a clearer connection between the ratio of fractional variables and the success rate of rens. The more variables are integral, the lower the chance for rens to succeed, see Figure 6 .

For seven instances, the RENS subproblem hit the time limit of two hours, always without having found a feasible solution. Overall, 65 out of $105(62 \%)$ of the LP solutions proved to be roundable, which is similar to the MIP results. In all cases, RENS found the optimal rounding. Generally, RENS needs many more nodes to solve the rounding problem as compared to the other tests.

Using the NLP instead of the LP relaxation slightly increases the success rate: 73 times, RENS finds a feasible rounding. As for MIQCPs, the quality is typically better ( 37 vs. 2 times), which comes with a much lower integrality of $15 \%$ on average, 68 instances having all variables fractional, and a huge increase in running time: a factor of more than five in shifted geometric mean.


Figure 6: Moving averages of success rate, MINLP instances, LP sol., after cuts

Computing optimal roundings: summary. Interestingly, the fractionality and roundability of LP solutions is very similar for MIPs, MIQCPs and MINLPs: on average, only 30-40\% of the variables are fractional and for $60-70 \%$ of the instances RENS found a feasible rounding. We further observed that most often the RENS subproblem could be solved to proven optimality and that the success rate of RENS is only weakly correlated to the fractionality. These three insights are very encouraging for applying RENS as a start heuristic inside a complete solver, see below.

It turned out that the solutions found by Rens are usually better when it is applied after cutting plane separation and that using an NLP instead of an LP relaxation does not give a good trade-off between solution quality and running time.

Analyzing rounding heuristics. Our next experiment compares RENS applied to the LP solution after cuts with the three pure rounding heuristics that are implemented in SCIP. The results for the MIPLIB instances are shown in Table 7 .

As implied by definition, the solutions found by RENS (if the subproblem has been solved to optimality) are always better or equal to the solutions produced by any rounding heuristic. As expected, the solution quality of Rounding and ZI Round is always better or equal to Simple Rounding, and ZI Round often is superior to Rounding. Since Simple Rounding, Rounding, and ZI Round all endeavor to feasibility and neglect optimality, it is not too surprising that there are only three instances, for which Simple Rounding and Rounding find an optimal rounding; four in the case of ZI Round.

A comparison of the number of solutions, however, shows that there is a big discrepancy between the number of instances which have a roundable LP optimum (95) and the number of instances for which these heuristics succeed ( 37 for ZI Round, 36 for Rounding, and 27 for Simple Rounding). Of course, this has to be seen under the fact that these heuristics are much faster than RENS. The maximum running time was attained by Rounding on instance opm2-z7-s2; it was only 0.09 seconds.

For the MIQCP and MINLP test sets, the situation was even more extreme. The rounding heuristics were unable to produce a feasible solution for any of the instances - even though the previous experiments proved that $60-70 \%$ of the LP solutions are roundable. This is most likely due to the special design of these heuristics - they solely work on the LP relaxation - and demonstrates the need for rounding heuristics that take the special requirements of nonlinear constraints into consideration.
rens as primal heuristic inside scip. Finally, we evaluate whether a reduced version of the full RENS algorithm is suited to serve as a primal heuristic applied inside a complete solver. Based on the results from our first experiment, considering the running times and the node numbers at which the RENS subproblems find their optimal solutions, we decided to use $50 \%$ as a threshold value for $r_{1}$, the minimal fixing rate for integer variables, in this run. The minimal fixing rate for all variables $r_{2}$ was set to $25 \%$. We used an absolute node limit $l_{1}$ of 5000 and computed the stalling node limit $l_{2}$ as given in Section 3 Because of the long running times, we refrained from using an NLP relaxation, although it might produce better solutions. We always used the LP solution after cutting planes as a starting solution.

For this experiment, interactions of different primal heuristics among each other and with other solver components come into play. SCIP applies eleven primal heuristics at the root node. Of course, a primal heuristic called prior to RENS might already have found a solution which is better than the optimal rounding, or in an extreme case, the solution process might already terminate before RENS is called. Further, any solution found before RENS is called might change the solution path. It might trigger variable fixings by dual reductions, which lead to a different LP and hence to a different initial situation for RENS.

The results are shown in Tables 810 . We compare SCIP without the RENS heuristic (No RENS) against SCIP with RENS applied at most once at the root node (Root RENS) and SCIP with RENS applied at every tenth depth of the branch-and-bound tree (Tree RENS). Columns Nodes and Time show the number of branch-and-bound nodes and the running time SCIP needs to solve an instance to proven optimality. If a limit was hit, this is indicated by the term limit in the time column and the node number at which the solution process stopped is preceded by a ' $>$ '-symbol. At the bottom of the table, the arithmetic means and the shifted geometric means of the number of branch-and-bound nodes and the running time are given.

First, let us consider the results for MIP, see Table 8. Due to the a-priori limits, RENS was called at the root node for only 124 out of the 160 instances. Out of these, rens found a feasible solution in 63 cases, which corresponds to a success rate of $50 \%$, compared to $59 \%$ without any limits, see above. In 61 cases, this solution was the best solution found at the root node. Considering that there are ten other primal heuristics applied at the root node, this appears to be a very strong result. When Rens was additionally used during search, it was called on 154 instances, finding feasible solutions for 87 of them.

As is typical for primal heuristics, the impact on the overall performance is not huge. Nevertheless, we see that both versions, calling RENS only at the root and all over the tree, give slight decreases in the arithmetic and geometric means of the node numbers and the running time. Both versions were about $3 \%$ faster and took $8 \%$ less nodes in shifted geometric mean. For the time-outed instances, Root RENS and Tree RENS provided a better primal bound than No RENS eight and nine times, respectively, whereas both were inferior in two cases.

For the MIQCP test set, RENS was called at the root for 45 out of 70 instances, finding a feasible solution in 31 cases. This was always the best solution SCIP found at the root node. The overall performance was about the same: the running time stayed constant for Tree RENS and was increased by less than one percent for Root RENS, whereas the number of branch-and-bound nodes was reduced by $7 \%$ and $2 \%$, respectively. When RENS is called during search tree processing, there are four instances with a better primal bound at timeout, once it was worse. For calling RENS exclusively at the root, this ratio was 2:0. Also, there is one instance, namely nuclear14a, for which only Tree RENS provided a feasible solution.

For MINLP, the lower success rate for the root LPs with large ratios of integral variables is confirmed by this experiment. For 45 out of 105 instances, RENS was called, but in only 9 cases it could improve the incumbent solution. Surprisingly, the version that calls RENS during the tree performs really well. There were 42 instances, for which RENS could improve the incumbent
at least once during search, ghg_3veh being the front-runner with 27 improving solutions in 44 calls of RENS.

The overall performance reflects that situation. The Root RENS setting shows the same behavior as No RENS, the running time is nearly equal on average and in geometric mean, the number of branch-and-bound nodes goes down by one percent, there are hardly any instances for which we see any change in performance. For Tree RENS, however, the geometric mean of the running time and the number of branch-and-bound nodes goes down by $8 \%$ and $13 \%$, respectively. One might argue that this is mainly because of enpro48pb and fo8_ar4_1 which show a dramatic improvement in performance. But even if we excluded these two instances (and for fairness reasons also enpro48 and enpro56pb, two outliers in the opposite direction), the mean performance gain is $3 \%$ for running time and $8 \%$ for number of branch-and-bound nodes.

Altogether, these experiments show that RENS, in particular for MIP and MIQCP, helps to improve the primal bound at the root node, and hence the initial gap, before the branch-and-bound search starts. Applying RENS exclusively at the root node had a neutral to slightly positive effect on the overall performance, while giving a user the advantage of finding good solution early. Applying RENS throughout the search was at least as good for all three test sets and showed a nice improvement in the case of MINLP. Hence, this will be used as the default setting for the next version of SCIP. Furthermore, versions of RENS have been recently integrated into BONmin [20] and CBC 52 .

## 6 Conclusion

We introduced RENS, a large neighborhood search algorithm that, given a MIP or an MINLP, solves a subproblem whose solution space is the feasible roundings of a relaxation solution. We showed that most MIP, MIQCP, and MINLP instances have roundable LP and NLP optima and in most cases, the optimal roundings can be computed efficiently. Surprisingly, the roundability seems not to be related to the fractionality of the starting solution. Knowing the optimal roundings provides us with a benchmark for rounding heuristics; we discovered that the rounding heuristics implemented in SCIP often fail in finding a feasible solution, even though the provided starting point is roundable. They rarely find the optimal rounding.

We further investigated the impact of a reduced version of RENS if applied as a primal heuristic inside a complete solver. The impact on the overall performance is minor but measurable, which is typical for primal heuristics. ReNs directly helps to improve the primal bound known at the root node. For MINLP, a version of SCIP that applies RENS frequently during search improved the performance by $8 \%$.

RENS is part of the SCIP standard distribution and employed by default. The implementation presented in this article can be accessed in source code at 57.

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Table 1: Computing optimal roundings for MIPLIB instances, after cuts

| Instance | \% Vars Fixed |  | TimeS | RENS |  | Solution | Found At |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Int | All |  | Time | Nodes |  |  |
| 10teams | 86.9 | 92.6 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| 30n20b8 | 97.3 | 98.1 | 42.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| a1c1s1 | 18.8 | 7.9 | 6.6 | limit | 404552 | 13209.1836 | 271570 |
| acc-tight5 | 58.8 | 78.1 | 6.0 | 0.7 | 0 | - | - |
| aflow30a | 78.9 | 80.4 | 4.4 | 3.6 | 3777 | 1158* | 357 |
| aflow40b | 91.8 | 92.6 | 13.1 | 43.1 | 67215 | 1179 | 19497 |
| air04 | 96.0 | 99.6 | 7.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| air05 | 96.1 | 98.9 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| app1-2 | 96.1 | 48.5 | 52.8 | 115.7 | 598 | - | - |
| arki001 | 85.7 | 68.5 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 1 | - | - |
| ash608gpia-3col | 28.0 | 53.5 | 22.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| atlanta-ip | 88.6 | 97.0 | 59.8 | 2.6 | 27 | 98.0096 | 22 |
| bab5 | 97.2 | 99.4 | 56.3 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| beasleyC3 | 63.7 | 73.4 | 3.5 | 1.5 | 779 | 789 | 428 |
| bell3a | 96.2 | 90.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1 | 878430.316* | 1 |
| bell5 | 72.3 | 77.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| biella1 | 90.5 | 92.0 | 5.6 | limit | 1439186 | 3278480.58 | 904043 |
| bienst2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 1634.4 | 459071 | 54.6* | 49778 |
| binkar10_1 | 48.8 | 48.7 | 0.9 | 270.9 | 407041 | 6746.64 | 89429 |
| blend2 | 90.6 | 90.8 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 35 | 7.599* | 22 |
| bley_xl1 | 27.5 | 64.2 | 226.5 | 3.9 | 18 | 190* | 18 |
| bnatt350 | 50.4 | 66.3 | 4.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| cap6000 | 99.9 | 100.0 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 1 | -2443599 | 1 |
| core2536-691 | 94.6 | 94.8 | 11.5 | 3289.1 | 544659 | 695 | 10446 |
| cov1075 | 25.0 | 25.0 | 0.9 | 35.0 | 10410 | 20* | 506 |
| csched010 | 88.7 | 84.3 | 2.9 | 1.0 | 38 | - | - |
| dano3mip | 67.4 | 64.6 | 30.6 | limit | 14384 | 762.75 | 2737 |
| danoint | 5.4 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 450.3 | 109479 | 65.6667* | 5463 |
| demulti | 29.7 | 21.9 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 180 | 188186.5 | 68 |
| dfn-gwin-UUM | 38.9 | 13.4 | 0.5 | 819.3 | 307149 | 39920 | 4343 |
| disctom | 97.5 | 99.5 | 2.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| ds | 99.0 | 99.4 | 105.5 | 0.6 | 0 | - | - |
| dsbmip | 84.5 | 21.5 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 34 | -305.1982* | 34 |
| egout | 85.7 | 85.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1 | 568.1007* | 1 |
| eil33-2 | 98.5 | 99.7 | 6.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| eilB101 | 88.9 | 99.0 | 13.5 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| enigma | 83.0 | 92.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| enlight13 | 66.6 | 96.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| enlight14 | 68.4 | 95.9 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| fast0507 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 14.3 | 14.4 | 10302 | 177 | 4218 |
| fiber | 91.9 | 95.0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 78 | 411151.82 | 48 |
| fixnet6 | 88.6 | 82.3 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 32 | 3997 | 26 |
| flugpl | 11.1 | 35.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| gesa2 | 88.0 | 82.4 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 5 | 25780031.4* | 3 |
| gesa2-o | 92.9 | 88.9 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 5 | 25780031.4* | 3 |
| gesa3 | 78.6 | 82.0 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 36 | 27991430.1 | 33 |
| gesa3_o | 85.0 | 85.6 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 19 | 27991430.1 | 17 |
| glass4 | 70.8 | 74.4 | 0.3 | 1.6 | 2622 | $2.2666856 \mathrm{e}+09$ | 2491 |
| gmu-35-40 | 93.5 | 93.7 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 61 | -2399398.21 | 57 |
| gt2 | 90.8 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1 | 21166* | 1 |
| harp2 | 91.1 | 98.3 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| iis-100-0-cov | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.6 | 1700.5 | 120842 | 29* | 30 |
| iis-bupa-cov | 57.8 | 57.8 | 8.8 | 3819.8 | 537082 | 36* | 1634 |
| iis-pima-cov | 82.3 | 82.3 | 17.9 | 54.6 | 12823 | 33* | 4545 |
| khb05250 | 66.7 | 32.6 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 7 | 106940226* | 4 |
| I152lav | 97.2 | 99.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| lectsched-4-obj | 28.7 | 31.0 | 6.8 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| liu | 49.0 | 46.2 | 10.8 | limit | 6040599 | 3418 | 4613091 |
| Iseu | 74.4 | 77.9 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 22 | 1148 | 18 |
| m100n500k4r1 | 73.2 | 73.2 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 848 | -22 | 180 |
| macrophage | 43.5 | 45.8 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| map18 | 63.6 | 76.6 | 48.8 | 128.7 | 2896 | -847* | 711 |
| map20 | 63.6 | 75.7 | 38.9 | 104.5 | 2408 | -922* | 888 |
| markshare1 | 76.0 | 76.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 107 | 142 | 59 |
| markshare2 | 78.3 | 78.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 101 | 131 | 94 |
| mas74 | 91.3 | 90.7 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 90 | 14343.468 | 67 |
| mas76 | 91.9 | 91.3 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 42 | 40560.0541 | 35 |

Table 1 continued

| Instance | \% Vars Fixed |  | RENS |  |  | Solution | Found At |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Int | All | TimeS | TimeR | NodesR |  |  |
| mcsched | 15.9 | 18.4 | 3.0 | limit | 1721772 | 213768 | 54512 |
| mik-250-1-100-1 | 62.4 | 62.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 172 | -66729* | 172 |
| mine-90-10 | 20.6 | 27.8 | 4.2 | limit | 2667271 | -784302338* | 2445697 |
| misc03 | 78.3 | 99.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| misc06 | 90.2 | 38.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 19 | 12850.8607* | 17 |
| misc07 | 82.8 | 94.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| mitre | 99.6 | 100.0 | 4.8 | 0.0 | 1 | 115155* | 1 |
| mkc | 92.6 | 93.5 | 2.9 | 0.3 | 389 | -539.866 | 160 |
| mod008 | 94.4 | 94.4 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 19 | 309 | 4 |
| $\bmod 010$ | 98.6 | 100.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| mod011 | 53.1 | 12.6 | 7.2 | 64.1 | 387 | -54219145.9 | 129 |
| modglob | 60.2 | 56.8 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 5795 | 20799458.8 | 4360 |
| momentum1 | 76.7 | 73.0 | 11.8 | 0.2 | 0 | - | - |
| momentum2 | 74.8 | 76.5 | 50.9 | 0.7 | 0 | - | - |
| momentum3 | 78.4 | 77.1 | 1034.8 | 0.5 | 0 | - | - |
| msc98-ip | 82.0 | 85.5 | 145.8 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| mspp16 | 99.0 | 99.1 | 1202.2 | 13.1 | 0 | - | - |
| mzzv11 | 83.4 | 82.9 | 74.8 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| mzzv42z | 86.5 | 86.1 | 75.4 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| n3div36 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 6.7 | 0.1 | 1 | 151600 | 1 |
| n3seq24 | 99.6 | 99.7 | 82.8 | 63.1 | 24054 | 68000 | 3536 |
| n4-3 | 56.9 | 10.0 | 2.8 | limit | 415575 | 9010 | 112840 |
| neos-1109824 | 94.5 | 97.0 | 3.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| neos-1337307 | 45.1 | 45.2 | 4.7 | limit | 767115 | -202133 | 4868 |
| neos-1396125 | 45.0 | 48.0 | 3.5 | 11.4 | 2026 | 3000.0553* | 1867 |
| neos-1601936 | 80.8 | 77.1 | 7.9 | limit | 252812 | - | - |
| neos-476283 | 99.0 | 93.0 | 147.4 | 3.0 | 130 | 406.8123 | 71 |
| neos-686190 | 96.0 | 98.3 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| neos-849702 | 70.8 | 80.0 | 1.6 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| neos-916792 | 87.1 | 89.3 | 13.1 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| neos-934278 | 76.8 | 75.1 | 49.9 | limit | 105271 | 1332 | 9576 |
| neos13 | 78.6 | 78.1 | 26.8 | limit | 75103 | -65.6552 | 51090 |
| neos18 | 70.8 | 78.1 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| net12 | 41.8 | 56.3 | 31.7 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| netdiversion | 96.1 | 99.9 | 301.9 | 1.1 | 0 | - | - |
| newdano | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.9 | limit | 1160686 | 66.5 | 774340 |
| noswot | 47.4 | 64.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| ns1208400 | 78.2 | 82.5 | 6.2 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| ns1688347 | 99.4 | 99.9 | 20.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| ns1758913 | 91.4 | 92.1 | 5385.0 | 6.4 |  | -457.7183 | 5 |
| ns1766074 | 77.8 | 87.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1 | - | - |
| ns1830653 | 57.8 | 72.8 | 4.6 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| nsrand-ipx | 98.3 | 98.4 | 19.7 | 569.0 | 2061551 | 55360 | 31084 |
| nw04 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 14.1 | 0.4 | 0 | - | - |
| opm2-z7-s2 | 9.9 | 10.1 | 10.9 | limit | 52398 | -10271 | 50719 |
| opt1217 | 95.2 | 96.9 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 1 | $-16^{\star}$ | 1 |
| p0201 | 63.1 | 92.8 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 1 | 7805 | 1 |
| p0282 | 71.5 | 72.5 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 1 | 258411* | 1 |
| p0548 | 96.6 | 100.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 1 | 8763 | 1 |
| p2756 | 98.9 | 99.6 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 1 | 3152 | 1 |
| pg5_34 | 97.0 | 46.0 | 3.8 | 1.5 | 7 | -14287.7021 | 4 |
| pigeon-10 | 44.6 | 77.2 | 1.3 | 7.7 | 27538 | - | - |
| pk1 | 72.7 | 46.5 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 460 | 29 | 376 |
| pp08a | 46.9 | 33.8 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 319 | 7360 | 148 |
| pp08aCUTS | 48.4 | 32.1 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 434 | 7370 | 405 |
| protfold | 65.8 | 88.4 | 3.8 | 0.2 | 0 | - | - |
| pw-myciel4 | 58.4 | 60.4 | 7.6 | 0.0 | 0 | ${ }^{-}$ | - |
| qiu | 25.0 | 25.0 | 0.2 | 47.6 | 23791 | -132.8731* | 1149 |
| qnet1 | 92.0 | 95.1 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 1 | 21237.6552 | 1 |
| qnet1_o | 91.7 | 95.0 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 261 | 22600.83 | 168 |
| rail507 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 14.8 | 41.2 | 23871 | 178 | 230 |
| ran16x16 | 71.1 | 71.5 | 1.1 | 138.7 | 464014 | 3846 | 4332 |
| rd-rplusc-21 | 55.5 | 66.0 | 57.7 | 4.3 | 415 | - | - |
| reblock67 | 17.6 | 26.6 | 3.7 | limit | 5552244 | -34629815.5 | 700261 |
| rentacar | 75.0 | 7.6 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 9 | 30356761* | 6 |
| rgn | 96.0 | 54.9 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 1 | 82.2* | 1 |
| rmatr100-p10 | 49.0 | 49.2 | 2.8 | 16.5 | 686 | 424 | 322 |
| rmatr100-p5 | 63.0 | 63.6 | 4.1 | 13.0 | 258 | 976* | 118 |
| rmine6 | 65.5 | 67.0 | 8.2 | 5266.1 | 4687190 | -457.1727 | 811719 |

Table 1 continued

| Instance | \% Vars Fixed |  | RENS |  |  | Solution | Found At |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Int | All | TimeS | TimeR | NodesR |  |  |
| rocll-4-11 | 81.6 | 88.4 | 18.4 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| rococoC10-001000 | 82.1 | 85.8 | 2.7 | 33.5 | 42970 | 12067 | 4679 |
| roll3000 | 65.2 | 78.3 | 2.7 | 0.4 | 94 | 14193 | 12 |
| rout | 83.2 | 93.7 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| satellites1-25 | 89.2 | 99.4 | 68.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| set1ch | 96.2 | 90.2 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 3 | 54537.75* | 2 |
| seymour | 52.7 | 55.5 | 15.1 | limit | 1067621 | 427 | 917345 |
| sp98ic | 99.3 | 99.3 | 4.8 | 12.2 | 37885 | 469766019 | 12687 |
| sp98ir | 93.9 | 96.0 | 3.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| stein27 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 1202 | 18* | 50 |
| stein45 | 17.8 | 17.8 | 0.2 | 0.9 | 3597 | $30^{*}$ | 313 |
| swath | 99.2 | 98.3 | 3.4 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| t1717 | 99.2 | 99.4 | 27.3 | 0.4 | 0 | - | - |
| tanglegram1 | 99.1 | 99.1 | 14.4 | 0.2 | 0 | - | - |
| tanglegram2 | 96.4 | 96.7 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| timtab1 | 14.4 | 15.9 | 0.8 | 8.3 | 16082 | 827609 | 4701 |
| timtab2 | 12.6 | 14.7 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 151 | - | - |
| tr12-30 | 73.6 | 50.7 | 1.5 | 408.3 | 909211 | 131438 | 17370 |
| triptim1 | 87.0 | 99.5 | 127.3 | 0.2 | 0 | - | - |
| unitcal_7 | 81.6 | 59.7 | 63.9 | 2.8 | 1 | - | - |
| vpm2 | 55.4 | 50.8 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 336 | 13.75* | 301 |
| vpphard | 97.6 | 98.1 | 28.4 | 0.6 | 0 | ${ }^{\text {d }}$ - ${ }^{-}$ | - |
| zib54-UUE | 17.5 | 21.5 | 2.6 | limit | 1126102 | 10334015.8* | 392023 |

Table 2: Computing optimal roundings for MIPLIB instances, before cuts

| Instance | \% Vars Fixed |  | RENS |  |  | Solution | Found At |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Int | All | TimeS | Time | Nodes |  |  |
| 10teams | 90.1 | 92.5 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| 30n20b8 | 98.1 | 98.8 | 2.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| a1c1s1 | 15.6 | 10.4 | 3.6 | limit | 2174731 | - | - |
| acc-tight5 | 56.8 | 84.4 | 2.0 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| aflow30a | 92.6 | 97.9 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| aflow40b | 97.2 | 98.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| air04 | 96.1 | 98.2 | 6.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| air05 | 96.4 | 98.7 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| app1-2 | 96.7 | 48.9 | 14.9 | 60.3 | 492 | -23 | 492 |
| arki001 | 84.9 | 72.6 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| ash608gpia-3col | 33.4 | 67.3 | 3.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| atlanta-ip | 88.9 | 97.3 | 30.2 | 1.8 | 196 | 99.0098 | 195 |
| bab5 | 98.8 | 99.1 | 29.0 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| beasleyC3 | 82.4 | 100.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1 | 945 | 1 |
| bell3a | 84.6 | 80.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13 | 878651.068 | 12 |
| bell5 | 70.2 | 87.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1 | 9082700.02 | 1 |
| biella 1 | 90.5 | 92.0 | 5.2 | limit | 1251065 | 3253217.92 | 682395 |
| bienst2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 1133.6 | 514667 | 54.6* | 248177 |
| binkar10_1 | 77.6 | 77.6 | 0.1 | 1.1 | 2688 | 6796.71 | 1565 |
| blend2 | 97.4 | 99.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| bley_xl1 | 47.4 | 82.2 | 171.8 | 0.4 | 11 | 210 | 11 |
| bnatt350 | 58.9 | 59.4 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| cap6000 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 1 | -2442801 | 1 |
| core2536-691 | 94.6 | 94.8 | 11.2 | 5427.0 | 951274 | 695 | 30373 |
| cov1075 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | limit | 1622177 | 20* | 184 |
| csched010 | 94.2 | 91.6 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 1 | - | - |
| dano3mip | 77.5 | 74.4 | 22.1 | limit | 25874 | 761.9286 | 118 |
| danoint | 7.1 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 152.0 | 50018 | 65.6667* | 40513 |
| dcmulti | 35.1 | 41.4 | 0.1 | 9.4 | 40800 | 188182* | 12687 |
| dfn-gwin-UUM | 50.0 | 4.8 | 0.1 | 54.1 | 108721 | 41040 | 20493 |
| disctom | 97.5 | 99.5 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| ds | 99.2 | 99.5 | 27.0 | 0.5 | 0 | - | - |
| dsbmip | 74.1 | 20.6 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 7 | - | - |
| egout | 71.4 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1 | 625.3192 | 1 |
| eil33-2 | 99.3 | 99.9 | 3.6 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| eilB101 | 96.8 | 97.8 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| enigma | 88.0 | 99.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| enlight13 | 99.1 | 99.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| enlight14 | 99.2 | 99.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | ${ }^{-}$ | $5{ }^{-}$ |
| fast0507 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 13.2 | 15.6 | 12207 | 177 | 5197 |
| fiber | 96.2 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| fixnet6 | 96.8 | 90.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3 | 4435 | 3 |
| flugpl | 11.1 | 21.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| gesa2 | 89.7 | 91.6 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 5 | 26038337.6 | 5 |
| gesa2-o | 89.9 | 96.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 6 | 26038337.6 | 5 |
| gesa3 | 81.5 | 88.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 29 | 27991430.1 | 24 |
| gesa3_o | 84.6 | 90.6 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 29 | 27991430.1 | 24 |
| glass4 | 75.8 | 83.9 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 49 | - | - |
| gmu-35-40 | 98.3 | 98.6 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| gt2 | 91.3 | 96.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| harp2 | 97.8 | 99.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| iis-100-0-cov | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 2902.6 | 186105 | 29* | 47 |
| iis-bupa-cov | 55.1 | 55.1 | 1.3 | 6150.5 | 745491 | $36^{*}$ | 1989 |
| iis-pima-cov | 82.1 | 82.1 | 1.8 | 50.7 | 11558 | 33* | 1363 |
| khb05250 | 20.8 | 4.3 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 3364 | 106940226* | 87 |
| I152lav | 97.2 | 99.9 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| lectsched-4-obj | 78.2 | 78.8 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| liu | 51.4 | 48.4 | 36.3 | limit | 8755631 | 4762 | 2865 |
| Iseu | 90.7 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| m100n500k4r1 | 80.0 | 80.0 | -0.0 | 0.5 | 650 | -21 | 102 |
| macrophage | 70.0 | 70.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| map18 | 58.5 | 71.5 | 33.3 | 3299.9 | 61952 | -847* | 52 |
| map20 | 66.1 | 80.4 | 27.0 | 404.2 | 17845 | -922* | 617 |
| markshare1 | 88.0 | 92.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1 | 204 | 1 |
| markshare2 | 88.3 | 88.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3 | 131 | 2 |
| mas74 | 91.9 | 91.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 58 | 14372.8713 | 20 |
| mas76 | 92.6 | 92.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 21 | 40560.0541 | 12 |

Table 2 2 continued

| Instance | \% Vars Fixed |  | RENS |  |  | Solution | Found At |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Int | All | TimeS | TimeR | NodesR |  |  |
| mcsched | 15.8 | 18.2 | 0.9 | limit | 1966420 | 214792 | 1088285 |
| mik-250-1-100-1 | 60.0 | 59.8 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 32 | 0 | 31 |
| mine-90-10 | 20.6 | 27.8 | 3.8 | limit | 2556662 | -782117611 | 1315502 |
| misc03 | 87.0 | 97.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| misc06 | 92.9 | 39.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 43 | 12854.0023 | 33 |
| misc07 | 91.4 | 98.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| mitre | 99.6 | 100.0 | 4.5 | 0.0 | 1 | 116745 | 1 |
| mkc | 97.6 | 99.1 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 1 | -284.55 | 1 |
| mod008 | 98.4 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1 | 308 | 1 |
| $\bmod 010$ | 98.4 | 99.8 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| $\bmod 011$ | 83.3 | 21.2 | 0.6 | 1.6 | 153 | -53656254.1 | 50 |
| modglob | 69.4 | 76.6 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 174 | 20784597.9 | 174 |
| momentum1 | 80.3 | 78.6 | 5.1 | 155.3 | 76443 | 109169.397 | 19330 |
| momentum2 | 78.9 | 83.1 | 26.2 | 0.3 | 0 | - | - |
| momentum3 | 77.3 | 78.4 | 497.4 | 0.6 | 0 | - | - |
| msc98-ip | 86.8 | 89.4 | 6.6 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| mspp16 | 99.9 | 100.0 | 1001.5 | 13.0 | 0 | - | - |
| mzzv11 | 86.4 | 85.7 | 51.5 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| mzzv42z | 88.2 | 87.8 | 51.9 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| n3div36 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 2.0 | 0.1 | 3 | 149800 | 2 |
| n3seq24 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 23.0 | 1.5 | 0 | - | - |
| n4-3 | 74.1 | 31.8 | 0.1 | 359.6 | 215073 | 9395 | 12131 |
| neos-1109824 | 96.8 | 99.9 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| neos-1337307 | 50.0 | 50.1 | 2.4 | 742.6 | 154344 | -202143 | 12623 |
| neos-1396125 | 47.3 | 53.1 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 510 | 3000.0556* | 489 |
| neos-1601936 | 83.7 | 77.2 | 6.5 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| neos-476283 | 99.0 | 93.0 | 141.6 | 2.7 | 121 | 406.8123 | 74 |
| neos-686190 | 96.9 | 99.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| neos-849702 | 74.5 | 80.9 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| neos-916792 | 87.1 | 89.3 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| neos-934278 | 79.5 | 78.0 | 18.6 | limit | 215616 | 346 | 201165 |
| neos13 | 78.2 | 77.7 | 12.2 | 39.6 | 267 | -66.8793 | 267 |
| neos18 | 71.4 | 71.7 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| net12 | 60.4 | 79.8 | 7.9 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| netdiversion | 96.5 | 100.0 | 199.6 | 1.0 | 0 | - | - |
| newdano | 3.6 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1900.2 | 1332691 | 66.8333 | 800380 |
| noswot | 50.5 | 47.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| ns1208400 | 84.1 | 87.6 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| ns1688347 | 65.8 | 77.8 | 8.0 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| ns1758913 | 97.4 | 98.7 | 1437.2 | 1.3 | 41 | -862.2649 | 37 |
| ns1766074 | 77.8 | 86.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7 | - | - |
| ns1830653 | 57.8 | 50.3 | 1.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| nsrand-ipx | 99.0 | 99.2 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 1381 | 61760 | 109 |
| nw04 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 10.4 | 0.4 | 0 | - | - |
| opm2-z7-s2 | 9.9 | 10.1 | 7.6 | limit | 52408 | -10271 | 50719 |
| opt1217 | 96.2 | 98.8 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 13 | -16* | 13 |
| p0201 | 78.5 | 98.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| p0282 | 96.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1 | 320465 | 1 |
| p0548 | 91.7 | 97.8 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| p2756 | 95.6 | 98.8 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| pg5_34 | 12.0 | 0.5 | 28.3 | limit | 5836732 | -14232.4589 | 1862706 |
| pigeon-10 | 69.5 | 99.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| pk1 | 72.7 | 46.5 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 402 | 29 | 247 |
| pp08a | 17.2 | 9.4 | 125.6 | limit | 33411470 | 7360 | 395800 |
| pp08aCUTS | 28.1 | 16.5 | 0.1 | 134.2 | 557900 | 7350* | 29979 |
| protfold | 72.2 | 90.0 | 2.0 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| pw-myciel4 | 46.0 | 56.9 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| qiu | 25.0 | 25.0 | 0.2 | 47.5 | 23791 | -132.8731* | 1149 |
| qnet1 | 96.3 | 99.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 1 | 21396.52 | 1 |
| qnet1_o | 99.2 | 100.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1 | 28462.14 | 1 |
| rail507 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 13.7 | 100.5 | 66744 | 178 | 341 |
| ran16x16 | 92.2 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1 | 4333 | 1 |
| rd-rplusc-21 | 77.9 | 78.8 | 46.0 | 0.2 | 0 | - | - |
| reblock67 | 17.6 | 26.6 | 3.1 | limit | 6367150 | -34629815.5 | 540746 |
| rentacar | 70.8 | 8.4 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 15 | 30356761* | 13 |
| rgn | 85.0 | 48.6 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 109 | 82.2* | 9 |
| rmatr100-p10 | 49.0 | 49.2 | 2.6 | 16.4 | 686 | 424 | 322 |
| rmatr100-p5 | 63.0 | 63.6 | 3.9 | 13.0 | 258 | 976* | 118 |
| rmine6 | 64.7 | 66.9 | 2.3 | 2730.2 | 2638869 | -457.1727 | 1416590 |

Table 2 continued

| Instance | \% Vars Fixed |  | RENS |  |  | Solution | Found At |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Int | All | TimeS | TimeR | NodesR |  |  |
| rocll-4-11 | 85.9 | 89.6 | 14.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| rococoC10-001000 | 93.4 | 100.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 1 | 23730 | 1 |
| roll3000 | 67.5 | 72.3 | 1.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| rout | 88.9 | 93.9 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| satellites1-25 | 90.2 | 98.8 | 35.6 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| set1ch | 45.1 | 44.6 | 1077.1 | limit | 41287842 | - | - |
| seymour | 48.3 | 48.9 | 3.4 | limit | 700335 | 428 | 607424 |
| sp98ic | 99.3 | 99.3 | 2.1 | 19.2 | 70178 | 469766019 | 478 |
| sp98ir | 94.3 | 97.1 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| stein27 | 22.2 | 22.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 224 | 18* | 18 |
| stein45 | 22.2 | 22.2 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 1507 | 30* | 510 |
| swath | 99.3 | 98.7 | 2.6 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| t1717 | 99.2 | 99.4 | 7.4 | 0.4 | 0 | - | - |
| tanglegram1 | 99.2 | 99.2 | 2.0 | 0.2 | 0 | - | - |
| tanglegram2 | 96.9 | 97.1 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| timtab1 | 36.3 | 51.7 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1 | - | - |
| timtab2 | 22.8 | 42.8 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1 | - | - |
| tr12-30 | 7.4 | 6.2 | 70.5 | limit | 11643684 | - | - |
| triptim1 | 87.1 | 99.7 | 103.8 | 0.2 | 0 | - | - |
| unitcal_7 | 80.1 | 48.3 | 29.3 | 0.1 | 0 | - | - |
| vpm2 | 63.9 | 77.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14 | 15.25 | 12 |
| vpphard | 97.8 | 98.0 | 17.1 | 0.2 | 0 | - | - |
| zib54-UUE | 26.3 | 25.4 | 3.4 | limit | 1588278 | 10334015.8* | 64873 |

Table 3: Computing optimal roundings for MIQCP instances, using LP solution, after cuts

| Instance | \% Vars Fixed |  | RENS |  |  | Solution | Found At |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Int | All | TimeS | Time | Nodes |  |  |
| 10bar2 | 77.3 | 76.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 14 | 2691.7039 | 13 |
| 25bar | 83.9 | 49.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 20 | - | - |
| classical_200_0 | 92.0 | 59.8 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 31 | -0.0848 | 26 |
| classical_200_1 | 90.5 | 59.0 | 1.5 | 6.3 | 313 | -0.097 | 195 |
| classical_20_0 | 60.0 | 25.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 15 | -0.0686 | 11 |
| classical_20_1 | 55.0 | 23.3 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 40 | -0.0698 | 16 |
| classical_50_0 | 72.0 | 42.7 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 116 | -0.0818 | 99 |
| classical_50_1 | 82.0 | 49.3 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 69 | -0.0737 | 6 |
| clay 0203 m | 20.0 | 14.8 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 55 | 41573.0147* | 10 |
| clay 0205 m | 35.6 | 32.0 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 341 | 8672.5 | 184 |
| clay 0303 m | 21.1 | 22.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 61 | 41573.0276 | 53 |
| clay 0305 m | 29.4 | 25.9 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 724 | 8488.3117 | 716 |
| du-opt5 | 54.5 | 5.3 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 29 | - | - |
| du-opt | 30.8 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 335 | - | - |
| ex1263 | 69.0 | 69.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 1 | 28.3 | 1 |
| ex1266 | 81.7 | 97.6 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 1 | 21.3 | 1 |
| fac3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 25 | 31982309.8* | 13 |
| feedtray2 | 41.7 | 29.7 | 24.4 | limit | 2358782 | - | - |
| ibell3a | 88.3 | 85.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1 | 878785.031* | 1 |
| icvxqp1 | 99.7 | 100.0 | 454.9 | 0.6 | 1 | 914601 | 1 |
| ilaser0 | 0.0 | 5.7 | 1.2 | limit | 237295 | - | - |
| imod011 | 71.1 | 23.4 | 233.9 | 6341.0 | 345627 | 362636789 | 333111 |
| iportfolio | 80.1 | 64.5 | 4.3 | 283.9 | 26983 | - | - |
| isqp | 62.0 | 2.4 | 3.9 | limit | 97291 | - - | - |
| itointqor | 86.0 | 94.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1 | 53624064.4 | 1 |
| ivalues | 68.8 | 40.9 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 1 | 9026.4463 | 1 |
| meanvarx | 83.3 | 66.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5 | 14.3692* | 4 |
| netmod_dol1 | 16.7 | 16.7 | 1.3 | 4622.7 | 82905 | -0.5562 | 99 |
| netmod_dol2 | 47.4 | 36.1 | 1.9 | 774.4 | 24560 | -0.545 | 3448 |
| netmod_kar1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 1.9 | 327 | -0.4198* | 8 |
| netmod_kar2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 1.8 | 327 | -0.4198* | 8 |
| nous1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 290.7 | limit | 6203637 | - | - |
| nous2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 393.2 | limit | 5777698 | - | - |
| nuclear14a | 83.5 | 63.6 | 16.7 | limit | 94439 | - | - |
| nuclear14b | 92.7 | 71.7 | 2.0 | 3.7 | 111 | - | - |
| nvs19 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 9 | -1098.4* | 9 |
| nvs23 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1 | -1124.2 | 1 |
| product2 | 81.2 | 26.9 | 162.5 | limit | 5890550 | - | - |
| product | 67.4 | 50.4 | 0.7 | 389.8 | 650612 | -2130.6323 | 255299 |
| robust_100_0 | 88.1 | 41.9 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 23 | -0.0888 | 12 |
| robust_100_1 | 86.1 | 41.2 | 0.9 | 1.6 | 123 | -0.0525 | 63 |
| robust_200_0 | 89.6 | 43.8 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 121 | -0.0944 | 20 |
| robust_20_0 | 85.7 | 32.5 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 5 | -0.0759 | 2 |
| robust_50_0 | 82.4 | 37.4 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 38 | -0.0671 | 16 |
| robust_50_1 | 82.4 | 37.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 50 | -0.0714 | 34 |
| shortfall_100_0 | 76.2 | 35.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 45 | -1.0737 | 36 |
| shortfall_100_1 | 83.2 | 39.4 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 33 | -1.0657 | 32 |
| shortfall_200_0 | 88.6 | 43.2 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 45 | -1.0803 | 45 |
| shortfall_20_0 | 71.4 | 25.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 11 | -1.0811 | 10 |
| shortfall_50_0 | 72.5 | 31.9 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 27 | -1.0799 | 21 |
| shortfall_50_1 | 78.4 | 34.8 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 21 | -1.0806 | 18 |
| SLay05H | 67.5 | 60.6 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 33 | 24809.6753 | 31 |
| SLay05M | 55.0 | 43.7 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 33 | 33732.8607 | 9 |
| SLay07M | 71.4 | 48.9 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 63 | 73105.8847 | 33 |
| SLay10H | 41.1 | 38.2 | 19.6 | limit | 754162 | 131656.989 | 105106 |
| SLay10M | 68.3 | 51.9 | 0.4 | 1.9 | 415 | 185502.124 | 392 |
| space25a | 96.7 | 82.5 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 5 | - | - |
| space 25 | 94.6 | 80.1 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 8407 | - | - |
| spectra2 | 80.0 | 70.6 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 26 | 13.9783* | 14 |
| $t \ln 12$ | 48.2 | 52.2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| $t \ln 5$ | 74.3 | 77.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| $t \ln 6$ | 64.6 | 68.8 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| $t \ln 7$ | 42.9 | 49.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| tloss | 69.6 | 82.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| tltr | 25.5 | 39.3 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| uflquad-15-60 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.8 | 2679.7 | 1052 | 1063.1929* | 237 |
| uflquad-20-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 25.1 | limit | 128 | 474.9019 | 64 |

Table 3 continued

| Instance | \% Vars Fixed |  | RENS |  |  | Solution | Found At |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Int | All | TimeS | TimeR | NodesR |  |  |
| uflquad-40-80 | 97.5 | 85.1 | 1.7 | limit | 2 | - |  |
| util | 91.7 | 46.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 10 | 1000.9676 | 10 |
| waste | 97.5 | 91.5 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 426 | 692.7824 | 291 |

Table 4: Computing optimal roundings for MIQCP instances, using NLP solution, after cuts

| Instance | \% Vars Fixed |  | RENS |  |  | Solution | Found At |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Int | All | TimeS | Time | Nodes |  |  |
| 10bar2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 5.1 | 2678 | 1960.4104 | 2571 |
| 25bar | 23.0 | 12.5 | 0.2 | 5.2 | 1199 | 400.3246 | 1192 |
| classical_200_0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 21.5 | limit | 157452 | -0.1042 | 19694 |
| classical_200_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 24.2 | limit | 184429 | -0.1092 | 67634 |
| classical_20_0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1.0 | 1354 | -0.0823* | 834 |
| classical_20_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.0 | 2.4 | 1835 | -0.0757* | 1747 |
| classical_50_0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 784.7 | 199803 | -0.0907* | 133471 |
| classical_50_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 61.8 | 20511 | -0.0948* | 17026 |
| clay 0203 m | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 110 | 41573.0265* | 95 |
| clay 0205 m | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 3.0 | 10442 | 8092.5* | 1759 |
| clay 0303 m | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 167 | 26669.0752 | 156 |
| clay 0305 m | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 6.1 | 17597 | 8092.5* | 1579 |
| du-opt5 | 45.5 | 5.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 25 | - | - |
| du-opt | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 34.0 | 6827 | - | - |
| ex1263 | 45.1 | 52.7 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 70 | 20.3 | 49 |
| ex1266 | 65.9 | 69.6 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 40 | 16.3 * | 40 |
| fac3 | 8.3 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 23 | 31982309.8* | 13 |
| feedtray2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 247.5 | 96287 | $0^{\star}$ | 96287 |
| ibell3a | 60.0 | 82.8 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1 | 879009.262 | 1 |
| icvxqp1 | 97.6 | 98.1 | 580.3 | 0.6 | 1 | 375878 | 1 |
| ilaser0 | 0.0 | 7.7 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| imod011 | - | - | 1346.6 | - | - | - | - |
| iportfolio | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.9 | limit | 276015 | - | - |
| isqp | 0.0 | 0.0 | 331.7 | limit | 800472 | - | - |
| itointqor | 0.0 | 0.0 | 60.4 | limit | 31848641 | -1145.95 | 30734174 |
| ivalues | 51.5 | 6.4 | 0.7 | 45.2 | 262102 | -1.1657* | 20497 |
| meanvarx | 58.3 | 56.7 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 5 | 14.3692* | 4 |
| netmod_dol1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.8 | limit | 70283 | -0.56* | 197 |
| netmod_dol2 | 24.4 | 24.1 | 4.7 | 12.3 | 365 | -0.5208 | 216 |
| netmod_kar1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 1.9 | 327 | -0.4198* | 8 |
| netmod_kar2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1.9 | 327 | -0.4198* | 8 |
| nous1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 295.1 | limit | 6189939 | - | - |
| nous2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 401.9 | limit | 5775976 | - | - |
| nuclear14a | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18.4 | limit | 98876 | - | - |
| nuclear14b | 0.0 | 0.0 | 39.2 | limit | 122109 | - | - |
| nvs19 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 53 | -1098.2 | 52 |
| nvs23 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 75 | -1124.8 | 73 |
| product2 | 9.4 | 11.5 | 226.2 | limit | 5344387 | - | - |
| product | 67.4 | 41.6 | 159.1 | limit | 3714246 | - | - |
| robust_100_0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 36.0 | limit | 643608 | -0.0964 | 432103 |
| robust_100_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 28.5 | limit | 749339 | -0.0716 | 500948 |
| robust_200_0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20.3 | limit | 194374 | -0.1359 | 57193 |
| robust_20_0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 11 | -0.0798* | 6 |
| robust_50_0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 270 | -0.0861* | 156 |
| robust_50_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 12.3 | 3064 | -0.0857* | 754 |
| shortfall_100_0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 51.8 | limit | 418270 | -1.1023 | 57765 |
| shortfall_100_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 60.5 | limit | 459850 | -1.094 | 168978 |
| shortfall_200_0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 32.9 | limit | 130390 | -1.1096 | 10874 |
| shortfall_20_0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 624 | -1.0905* | 157 |
| shortfall_50_0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 74.0 | limit | 1248837 | -1.095 | 930028 |
| shortfall_50_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 1975.5 | 520190 | -1.1018* | 427638 |
| SLay05H | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 7.0 | 3094 | 22664.678* | 1400 |
| SLay05M | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 878 | 22664.6781* | 536 |
| SLay07M | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 59.6 | 29886 | 64748.8243* | 9877 |
| SLay10H | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18.5 | limit | 468624 | 130031.675 | 129100 |
| SLay10M | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16.4 | limit | 834497 | 129771.879 | 740342 |
| space25a | 41.7 | 32.5 | 0.3 | limit | 6254 | - | - |
| space25 | 41.7 | 34.4 | 0.5 | limit | 894 | - | - |
| spectra2 | 80.0 | 70.6 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 26 | 13.9783* | 14 |
| $\mathrm{t} \ln 12$ | 2.4 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| $t \ln 5$ | 22.9 | 40.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| $t \ln 6$ | 18.8 | 35.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| $t \ln 7$ | 19.0 | 31.7 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| tloss | 69.6 | 82.6 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| tltr | 27.7 | 73.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| uflquad-15-60 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.9 | 2701.2 | 1052 | 1063.1929* | 237 |
| uflquad-20-50 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 25.1 | limit | 128 | 474.9019 | 64 |

Table 4 continued

| Instance | \% Vars Fixed |  | RENS |  |  | Solution | Found At |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Int | All | TimeS | TimeR | NodesR |  |  |
| uflquad-40-80 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.0 | limit | 1083 | - | - |
| util | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 455 | 999.5788* | 224 |
| waste | 86.3 | 75.1 | 401.5 | limit | 13736796 | - | - |

Table 5: Computing optimal roundings for MINLP instances, using LP solution, after cuts

| Instance | \% Vars Fixed |  | TimeS | RENS |  | Solution | Found At |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Int | All |  | Time | Nodes |  |  |
| beuster | 76.5 | 40.2 | 118.1 | 7049.7 | 15735321 | - | - |
| cecil_13 | 25.0 | 19.4 | 18.5 | 7010.4 | 6032779 | -115599.148 | 6497 |
| chp_partload | 35.7 | 2.8 | 4.5 | 7158.7 | 13536 | - | - |
| contvar | 89.7 | 13.6 | 2.6 | limit | 89028 | - | - |
| csched1 | 95.0 | 78.7 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 45 | -29775.9885 | 45 |
| csched2a | 60.0 | 38.5 | 76.1 | 7059.7 | 5436390 | -94800.4303 | 2043936 |
| eg_all_s | 28.6 | 53.0 | 589.3 | 6598.6 | 80557 | - | - |
| eg_disc2_s | 0.0 | 13.4 | 286.4 | 6970.9 | 22 | - | - |
| eg_disc_s | 50.0 | 36.6 | 316.1 | 6886.8 | 858 | - | - |
| eg_int_s | 0.0 | 14.3 | 501.2 | 6723.7 | 5 | - | - |
| eniplac | 30.4 | 26.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 151 | -132117.083* | 37 |
| enpro48 | 80.4 | 77.3 | 0.1 | 15.5 | 111594 | 241150.752 | 111594 |
| enpro48pb | 79.3 | 71.4 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 4634 | 264032.12 | 4634 |
| enpro56 | 67.1 | 56.0 | 0.2 | 17.7 | 147897 | 279702.866 | 147897 |
| enpro56pb | 65.7 | 53.6 | 0.1 | 5.4 | 41063 | 279704.1 | 41063 |
| ex1233 | 20.0 | 7.2 | 1.6 | limit | 189292 | - | - |
| ex1244 | 40.0 | 36.7 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 28 | 84035.1235 | 23 |
| ex1252a | 77.8 | 57.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| ex1252 | 71.4 | 55.4 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 5342 | - | - |
| feedtray | 42.9 | 1.2 | 68.9 | 7115.3 | 874824 | - | - |
| fo7_2 | 19.0 | 9.8 | 0.1 | 3.3 | 14805 | 17.7493* | 627 |
| fo7_ar2_1 | 24.4 | 12.3 | 0.1 | 291.9 | 2381312 | 26.9425 | 2381312 |
| fo7_ar25_1 | 36.6 | 18.5 | 0.1 | 0.4 | 755 | 25.6421 | 326 |
| fo7_ar3_1 | 43.9 | 22.2 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 976 | 25.6421 | 316 |
| fo7_ar4_1 | 29.3 | 14.8 | 0.1 | 2.3 | 9622 | 24.3794 | 4178 |
| fo7_ar5_1 | 34.1 | 17.3 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 2147 | 19.6229 | 566 |
| fo7 | 16.7 | 8.5 | 0.0 | 120.9 | 558800 | 30.6572 | 382347 |
| fo8_ar2_1 | 36.4 | 20.8 | 0.2 | 2.1 | 6262 | 41.8507 | 3493 |
| fo8_ar25_1 | 16.4 | 8.9 | 0.2 | 108.1 | 453566 | 28.0452* | 84041 |
| fo8_ar3_1 | 38.2 | 20.8 | 0.1 | 2.9 | 8133 | - | - |
| fo8_ar4_1 | 30.9 | 16.8 | 0.1 | 146.9 | 975930 | 32.5005 | 968495 |
| fo8_ar5_1 | 30.9 | 16.8 | 0.2 | 6.1 | 21065 | 24.4077 | 3434 |
| fo8 | 21.4 | 11.8 | 0.2 | 592.2 | 2279417 | 37.2612 | 216937 |
| fo9_ar2_1 | 23.9 | 13.8 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 5290 | 45.8141 | 3577 |
| fo9_ar25_1 | 35.2 | 20.3 | 0.2 | 15.5 | 46324 | 32.6795 | 23480 |
| fo9_ar3_1 | 22.5 | 13.0 | 0.1 | 598.5 | 1658625 | 37.5937 | 8325 |
| fo9_ar4_1 | 25.4 | 14.6 | 0.2 | 879.3 | 2599259 | 37.1576 | 29588 |
| fo9_ar5_1 | 28.2 | 16.3 | 0.2 | 65.9 | 196069 | 26.9217 | 134598 |
| fo9 | 19.4 | 11.3 | 34.7 | 7053.4 | 20841677 | 34.6228 | 6480181 |
| fuzzy | 71.8 | 42.6 | 86.8 | 7126.7 | 4547053 | - | - |
| gasnet | 50.0 | 23.6 | 0.1 | limit | 3063 | - | - |
| ghg_1veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 386.4 | 7108.6 | 6426635 | - | - |
| ghg_2veh | 18.8 | 7.6 | 109.5 | 7130.6 | 1936310 | - | - |
| ghg_3veh | 51.4 | 21.3 | 37.6 | 7163.3 | 1587865 | - | - |
| hda | 28.6 | 18.0 | 6.6 | limit | 588838 | - | - |
| m6 | 3.3 | 1.6 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 11390 | 82.2569* | 3883 |
| m7_ar2_1 | 13.3 | 5.9 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 10467 | 195.035 | 9794 |
| m7_ar25_1 | 18.8 | 8.6 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 443 | 143.585* | 204 |
| m7_ar3_1 | 34.2 | 17.1 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 772 | 152.5792 | 330 |
| m7_ar4_1 | 34.1 | 17.7 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 730 | 130.46 | 287 |
| m7_ar5_1 | 26.8 | 13.9 | 0.1 | 1.0 | 4354 | 148.6199 | 1740 |
| m7 | 33.3 | 17.5 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 341 | 126.4312 | 196 |
| mbtd | - | - | limit | - | - | - | - |
| no7_ar2_1 | 36.6 | 17.2 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 1772 | 150.7814 | 740 |
| no7_ar25_1 | 26.8 | 12.6 | 0.0 | 2.7 | 9032 | 107.8663 | 7186 |
| no7_ar3_1 | 26.8 | 12.6 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 3223 | 119.3432 | 2131 |
| no7_ar4_1 | 43.9 | 20.7 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 3492 | 117.8947 | 2278 |
| no7_ar5_1 | 24.4 | 11.5 | 0.1 | 28.6 | 104622 | 100.8113 | 10082 |
| nvs09 | 60.0 | 55.0 | 534.1 | 6969.9 | 77479321 | -11.1518 | 15924294 |
| nvs20 | 20.0 | 6.1 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 1948 | 230.9221* | 1580 |
| o7.2 | 31.0 | 14.4 | 0.1 | 8.6 | 33559 | 129.4105 | 2060 |
| o7_ar2_1 | 31.7 | 14.6 | 0.2 | 2.8 | 10741 | 140.4119* | 188 |
| o7_ar25_1 | 36.6 | 16.9 | 0.1 | 29.0 | 182612 | 143.1372 | 182612 |
| o7_ar3_1 | 26.8 | 12.4 | 0.1 | 10.9 | 34069 | - | - |
| o7_ar4_1 | 26.8 | 12.4 | 0.1 | 7.2 | 27844 | 143.8912 | 24195 |
| o7_ar5_1 | 46.3 | 21.3 | 0.1 | 31.0 | 213317 | 135.7148 | 213317 |
| o7 | 19.0 | 8.9 | 0.1 | 428.8 | 1812739 | 139.4551 | 207218 |

Table 5 continued

|  | \% Vars Fixed |  |  |  | RENS | NodesR |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

Table 6: Computing optimal roundings for MINLP instances, using NLP solution, after cuts

| Instance | \% Vars Fixed |  | RENS |  |  | Solution | Found At |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Int | All | TimeS | Time | Nodes |  |  |
| beuster | - | - | 0.1 | - | - | - | - |
| cecil_13 | 37.5 | 30.8 | 1.2 | 775.6 | 1225350 | -115630.852 | 720438 |
| chp_partload | 21.4 | 1.5 | 17.6 | 7146.9 | 9859 | - | - |
| contvar | - | - | 1.9 | - | - | - | - |
| csched1 | 26.7 | 20.0 | 0.1 | 6864.6 | 51911752 | -30639.353* | 510093 |
| csched2a | 60.0 | 52.2 | 3.6 | limit | 58208 | - | - |
| eg_all_s | 85.7 | 83.1 | 682.2 | 6529.9 | 1220160 | - | - |
| eg_disc2_s | - | - | 798.3 | - | - | - | - |
| eg_disc_s | - | - | 546.0 | - | - | - | - |
| eg_int_s | - | - | 1011.3 | - | - | 130450.77 | - |
| eniplac | 47.8 | 42.6 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 28 | -130450.77 | 22 |
| enpro48 | 82.6 | 73.4 | 0.1 | 3.5 | 28731 | 198547.396 | 28731 |
| enpro48pb | 82.6 | 73.4 | 0.2 | 2.3 | 17748 | 198547.384 | 17748 |
| enpro56 | 68.6 | 56.8 | 0.2 | 8.0 | 75178 | 271493.619 | 75178 |
| enpro56pb | 68.6 | 56.8 | 0.1 | 4.7 | 41949 | 271496.644 | 41949 |
| ex1233 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 436.5 | 7042.5 | 8215104 | - | - |
| ex1244 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 562 | 82042.2724* | 307 |
| ex1252a | 0.0 | 60.0 | 4.0 | 0.0 | 0 | - | - |
| ex1252 | 28.6 | 33.9 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 317 | 131123.771 | 292 |
| feedtray | 14.3 | 0.4 | 25.3 | limit | 406512 | - | - |
| fo7_2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 135.9 | 704358 | 17.7493* | 2293 |
| fo7_ar2_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 46.8 | 247054 | 24.8398* | 19889 |
| fo7_ar25_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 24.6 | 115558 | 23.0936* | 105003 |
| fo7_ar3_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 136.1 | 668929 | 22.5175* | 17122 |
| fo7_ar4_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 155.0 | 733240 | 20.7298* | 350369 |
| fo7_ar5_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 151.7 | 767719 | 17.7493* | 68937 |
| fo7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 497.1 | 2372596 | 20.7298* | 240205 |
| fo8_ar2_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 934.6 | 3788852 | 30.3406* | 1263812 |
| fo8_ar25_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1106.3 | 4787074 | 28.0452* | 1555470 |
| fo8_ar3_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 231.3 | 898814 | 23.9101* | 126001 |
| fo8_ar4_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 234.6 | 969121 | 22.3819* | 214458 |
| fo8_ar5_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1432.4 | 5813287 | 22.3819* | 1898654 |
| fo8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.5 | 7001.8 | 26796040 | 22.3819* | 316351 |
| fo9_ar2_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.1 | 7024.9 | 22193275 | 32.625* | 1452885 |
| fo9_ar25_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 24.3 | 7023.6 | 22803832 | 32.25 | 20506093 |
| fo9_ar3_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1052.7 | 3352680 | 24.8155* | 336767 |
| fo9_ar4_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16.7 | 7033.6 | 28964871 | 23.4643* | 1012573 |
| fo9_ar5_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 13.7 | 7024.4 | 20112356 | 23.4643* | 1774865 |
| fo9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 30.3 | 7040.1 | 22676841 | 26.4643 | 15213281 |
| fuzzy | 16.4 | 6.3 | 7.8 | 0.0 | 3 | - | - |
| gasnet | 90.0 | 39.9 | 6.3 | limit | 191339 | - | - |
| ghg_1veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 382.9 | 7085.1 | 6381143 | - | - |
| ghg_2veh | 0.0 | 0.0 | 56.0 | 7146.3 | 1083873 | - | - |
| ghg_3veh | 17.1 | 21.3 | 33.2 | 7164.7 | 1775681 | - | - |
| hda | 14.3 | 7.1 | 32.8 | 7149.4 | 1682642 | - | - |
| m6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 4.1 | 24562 | 82.2569* | 6680 |
| m7_ar2_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 2.1 | 10276 | 190.235* | 3930 |
| m7_ar25_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1.1 | 3726 | 143.585* | 138 |
| m7_ar3_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 6.3 | 28008 | 143.585* | 1817 |
| m7_ar4_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 9.3 | 44016 | 106.7569* | 15850 |
| m7_ar5_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 32.8 | 173785 | 106.46* | 53909 |
| m7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 8.2 | 48013 | 106.7569* | 20018 |
| mbtd | - | - | limit | - | - | - | - |
| no7_ar2_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 219.9 | 1033148 | 107.8153* | 325747 |
| no7_ar25_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 379.1 | 1545736 | 107.8153* | 548721 |
| no7_ar3_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 506.6 | 1988914 | 107.8153* | 118955 |
| no7_ar4_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 2571.1 | 13791699 | 98.5184* | 9316640 |
| no7_ar5_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 3548.9 | 14641250 | 90.6227* | 2261480 |
| nvs09 | - | - | 0.2 | - | - | - | - |
| nvs20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.2 | 1668 | 230.9221* | 1585 |
| o7_2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 42.7 | 7032.6 | 26786207 | 116.9459* | 19601790 |
| o7_ar2_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 403.4 | 1959250 | 140.4119* | 360093 |
| o7_ar25_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 1184.8 | 4608236 | 140.7327 | 293836 |
| o7_ar3_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 2486.6 | 9747119 | 137.9318* | 3672646 |
| o7_ar4_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.4 | 7040.1 | 26611055 | 131.6531* | 3627436 |
| o7_ar5_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 6992.7 | 30028960 | 116.9458* | 3480829 |
| -7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 27.8 | 7014.7 | 26516141 | 131.6531* | 544651 |

Table 6 continued

| Instance | \% Vars Fixed |  |  | RENS |  | Solution | Found At |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Int | All | TimeS | TimeR | NodesR |  |  |
| o8_ar4_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 23.1 | 7088.4 | 18402307 | 245.4744 | 8887518 |
| o9_ar4_1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 46.7 | 7025.3 | 19840728 | 250.1082 | 9730833 |
| oil2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 35.8 | 7133.9 | 1001767 | - | - |
| oil | 0.0 | 0.1 | 33.7 | 7149.0 | 119377 | - | - |
| parallel | 20.0 | 14.7 | 14.4 | limit | 900521 | 924.225 | 834864 |
| pump | 33.3 | 40.0 | 0.9 | 5.7 | 146 | 131123.769 | 143 |
| risk2b | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 53 | -55.8761* | 25 |
| spring | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 44 | 0.9876 | 34 |
| st_e32 | 83.3 | 40.6 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 1 | - | - |
| stockcycle | 24.3 | 21.8 | 2.6 | 7159.6 | 6417875 | 128864.597 | 3237213 |
| super1 | 16.1 | 1.1 | 13.5 | 0.0 | 1 | - | - |
| super2 | 16.1 | 1.2 | 10.8 | 0.0 | 1 | - | - |
| super3 | 21.6 | 2.7 | 16.6 | 0.0 | 1 | - | - |
| super3t | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.4 | 7196.9 | 48370 | - | - |
| synheat | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.6 | limit | 512341 | - | - |
| synthes1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5 | 6.0098* | 4 |
| synthes2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16 | 73.0353* | 12 |
| synthes3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 11.4 | 172409 | 68.0098* | 172409 |
| tls12 | 29.6 | 67.2 | 45.9 | 7125.8 | 8583097 | - | - |
| tls4 | 27.1 | 28.2 | 0.3 | 14.0 | 85190 | 11.5 | 4135 |
| tls5 | 34.4 | 36.4 | 0.4 | 136.8 | 663149 | 12.1 | 49484 |
| tls6 | 45.5 | 50.7 | 0.3 | 275.6 | 1106419 | - | - |
| tls7 | 72.4 | 78.5 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 965 | - | - |
| water3 | 3.6 | 6.3 | 51.4 | 6929.7 | 20651925 | 908.5771 | 11154642 |
| waterful2 | 64.3 | 58.0 | 233.9 | 6956.7 | 21237400 | 1727.7383 | 12114 |
| watersbp | 3.6 | 6.3 | 139.1 | 6965.6 | 21701297 | 926.9473 | 1393039 |
| watersym1 | 42.9 | 38.0 | 41.6 | 6934.4 | 24032000 | 945.8494 | 823376 |
| watersym2 | 50.0 | 41.2 | 0.6 | 1649.9 | 5395774 | 955.728 | 1697926 |
| waterx | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.4 | 6967.9 | 983262 | - | - |
| detf1 | 41.0 | 0.6 | 1599.0 | 5649.0 | 608 | - | - |
| gear2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 896 | -0* | 896 |
| gear3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5 | 0* | 4 |
| gear4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5 | 333.1514 | 4 |
| gear | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5 | 0* | 4 |
| johnall | 0.0 | 0.0 | 63.6 | 8.2 | 1 | $-224.730{ }^{\text {* }}$ | 1 |
| saa_2 | 41.0 | 0.6 | 1601.4 | 5649.3 | 608 | - | - |
| water4 | 64.3 | 54.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 2430 | 1008.4471 | 1819 |
| waterz | 65.1 | 44.4 | 0.6 | 36.6 | 98729 | 2600.6081 | 98389 |

Table 7: Analyzing rounding heuristics for MIPLIB instances

| Instance | RENS | ZI Round | Rounding | Simple Rounding |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10teams | - | - | - | - |
| 30 n 20 b 8 | - | - | - | - |
| a1c1s1 | 13209.184 | - | - | - |
| acc-tight5 | - | - | - | - |
| aflow30a | 1158 | - | - | - |
| aflow40b | 1179 | - | - | - |
| air04 | - | - | - | - |
| air05 | - | - | - | - |
| app1-2 | - | - | - | - |
| arki001 | - | - | - | - |
| ash608gpia-3col | - | - | - | - |
| atlanta-ip | 98.009586 | - | - | - |
| beasleyC3 | 789 | 1690 | 1730 | 1730 |
| bab5 | - | - | - | - |
| bell3a | 878430.32 | 880414.28 | - | - |
| bell5 | - | - | - | - |
| biella 1 | 3278480.6 | - | - | - |
| bienst2 | 54.6 | - | - | - |
| binkar10_1 | 6746.64 | - | - | - |
| blend2 | 7.598985 | - | - | - |
| bley-x11 | 190 | - | - | - |
| bnatt350 | - | - | - | - |
| cap6000 | -2443599 | -2443599 | -2441736 | -2441736 |
| core2536-691 | 695 | 1103 | 1651 | - |
| cov1075 | 20 | 43 | 90 | 90 |
| csched010 | - | - | - | - |
| dano3mip | 762.75 | - | - | - |
| danoint | 65.666667 | - | - | - |
| dcmulti | 188186.5 | - | - | - |
| dfn-gwin-UUM | 39920 | 199352 | 209984 | 209984 |
| disctom | - | - | - | - |
| ds | - | - | - | - |
| dsbmip | -305.19817 | - | - | - |
| egout | 568.1007 | 597.46403 | 597.46403 | 597.46403 |
| eil33-2 | - | - | - | - |
| eilB101 | - | - | - | - |
| enigma | - | - | - | - |
| enlight13 | - | - | - | - |
| enlight14 | - | - | - | - |
| fast0507 | 177 | 315 | 540 | 540 |
| fiber | 411151.82 | - | - | - |
| fixnet6 | 3997 | 10723.928 | 10723.928 | 10723.928 |
| flugpl | - | - | - | - |
| gesa2-o | 25780031 | - | - | - |
| gesa2 | 25780031 | - | - | - |
| gesa3 | 27991430 | - | - | - |
| gesa3_o | 27991430 | - | - | - |
| glass4 | $2.2666856 \mathrm{e}+09$ | - | - | - |
| gmu-35-40 | -2399398.2 | - | - | - |
| gt2 | 21166 | 21166 | - | - |
| harp2 | - | - | - | - |
| iis-100-0-cov | 29 | 55 | 100 | 100 |
| iis-bupa-cov | 36 | 71 | 144 | 144 |
| iis-pima-cov | 33 | 66 | 130 | 130 |
| khb05250 | $1.0694023 \mathrm{e}+08$ | $1.1688827 \mathrm{e}+08$ | $1.1688827 \mathrm{e}+08$ | $1.1688827 \mathrm{e}+08$ |
| I152lav | - | - | - | - |
| lectsched-4-obj | - | - | - | - |
| liu | 3418 | - | - | - |
| Iseu | 1148 | - | - | - |
| m100n500k4r1 | -22 | -9 | 0 | 0 |
| macrophage | - | - | - | - |
| map18 | -847 | - | - | - |
| map20 | -922 | - | - | - |
| markshare1 | 142 | 584 | 2108 | 2108 |
| markshare2 | 131 | 531 | 2288 | 2288 |
| mas74 | 14343.468 | - | - |  |
| mas76 | 40560.054 | - | - | - |
| mcsched | 213768 | - | - | - |

Table 7 continued

| Instance | RENS | ZI Round | Rounding | Simple Rounding |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mik-250-1-100-1 | -66729 | -66409 | -66409 | -66409 |
| mine-90-10 | $-7.8430234 \mathrm{e}+08$ | - | - | - |
| misc03 | - | - | - | - |
| misc06 | 12850.861 | 12920.927 | 12920.927 | 12920.927 |
| misc07 | - | - | - | - |
| mitre | 115155 | - | - | - |
| mkc | -539.866 | - | - | - |
| mod008 | 309 | 452 | 1212 | 1212 |
| mod010 | - | - | - | - |
| mod011 | -54219146 | - | - | - |
| modglob | 20799459 | 21051934 | 21051934 | 21051934 |
| momentum1 | - | - | - | - |
| momentum2 | - | - | - | - |
| momentum3 | - | - | - | - |
| msc98-ip | - | - | - | - |
| mspp16 | - | - | - | - |
| mzzv11 | - | - | - | - |
| mzzv42z | - | - | - | - |
| n3div36 | 151600 | 230600 | 562600 | - |
| n3seq24 | 68000 | - | - | - |
| n4-3 | 9010 | 20686.357 | 23686.357 | 23686.357 |
| neos-1109824 | - | - | - | - |
| neos-1337307 | -202133 | - | - | - |
| neos-1396125 | 3000.0553 | - | - | - |
| neos13 | -65.655161 | - | - | - |
| neos-1601936 | - | - | - | - |
| neos18 | - | - | - | - |
| neos-476283 | 406.81233 | - | - | - |
| neos-686190 | - | - | - | - |
| neos-849702 | - | - | - | - |
| neos-916792 | - | - | - | - |
| neos-934278 | 1332 | - | - | - |
| net12 | - | - | - | - |
| netdiversion | - | - | - | - |
| newdano | 66.5 | - | - | - |
| noswot | - | - | - | - |
| ns1208400 | - | - | - | - |
| ns1688347 | - | - | - | - |
| ns1758913 | -457.71835 | - | - | - |
| ns1766074 | - | - | - | - |
| ns1830653 | - | - | - | - |
| nsrand-ipx | 55360 | - | 114560 | - |
| nw04 | - | - | - | - |
| opm2-z7-s2 | -10271 | -3937 | - | - |
| opt1217 | -16 | - | - | - |
| p0201 | 7805 | - | - | - |
| p0282 | 258411 | 400676 | 373318 | - |
| p0548 | 8763 | - | - | - |
| p2756 | 3152 | - | - | - |
| pg5_34 | -14287.702 | - | - | - |
| pigeon-10 | - | - | - | - |
| pk1 | 29 | - | - | - |
| pp08a | 7360 | 12657.971 | 12657.971 | 12657.971 |
| pp08aCUTS | 7370 | 13128.015 | 13128.015 | 13128.015 |
| protfold | - | - | - | - |
| pw-myciel4 | - | - | - | - |
| qiu | -132.87314 | 1805.1771 | 1805.1771 | 1805.1771 |
| qnet1 | 21237.655 | - | - | - |
| qnet1_o | 22600.83 | - | 45561.556 | - |
| rail507 | 178 | 319 | 550 | - |
| ran16×16 | 3846 | 10305.599 | 10305.599 | 10305.599 |
| reblock67 | -34629816 | - | - | - |
| rd-rplusc-21 | - | - | - | - |
| rentacar | 30356761 | - | - | - |
| rgn | 82.199998 | - | - | - |
| rmatr100-p10 | 424 | - | - | - |
| rmatr100-p5 | 976 | - | - | - |
| rmine6 | -457.17275 | -435.70014 | - | - |
| rocll-4-11 | - | - | - | - |
| rococoC10-001000 | 12067 | - | 87872 | - |


| Instance | RENS | ZI Round | Rounding | Simple Rounding |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| roll3000 | 14193 | - | - | - |
| rout | - | - | - | - |
| satellites1-25 | - | - | - | - |
| set1ch | 54537.75 | 59480.277 | 59480.277 | 59480.277 |
| seymour | 427 | 590 | 757 | 757 |
| sp98ic | $4.6976602 \mathrm{e}+08$ | $6.9404931 \mathrm{e}+08$ | $1.3685495 \mathrm{e}+09$ | - |
| sp98ir | - | - | - | - |
| stein27 | 18 | 20 | 27 | 27 |
| stein45 | 30 | 37 | 45 | 45 |
| swath | - | - | - | - |
| t1717 | - | - | - | - |
| tanglegram1 | - | - | - | - |
| tanglegram2 | - | - | - | - |
| timtab1 | 827609 | - | - | - |
| timtab2 | - | - | - | - |
| tr12-30 | 131438 | - | - | - |
| triptim1 | - | - | - | - |
| unitcal_7 | - | - | - | - |
| vpm2 | 13.75 | - | - |  |
| vpphard | - | - | - | - |
| zib54-UUE | 10334016 | 19016948 | 19016948 | 19016948 |

Table 8: Impact of RENS on overall solving process for MIPLIB instances

| Instance | No RENS |  | Root RENS |  | Tree RENS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nodes | Time | Nodes | Time | Nodes | Time |
| 10teams | 2766 | 33.8 | 2766 | 33.8 | 2766 | 33.8 |
| 30n20b8 | >13609 | limit | >13 098 | limit | >13480 | limit |
| a1c1s1 | >444580 | limit | >445 106 | limit | >355340 | limit |
| acc-tight5 | 2414 | 388.9 | 2414 | 389.5 | 2414 | 389.5 |
| aflow30a | 3617 | 20.8 | 1931 | 13.2 | 1931 | 13.3 |
| aflow40b | 366800 | 3221.7 | 230705 | 1087.1 | 230705 | 1085.1 |
| air04 | 272 | 77.8 | 272 | 77.5 | 272 | 77.8 |
| air05 | 478 | 45.8 | 478 | 44.5 | 478 | 44.5 |
| app1-2 | 76 | 1139.8 | 76 | 1300.6 | 76 | 1302.4 |
| arki001 | 2703497 | 4529.0 | 2703497 | 4527.6 | 2703497 | 4526.7 |
| ash608gpia-3col | 10 | 69.7 | 10 | 70.0 | 10 | 69.9 |
| atlanta-ip | >8841 | limit | >8520 | limit | >8520 | limit |
| beasleyC3 | >1897819 | limit | >1890444 | limit | >1767779 | limit |
| bab5 | >21663 | limit | >21 663 | limit | >21 636 | limit |
| bell3a | 47240 | 13.2 | 46910 | 11.2 | 46910 | 11.1 |
| bell5 | 1069 | 0.6 | 1069 | 0.7 | 1069 | 0.5 |
| biella1 | 10546 | 2284.0 | 2607 | 939.9 | 2607 | 953.5 |
| bienst2 | 73759 | 394.5 | 73759 | 396.7 | 82826 | 454.9 |
| binkar10_1 | 105531 | 158.8 | 105531 | 159.3 | 129286 | 204.9 |
| blend2 | 2135 | 1.9 | 164 | 0.7 | 164 | 0.9 |
| bley_xl1 | 18 | 372.2 | 1 | 214.1 | 1 | 206.8 |
| bnatt350 | 7866 | 972.6 | 7866 | 970.9 | 7866 | 972.6 |
| cap6000 | 3005 | 2.5 | 3005 | 2.6 | 3005 | 2.8 |
| core2536-691 | 204 | 383.3 | 281 | 652.9 | 281 | 653.5 |
| cov1075 | >1719 951 | limit | >1721430 | limit | >1697293 | limit |
| csched010 | 940018 | 6394.7 | 940018 | 6395.9 | 940018 | 6397.6 |
| dano3mip | >2838 | limit | >3 064 | limit | >2 384 | limit |
| danoint | 1063562 | 5251.8 | 1063562 | 5237.1 | 1063562 | 5256.0 |
| dcmulti | 130 | 1.8 | 130 | 1.8 | 130 | 1.7 |
| dfn-gwin-UUM | 77613 | 148.8 | 77613 | 146.7 | 77613 | 148.1 |
| disctom | 1 | 3.5 | 1 | 3.6 | 1 | 3.5 |
| ds | >465 | limit | >460 | limit | >460 | limit |
| dsbmip | 1 | 0.7 | 1 | 0.6 | 1 | 0.6 |
| egout | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 |
| eil33-2 | 10571 | 98.0 | 10571 | 99.3 | 10571 | 99.7 |
| eilB101 | 9239 | 773.3 | 9239 | 777.1 | 9239 | 776.3 |
| enigma | 1289 | 0.6 | 1289 | 0.6 | 1289 | 0.7 |
| enlight13 | 1099066 | 655.3 | 1099066 | 658.3 | 1099066 | 658.8 |
| enlight14 | 156998 | 108.9 | 156998 | 108.3 | 156998 | 108.1 |
| fast0507 | 1477 | 1474.5 | 2774 | 3501.8 | 2774 | 3509.4 |
| fiber | 78 | 1.9 | 32 | 1.3 | 32 | 1.2 |
| fixnet6 | 54 | 1.8 | 14 | 1.8 | 14 | 1.9 |
| flugpl | 121 | 0.5 | 121 | 0.5 | 121 | 0.5 |
| gesa2-o | 55 | 1.8 | 4 | 1.5 | 4 | 1.5 |
| gesa2 | 42 | 1.7 | 7 | 1.4 | 7 | 1.3 |
| gesa3 | 147 | 2.3 | 16 | 1.7 | 16 | 1.6 |
| gesa3_o | 119 | 3.1 | 12 | 2.1 | 12 | 2.0 |
| glass4 | >10167913 | limit | 1795478 | 1454.2 | 1795478 | 1459.6 |
| gmu-35-40 | >5151788 | limit | >11990260 | limit | >13431923 | limit |
| gt2 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 |
| harp2 | 360980 | 301.6 | 360980 | 301.2 | 364890 | 308.2 |
| iis-100-0-cov | 106874 | 1706.4 | 106874 | 1705.5 | 106389 | 1828.4 |
| iis-bupa-cov | 183185 | 6723.2 | 189467 | 6655.7 | 189467 | 6690.3 |
| iis-pima-cov | 13766 | 952.6 | 13011 | 953.7 | 13011 | 966.1 |
| khb05250 | 11 | 0.5 | 11 | 0.5 | 11 | 0.5 |
| I152lav | 52 | 3.0 | 52 | 2.9 | 52 | 3.1 |
| lectsched-4-obj | 11988 | 246.4 | 11988 | 246.4 | 11988 | 247.4 |
| liu | >1835 353 | limit | >1832824 | limit | >1965 400 | limit |
| Iseu | 329 | 0.5 | 552 | 0.5 | 552 | 0.5 |
| m100n500k4r1 | 5272016 | 4732.9 | >8222 511 | limit | >8183822 | limit |
| macrophage | >929 901 | limit | >925 398 | limit | >928 739 | limit |
| map18 | 607 | 649.6 | 293 | 463.1 | 293 | 463.8 |
| map20 | 1180 | 496.4 | 353 | 549.0 | 353 | 548.5 |
| markshare1 | > 75355137 | limit | > 78655002 | limit | >78886991 | limit |
| markshare2 | >63825 711 | limit | >62613 242 | limit | >62433 221 | limit |
| mas74 | 2955765 | 500.1 | 2955765 | 499.8 | 2955765 | 502.1 |
| mas76 | 243004 | 43.5 | 281857 | 42.2 | 281857 | 42.3 |

Table 8 continued

| Instance | No Nodes | Time | Root Nodes | Time | Tree RENS <br> Nodes | Time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mcsched | 16113 | 222.9 | 16113 | 222.2 | 20712 | 256.3 |
| mik-250-1-100-1 | 1920723 | 373.9 | 1021375 | 205.6 | 1021375 | 206.1 |
| mine-90-10 | 469802 | 1753.4 | 359569 | 1156.5 | 359569 | 1157.1 |
| misc03 | 131 | 1.1 | 131 | 1.2 | 131 | 1.1 |
| misc06 | 18 | 0.5 | 6 | 0.5 | 6 | 0.5 |
| misc07 | 38363 | 20.5 | 38363 | 20.5 | 38363 | 20.9 |
| mitre | 1 | 4.5 | 1 | 4.6 | 1 | 4.7 |
| mkc | >3288146 | limit | >3186952 | limit | >3223059 | limit |
| mod008 | 192 | 0.9 | 192 | 0.9 | 192 | 0.9 |
| mod010 | 4 | 0.9 | 4 | 0.7 | 4 | 0.8 |
| mod011 | 1596 | 206.1 | 1596 | 206.0 | 1596 | 205.8 |
| modglob | 1408 | 1.3 | 1408 | 1.5 | 1408 | 1.6 |
| momentum1 | >21781 | limit | >21733 | limit | >21781 | limit |
| momentum2 | >63 180 | limit | >61812 | limit | >62 495 | limit |
| momentum3 | >44 | limit | >43 | limit | >44 | limit |
| msc98-ip | >756 | limit | > 756 | limit | >756 | limit |
| mspp16 | > 750 | limit | > 382 | limit | >736 | limit |
| mzzv11 | 2734 | 341.8 | 2734 | 343.5 | 2734 | 342.3 |
| mzzv42z | 1557 | 364.5 | 1557 | 364.2 | 1557 | 365.0 |
| n3div36 | >200 784 | limit | >257302 | limit | >264 668 | limit |
| n3seq24 | >2290 | limit | >2094 | limit | >2114 | limit |
| n4-3 | 53959 | 835.6 | 53959 | 835.3 | 53959 | 844.5 |
| neos-1109824 | 24162 | 185.9 | 24162 | 185.4 | 24162 | 186.1 |
| neos-1337307 | >415 472 | limit | >416447 | limit | >413169 | limit |
| neos-1396125 | 54219 | 3981.6 | 54219 | 3981.4 | 54219 | 3982.6 |
| neos13 | >28166 | limit | >26 778 | limit | >25 527 | limit |
| neos-1601936 | >31161 | limit | >30882 | limit | > 30831 | limit |
| neos18 | 9133 | 41.4 | 9133 | 41.4 | 9133 | 41.5 |
| neos-476283 | 466 | 326.9 | 609 | 323.2 | 609 | 327.1 |
| neos-686190 | 9894 | 114.1 | 9894 | 114.7 | 9894 | 114.3 |
| neos-849702 | 137579 | 1652.0 | 137579 | 1651.7 | 137579 | 1653.2 |
| neos-916792 | 57471 | 228.0 | 57471 | 227.3 | 57471 | 227.3 |
| neos-934278 | >2951 | limit | >4825 | limit | >4708 | limit |
| net12 | 3838 | 2650.2 | 3838 | 2647.9 | 3838 | 2649.5 |
| netdiversion | >72 | limit | >72 | limit | >72 | limit |
| newdano | >1570960 | limit | >1574108 | limit | >1138936 | limit |
| noswot | 525460 | 148.2 | 525460 | 147.8 | 525460 | 147.4 |
| ns1208400 | 15050 | 1960.2 | 15050 | 1957.1 | 15050 | 1956.6 |
| ns1688347 | 17807 | 1979.0 | 17807 | 1978.5 | 17807 | 1979.6 |
| ns1758913 | $>23$ | limit | >17 | limit | >5 | limit |
| ns1766074 | 946987 | 514.1 | 946987 | 515.2 | 946987 | 516.1 |
| ns1830653 | 57234 | 584.3 | 57234 | 585.5 | 57234 | 585.9 |
| nsrand-ipx | >1097182 | limit | >1154 058 | limit | >1158945 | limit |
| nw04 | 5 | 51.1 | 5 | 52.0 | 5 | 51.9 |
| opm2-z7-s2 | 4401 | 1154.7 | 4401 | 1153.8 | 4401 | 1154.5 |
| opt1217 | >16012029 | limit | >12726890 | limit | >12478488 | limit |
| p0201 | 169 | 1.9 | 65 | 1.6 | 65 | 1.8 |
| p0282 | 26 | 0.8 | 3 | 0.6 | 3 | 0.5 |
| p0548 | 96 | 0.8 | 14 | 0.5 | 14 | 0.5 |
| p2756 | 403 | 3.2 | 153 | 2.6 | 153 | 2.5 |
| pg5_34 | 348765 | 1717.1 | 318742 | 1501.1 | 306428 | 1374.3 |
| pigeon-10 | >7056792 | limit | >7034031 | limit | >6972773 | limit |
| pk1 | 213670 | 46.8 | 226780 | 50.0 | 206727 | 44.4 |
| pp08a | 590 | 1.5 | 590 | 1.5 | 670 | 1.7 |
| pp08aCUTS | 403 | 1.5 | 403 | 1.4 | 480 | 1.6 |
| protfold | >6866 | limit | >6865 | limit | >6862 | limit |
| pw-myciel4 | 647355 | 5306.6 | 647355 | 5310.9 | 647355 | 5311.9 |
| qiu | 11012 | 56.2 | 11012 | 56.3 | 10301 | 55.9 |
| qnet1 | 7 | 2.4 | 7 | 2.5 | 7 | 2.3 |
| qnet1_o | 29 | 3.9 | 29 | 4.0 | 29 | 3.9 |
| rail507 | 1704 | 1494.8 | 1472 | 1269.2 | 1472 | 1268.4 |
| ran16×16 | 348556 | 196.6 | 331635 | 195.2 | 331635 | 195.3 |
| reblock67 | 111964 | 279.5 | 111964 | 279.1 | 111964 | 279.7 |
| rd-rplusc-21 | > 58623 | limit | >58592 | limit | >58592 | limit |
| rentacar | 14 | 3.0 | 14 | 3.0 | 14 | 3.1 |
| rgn | 62 | 0.5 | 62 | 0.5 | 62 | 0.5 |
| rmatr100-p10 | 901 | 197.3 | 901 | 197.7 | 864 | 201.0 |
| rmatr100-p5 | 420 | 668.8 | 385 | 553.4 | 385 | 553.4 |
| rmine6 | 541456 | 2814.6 | 727632 | 4044.6 | 523315 | 2760.6 |

Table 8 continued

| Instance | No RENS |  | Root RENS |  | Tree RENS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| rocll-4-11 | 40353 | 544.4 | 40353 | 545.6 | 40353 | 545.7 |
| rococoC10-001000 | 662755 | 3313.2 | 488147 | 2372.7 | 495582 | 2404.2 |
| roll3000 | >1390 052 | limit | >1479 602 | limit | >1482 101 | limit |
| rout | 29656 | 39.7 | 29656 | 39.9 | 19937 | 33.3 |
| satellites1-25 | 9089 | 2148.3 | 9089 | 2146.1 | 9089 | 2148.0 |
| set1ch | 28 | 0.9 | 6 | 0.8 | 6 | 0.9 |
| seymour | >122 156 | limit | >130 095 | limit | >116 911 | limit |
| sp98ic | >135751 | limit | >209 889 | limit | >208547 | limit |
| sp98ir | 4912 | 64.8 | 4912 | 64.9 | 4912 | 65.1 |
| stein27 | 4045 | 0.9 | 4045 | 1.1 | 4045 | 1.0 |
| stein45 | 52523 | 13.1 | 52523 | 13.1 | 52523 | 13.3 |
| swath | >1448548 | limit | >1460957 | limit | >1433029 | limit |
| t1717 | >734 | limit | >720 | limit | > 734 | limit |
| tanglegram1 | 27 | 867.6 | 27 | 866.3 | 27 | 860.5 |
| tanglegram2 | 3 | 7.0 | 3 | 7.0 | 3 | 6.9 |
| timtab1 | 925706 | 412.1 | 925706 | 413.2 | 925706 | 414.5 |
| timtab2 | >8939 001 | limit | >8943388 | limit | >8926 669 | limit |
| tr12-30 | 1518459 | 1986.3 | 1685757 | 2280.3 | 1532831 | 2052.5 |
| triptim1 | 30 | 2002.7 | 30 | 1984.3 | 30 | 1993.2 |
| unitcal_7 | 11624 | 1173.8 | 10569 | 1137.6 | 10569 | 1138.7 |
| vpm2 | 945 | 1.2 | 143 | 1.1 | 143 | 1.1 |
| vpphard | >5521 | limit | >5524 | limit | >5525 | limit |
| zib54-UUE | 951366 | 5701.2 | 951366 | 5708.5 | 865298 | 4910.0 |
| geom. mean | 7155 | 220.3 | 5870 | 209.6 | 5810 | 209.4 |
| sh. geom. mean | 11248 | 377.2 | 10390 | 366.3 | 10346 | 365.8 |
| arithm. mean | 1446078 | 2461.4 | 1442400 | 2427.0 | 1443404 | 2414.3 |

Table 9: Impact of RENS on overall solving process for MIQCP instances

| Instance | No RENS |  | Root RENS |  | Tree RENS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10bar2 | 369 | 2.3 | 653 | 2.8 | 653 | 2.9 |
| 25bar | >7936 | $>7200.0$ | >3402 | $>7200.0$ | >3 402 | $>7200.0$ |
| classical_200_0 | $>100675$ | $>7200.0$ | >109 742 | >7200.0 | >109 204 | $>7200.0$ |
| classical_200_1 | >152012 | $>7200.0$ | >134 651 | $>7200.0$ | >131226 | $>7200.0$ |
| classical_20_0 | 172 | 0.7 | 127 | 0.9 | 127 | 0.9 |
| classical_20_1 | 866 | 1.7 | 897 | 1.9 | 897 | 2.1 |
| classical_50_0 | 243420 | 1068.1 | 1260971 | 5287.2 | 940699 | 3782.0 |
| classical_50_1 | 20929 | 74.4 | 29760 | 106.3 | 29760 | 107.9 |
| clay 0203 m | 55 | 0.5 | 55 | 0.5 | 55 | 0.5 |
| clay 0205 m | 10494 | 4.0 | 10494 | 4.1 | 10492 | 4.5 |
| clay 0303 m | 99 | 0.5 | 99 | 0.5 | 99 | 0.5 |
| clay 0305 m | 9361 | 4.5 | 9361 | 4.5 | 9361 | 4.5 |
| du-opt5 | 86 | 0.5 | 86 | 0.5 | 86 | 0.5 |
| du-opt | 322 | 0.7 | 322 | 0.7 | 322 | 0.8 |
| ex1263 | 199 | 0.7 | 199 | 0.8 | 199 | 0.8 |
| ex1266 | 37 | 0.7 | 255 | 1.1 | 255 | 1.1 |
| fac3 | 6 | 0.5 | 6 | 0.5 | 6 | 0.5 |
| feedtray2 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.5 |
| ibell3a | 44048 | 12.9 | 42066 | 13.8 | 42066 | 13.8 |
| icvxqp1 | >1897 | $>7200.0$ | >1893 | $>7200.0$ | >1903 | $>7200.0$ |
| ilaser0 | 169 | 3.2 | 169 | 3.0 | 169 | 3.2 |
| imod011 | 1 | 319.2 | 1 | 319.4 | 1 | 319.4 |
| iportfolio | $>21555$ | $>7200.0$ | >21527 | $>7200.0$ | >21 279 | $>7200.0$ |
| isqp | >1706210 | $>7200.0$ | >1706576 | $>7200.0$ | >1706619 | $>7200.0$ |
| ivalues | >153470 | $>7200.0$ | >153 572 | $>7200.0$ | >153 088 | $>7200.0$ |
| meanvarx | 7 | 0.5 | 3 | 0.5 | 3 | 0.5 |
| netmod_dol1 | 62794 | 6077.4 | 62794 | 6049.4 | 62028 | 6115.3 |
| netmod_dol2 | 192 | 49.6 | 192 | 49.7 | 150 | 47.8 |
| netmod_kar1 | 288 | 5.9 | 288 | 5.9 | 288 | 5.8 |
| netmod_kar2 | 288 | 6.0 | 288 | 5.9 | 288 | 5.9 |
| nous1 | > 5156737 | $>7200.0$ | >5 154877 | $>7200.0$ | >5149 665 | $>7200.0$ |
| nous2 | 2821 | 2.2 | 2821 | 2.0 | 2821 | 2.2 |
| nuclear14a | >36917 | $>7200.0$ | >36932 | $>7200.0$ | >53127 | $>7200.0$ |
| nuclear14b | $>73331$ | $>7200.0$ | >73976 | $>7200.0$ | $>73751$ | $>7200.0$ |
| nvs19 | 105 | 0.5 | 105 | 0.5 | 105 | 0.5 |
| nvs23 | 96 | 0.5 | 96 | 0.5 | 96 | 0.5 |
| product2 | >6014234 | $>7200.0$ | >6225476 | > 7200.0 | >5740865 | $>7200.0$ |
| product | 5562 | 11.7 | 7747 | 15.7 | 7853 | 15.9 |
| robust_100_0 | 86362 | 1307.3 | 79523 | 1234.3 | 79523 | 1245.8 |
| robust_100_1 | 13780 | 207.9 | 16517 | 235.9 | 16517 | 239.9 |
| robust_200_0 | >139 784 | $>7200.0$ | > 74872 | $>7200.0$ | > 73339 | $>7200.0$ |
| robust_20_0 | 8 | 0.5 | 8 | 0.5 | 8 | 0.5 |
| robust_50_0 | 91 | 1.4 | 91 | 1.8 | 91 | 1.8 |
| robust_50_1 | 228 | 3.0 | 200 | 2.8 | 200 | 2.8 |
| shortfall_100_0 | >495750 | $>7200.0$ | >497757 | > 7200.0 | > 503010 | $>7200.0$ |
| shortfall_100_1 | 356687 | 3926.5 | 311239 | 3382.3 | 226505 | 2414.0 |
| shortfall_200_0 | >104 110 | >7200.0 | >103 692 | $>7200.0$ | >103 523 | $>7200.0$ |
| shortfall_20_0 | 102 | 0.8 | 120 | 0.9 | 120 | 0.8 |
| shortfall_50_0 | 343829 | 1738.6 | 695205 | 3628.8 | 690262 | 3615.6 |
| shortfall_50_1 | 9259 | 43.2 | 11106 | 46.0 | 11106 | 47.4 |
| SLay05H | 254 | 2.1 | 75 | 1.6 | 75 | 1.6 |
| SLay05M | 79 | 0.6 | 150 | 1.0 | 150 | 1.0 |
| SLay07M | 1930 | 6.9 | 377 | 3.0 | 377 | 3.1 |
| SLay10H | >532368 | $>7200.0$ | >532759 | $>7200.0$ | >498710 | $>7200.0$ |
| SLay10M | 229809 | 1828.4 | 28848 | 233.2 | 28856 | 241.4 |
| space25a | >21026 | $>7200.0$ | >21026 | $>7200.0$ | >21026 | $>7200.0$ |
| space25 | >8751 | $>7200.0$ | >8751 | >7200.0 | >8751 | $>7200.0$ |
| spectra2 | 33 | 0.7 | 23 | 0.7 | 23 | 0.8 |
| $t \ln 12$ | >2590652 | $>7200.0$ | >2587580 | > 7200.0 | >2589 049 | $>7200.0$ |
| $t \ln 5$ | 44527 | 26.2 | 44527 | 26.1 | 44527 | 26.3 |
| $t \ln 6$ | $>12370474$ | $>7200.0$ | >12372692 | $>7200.0$ | >12367087 | $>7200.0$ |
| $t \ln 7$ | >9 474819 | $>7200.0$ | >9482513 | $>7200.0$ | >9493095 | $>7200.0$ |
| tloss | 60 | 0.5 | 60 | 0.5 | 60 | 0.5 |
| tltr | 24 | 0.5 | 24 | 0.5 | 24 | 0.5 |
| uflquad-15-60 | 904 | 2857.7 | 904 | 2862.1 | 827 | 2491.9 |
| uflquad-20-50 | >201 | $>7200.0$ | >201 | $>7200.0$ | >34 | $>7200.0$ |
| uflquad-40-80 | >105 | $>7200.0$ | >105 | $>7200.0$ | >39 | $>7200.0$ |

Table 9 continued

| Instance | No RENS |  | Root RENS |  | Tree RENS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| util | 371 | 0.5 | 375 | 0.5 | 375 | 0.5 |
| waste | >4 005594 | > 7200.0 | >3983731 | > 7200.0 | >3964 173 | > 7200.0 |
| arithm. mean | 659740 | 2872.3 | 677123 | 2927.0 | 664117 | 2888.6 |
| sh. geom. mean | 6457 | 229.9 | 6361 | 232.0 | 6193 | 229.9 |

Table 10: Impact of RENS on overall solving process for MINLP instances

| Instance | No RENS |  | Root RENS |  | Tree RENS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nodes | Time | Nodes | Time | Nodes | Time |
| beuster | >243 | >7200.0 | >243 | >7200.0 | >243 | >7200.0 |
| cecil_13 | >2557284 | > 7200.0 | >2553413 | >7200.0 | >2568736 | > 7200.0 |
| contvar | >10024 | > 7200.0 | >10 024 | > 7200.0 | >10024 | > 7200.0 |
| csched1 | 44649 | 17.2 | 44649 | 17.5 | 44649 | 17.6 |
| csched2a | >26250 | >7200.0 | >26 250 | >7200.0 | >26250 | >7200.0 |
| detf1 | > 331 | > 7200.0 | >330 | > 7200.0 | > 331 | > 7200.0 |
| eg_all_s | >446 | >7200.0 | >440 | > 7200.0 | >440 | >7200.0 |
| eg_disc2_s | >83 | >7200.0 | >83 | > 7200.0 | >48 | >7200.0 |
| eg_disc_s | >136 | >7200.0 | >136 | > 7200.0 | >34 | >7200.0 |
| eg_int_s | >5 | > 7200.0 | >5 | >7200.0 | >5 | > 7200.0 |
| eniplac | 172 | 0.7 | 172 | 0.6 | 98 | 0.6 |
| enpro48 | 84 | 0.8 | 54982 | 11.9 | 12571 | 4.3 |
| enpro48pb | 249160 | 42.9 | 36 | 0.9 | 36 | 0.8 |
| enpro56pb | 4048 | 1.8 | 85265 | 17.6 | 85265 | 17.6 |
| ex1233 | >11127294 | > 7200.0 | >11141457 | >7200.0 | >11144945 | > 7200.0 |
| ex1244 | 492 | 1.0 | 492 | 1.1 | 504 | 1.4 |
| ex1252 | >88 | >7200.0 | >88 | >7200.0 | >88 | >7200.0 |
| ex1252a | >204 | > 7200.0 | >204 | >7200.0 | >204 | > 7200.0 |
| feedtray | >640 421 | >7200.0 | >638931 | >7200.0 | >639 220 | >7200.0 |
| fo7 | 163542 | 68.1 | 163542 | 67.8 | 163542 | 68.6 |
| fo7_2 | 45627 | 22.2 | 45627 | 22.2 | 48697 | 23.8 |
| fo7_ar25_1 | 43715 | 16.9 | 43715 | 17.3 | 49960 | 19.5 |
| fo7_ar2_1 | 39986 | 17.3 | 39986 | 17.3 | 39986 | 17.6 |
| fo7_ar3_1 | 47741 | 17.9 | 47741 | 17.9 | 50563 | 19.5 |
| fo7_ar4_1 | 58884 | 28.5 | 58884 | 28.2 | 58884 | 29.2 |
| fo7_ar5_1 | 20509 | 9.1 | 20509 | 9.0 | 20509 | 9.1 |
| fo8 | 538828 | 277.3 | 538828 | 277.3 | 538828 | 279.3 |
| fo8_ar25_1 | 337708 | 141.8 | 337708 | 141.4 | 149658 | 59.9 |
| fo8_ar2_1 | 643114 | 168.7 | 643114 | 168.6 | 192277 | 75.0 |
| fo8_ar3_1 | 75943 | 43.8 | 75943 | 43.8 | 75943 | 44.6 |
| fo8_ar4_1 | >46231801 | > 7200.0 | >46093 488 | >7200.0 | 86646 | 43.3 |
| fo8_ar5_1 | 55953 | 27.9 | 55953 | 28.4 | 55953 | 29.2 |
| fo9 | 2155434 | 1140.4 | 2155434 | 1143.8 | 10127873 | 2879.5 |
| fo9_ar25_1 | 4702715 | 1731.2 | 4702715 | 1733.8 | 4881081 | 1843.4 |
| fo9_ar2_1 | 2615019 | 1089.9 | 2615019 | 1092.5 | 2615019 | 1092.2 |
| fo9_ar3_1 | 532025 | 284.5 | 532025 | 284.9 | 331077 | 172.6 |
| fo9_ar4_1 | 284985 | 133.1 | 284985 | 134.6 | 284985 | 133.7 |
| fo9_ar5_1 | 729300 | 405.2 | 729300 | 408.4 | 729300 | 409.3 |
| fuzzy | >2 161178 | > 7200.0 | >2156 389 | >7200.0 | 408344 | 1883.2 |
| gasnet | >1382 | > 7200.0 | >1382 | > 7200.0 | >1382 | > 7200.0 |
| gear | 2828 | 2.0 | 2828 | 2.0 | 2828 | 2.0 |
| gear2 | 591 | 0.5 | 506 | 0.5 | 506 | 0.5 |
| gear3 | 2828 | 2.2 | 2828 | 2.1 | 2828 | 2.0 |
| gear4 | 105 | 0.5 | 105 | 0.5 | 105 | 0.5 |
| ghg_1veh | >18013454 | >7200.0 | >18137988 | >7200.0 | >18188182 | >7200.0 |
| ghg_2veh | > 737048 | >7200.0 | >87992 | >7200.0 | >853625 | > 7200.0 |
| ghg_3veh | >420745 | $>7200.0$ | >420 693 | >7200.0 | >211106 | $>7200.0$ |
| hda | >848500 | > 7200.0 | >847 241 | >7200.0 | >824 623 | > 7200.0 |
| johnall | 1 | 64.0 | 1 | 72.3 | 1 | 63.8 |
| m6 | 955 | 1.1 | 955 | 1.0 | 955 | 1.2 |
| m7 | 14053 | 6.5 | 14053 | 6.4 | 14053 | 6.6 |
| m7_ar25_1 | 2848 | 2.0 | 2848 | 2.1 | 2055 | 1.4 |
| m7_ar2_1 | 22707 | 5.7 | 22707 | 5.6 | 22707 | 5.8 |
| m7_ar3_1 | 9390 | 4.6 | 9390 | 4.5 | 9390 | 4.6 |
| m7_ar4_1 | 2134 | 1.8 | 2134 | 1.8 | 2134 | 2.1 |
| m7_ar5_1 | 25814 | 6.8 | 25814 | 6.9 | 25814 | 7.2 |
| no7_ar25_1 | 107048 | 51.4 | 107048 | 50.7 | 87297 | 42.4 |
| no7_ar2_1 | 27667 | 14.9 | 27667 | 14.8 | 27667 | 14.9 |
| no7_ar3_1 | 423874 | 187.2 | 423874 | 185.8 | 423874 | 186.9 |
| no7_ar4_1 | 228710 | 108.6 | 228710 | 108.3 | 252173 | 120.5 |
| no7_ar5_1 | 103053 | 52.5 | 103053 | 52.2 | 103053 | 52.0 |
| nvs09 | >4 697821 | > 7200.0 | >6241826 | > 7200.0 | >6342072 | >7200.0 |
| nvs20 | 355 | 0.8 | 355 | 0.8 | 355 | 1.0 |
| -7 | 4566673 | 2343.0 | 4566673 | 2345.9 | 4566673 | 2357.2 |
| -7_2 | 1730061 | 756.5 | 1730061 | 754.7 | 1708453 | 755.9 |
| o7_ar25_1 | 489625 | 241.3 | 489625 | 239.7 | 489625 | 244.1 |
| o7_ar2_1 | 176585 | 88.0 | 176585 | 86.2 | 151581 | 69.9 |

Table 10 continued

| Instance | No RENS |  | Root RENS |  | Tree RENS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| o7_ar3_1 | 1230419 | 616.6 | 1230419 | 616.7 | 1230419 | 618.9 |
| o7_ar4_1 | 1854132 | 991.8 | 1854132 | 994.0 | 1854132 | 994.5 |
| o7_ar5_1 | 795136 | 371.7 | 795136 | 372.3 | 613092 | 282.3 |
| o8_ar4_1 | 11782816 | 6666.4 | 11782816 | 6688.3 | 12722339 | 6984.3 |
| o9_ar4_1 | >12507230 | $>7200.0$ | >12514424 | $>7200.0$ | >12415746 | $>7200.0$ |
| oil | >589 974 | $>7200.0$ | >589 231 | $>7200.0$ | >589 208 | $>7200.0$ |
| oil2 | >1027176 | $>7200.0$ | >1028 096 | $>7200.0$ | >1024 608 | $>7200.0$ |
| parallel | 735814 | 2599.6 | 735814 | 2592.5 | 735814 | 2591.3 |
| pump | $>47$ | $>7200.0$ | >47 | $>7200.0$ | >47 | $>7200.0$ |
| risk2b | 2 | 0.6 | 2 | 0.6 | 2 | 0.6 |
| saa_2 | >331 | $>7200.0$ | >331 | $>7200.0$ | >331 | $>7200.0$ |
| spring | 90 | 0.5 | 90 | 0.5 | 90 | 0.5 |
| st_e32 | 12153 | 13.6 | 12153 | 13.7 | 12153 | 13.6 |
| stockcycle | 32340 | 222.0 | 32340 | 222.2 | 32340 | 223.2 |
| super1 | >88353 | $>7200.0$ | >88400 | $>7200.0$ | >88430 | $>7200.0$ |
| super2 | >90554 | $>7200.0$ | >89 681 | $>7200.0$ | >90164 | $>7200.0$ |
| super3 | >102 297 | $>7200.0$ | >100 310 | $>7200.0$ | >102024 | $>7200.0$ |
| super3t | $>71449$ | $>7200.0$ | > 71272 | $>7200.0$ | >68820 | > 7200.0 |
| synheat | >68710 | $>7200.0$ | >68710 | $>7200.0$ | >68710 | $>7200.0$ |
| synthes1 | 4 | 0.5 | 4 | 0.5 | 4 | 0.5 |
| synthes2 | 5 | 0.5 | 4 | 0.5 | 4 | 0.5 |
| synthes3 | >56469781 | $>7200.0$ | >54 499711 | $>7200.0$ | >57219056 | $>7200.0$ |
| tls12 | >622812 | $>7200.0$ | >629 179 | $>7200.0$ | >628 973 | $>7200.0$ |
| tls4 | 9520 | 11.7 | 12723 | 13.4 | 12723 | 13.5 |
| tls5 | >3950998 | $>7200.0$ | >3941413 | $>7200.0$ | >3943467 | $>7200.0$ |
| tls6 | >2741985 | $>7200.0$ | >2729 799 | $>7200.0$ | >2732632 | $>7200.0$ |
| tls7 | >1805 765 | $>7200.0$ | >1797325 | $>7200.0$ | >1804162 | $>7200.0$ |
| water3 | >6706261 | $>7200.0$ | >6698169 | $>7200.0$ | >6578939 | > 7200.0 |
| water4 | 1692444 | 1860.5 | 1692444 | 1863.9 | 1642038 | 1816.3 |
| waterful2 | >4169 416 | $>7200.0$ | >4164 237 | $>7200.0$ | >4148024 | $>7200.0$ |
| watersbp | >4032620 | $>7200.0$ | >4 032620 | $>7200.0$ | >155142 | $>7200.0$ |
| watersym1 | >6705 227 | $>7200.0$ | >6453837 | $>7200.0$ | >6730378 | $>7200.0$ |
| watersym2 | >8127 217 | $>7200.0$ | >8123 253 | $>7200.0$ | >8 059966 | $>7200.0$ |
| waterx | >1425 | $>7200.0$ | >1425 | $>7200.0$ | >1425 | > 7200.0 |
| waterz | >1094883 | $>7200.0$ | >1094 883 | $>7200.0$ | >1094883 | $>7200.0$ |
| arithm. mean | 2338903 | 3274.5 | 2324208 | 3274.7 | 1925902 | 3168.7 |
| sh. geom. mean | 58758 | 466.5 | 58406 | 467.1 | 51066 | 431.3 |


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