

University of Stuttgart

Cluster of Excellence "Data-integrated Simulation Sciences" University Library



Agenda

- Short introduction
- Research data management from a research perspective
- Research data management from a SimTech perspective
- Implications





I am







A MECHANICAL ENGINEER

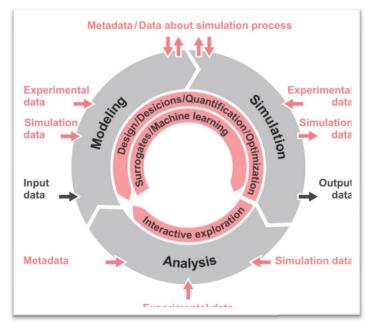
FROM INFRASTRUCTURE (LIBRARY/SIMTECH)

DOING RESEARCH
ABOUT RDM
(ITM/SIMTECH)

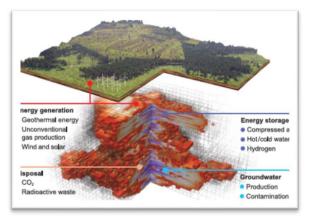


Modelling, Simulation and Analysis to Solve

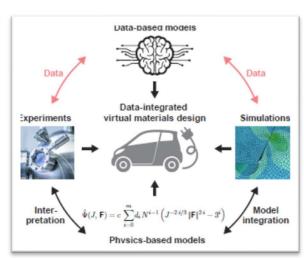
Visonary Examples



Common Methodology



Engineered Geosystems



he real world The digital work Virtual & augmented reality for analyzing, visualizing, supporting decision making, and identifying system-inherent dynamics and feedback edical doctor Personalized data collection Simulation environments Personalized treatment High-performance computing Data sharing Pervasive computing Adaptive human-computer dividualization Prosthesis design Multi-X modeling Assistive robotic devices for Subcellular dynamics rehabilitation and ergonomics Perfusion, metabolism Humanoid robots and Neural recruitment interaction with humans Muscle mechanics Analysis of measured and computed biosignals

Digital Human Model



"Business Model"

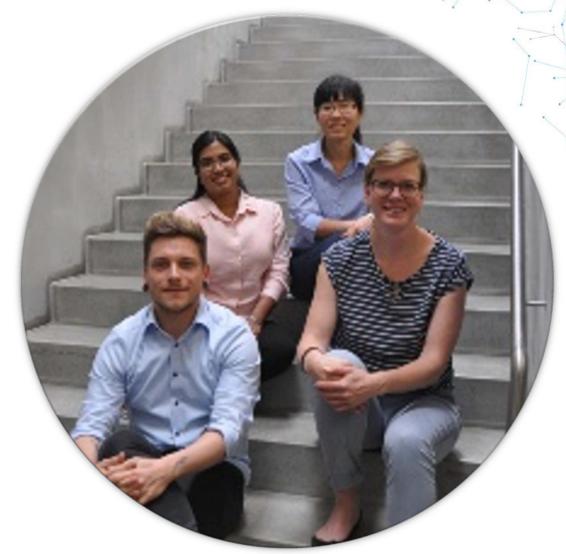
- Agreement that I am delegated to the Cluster with a half-time position
- Compensation payment from the cluster to the UB for the half position
- Research Data and Software Steward
- PhD about Open Science in Simulation





Research Data Management at SimTech

- Research data and software important research output
- Research data management committee with researchers and supporting staff
- Team with 4 persons, who are supporting research data management at SimTech
- Close cooperation and use of the university infrastructure
- Over 50 published research data and software sets





FoKUS

- Competence Center for Research Data Management
- FoKUS is the contact for all questions concerning research data management (FDM): from data management plans to storage space, administration, publication and archiving.
- Integrating all RDM activities at the university
- Network in the RDM community
- Participation in the NDFI4ING and MARDI
- Participation in DFG, BMBF and MWK projects
- DaRUS







Research Data Management from a Research Perspective



Why publish Research Data and Software?



Compliance with Funding Requirements



Ethical and responsible research



Recognition of scientific work



Guideline 13: Providing Public Access to Research Results

- Sharing the research data, materials, and information on which the results are based
- Making the methods and software used available
- Fully explaining the work processes

Explanations:

In the interest of transparency and to enable research to be referred to and reused by others, whenever possible researchers make the research data and principal materials on which a publication is based available in recognised archives and repositories in accordance with the FAIR principles (Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, Reusable). ...

Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft. (2022). Guidelines for Safeguarding Good Research Practice. Code of Conduct. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6472827



What to publish?

Every component of scientific research

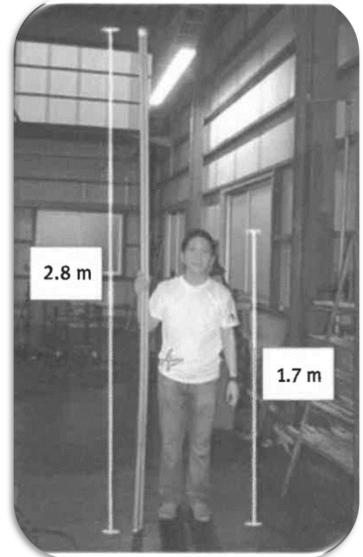
- Experimental data
- Process and method of experiment
- Research software
- Analysing tools
- I/O data to the tools and software
- Guidelines to reuse
- •



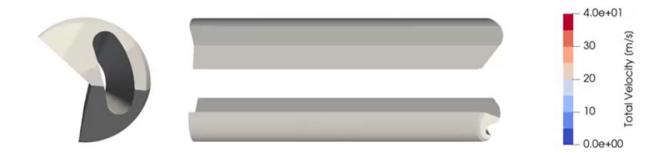
Credit: https://wordart.com



Deep Hole Drilling



- Research question: how are chips removed during deep hole drilling
- Not possible to see what happens inside the drill hole in an experiment



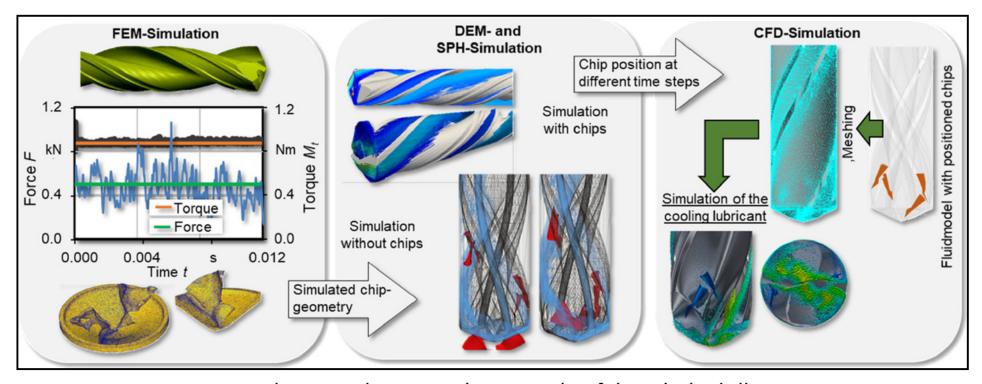
Source: WoonTnayYeao18

Data-Integrated Simulation Science



Multi-X Simulation

Multi-X simulation involves different spatial and temporal scales (multiscales), different coupled physical phenomena, fluids, materials (multiphysics), and different modeling approaches (multimodel), heterogeneous data fidelity (multidata) and different dimensionality and response requirements (multicontext).



Multi-X simulation on the example of deep hole drilling



What should be documented and published?

- Research builds on preliminary work done by other researchers who have already completed their PhDs.
- So the researcher reuses the work of his predecessors, and part of his research work is already being reused by other researchers.

















Guideline 12: Documentation

- Document information relevant to the production of a research result as clearly as possible to allow the result to be reviewed and assessed.
- This also includes documenting individual results that do not support the research hypothesis.

Explanations:

An important basis for enabling replication is to make available the information necessary to understand the research (including the research data used or generated, the methodological, evaluation and analytical steps taken, and, if relevant, the development of the hypothesis), to ensure that citations are clear, and, as far as possible, to enable third parties to access this information. Where research software is being developed, the source code is documented.

Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft. (2022). Guidelines for Safeguarding Good Research Practice. Code of Conduct. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6472827



Research Data Management

RDM: focus on documenting results and process with metadata

FAIR: focus on finding and legal reusability

Science: focus on decisions and ideas

Conclusion: We need to understand the whole process in order to answer the question how and what to document.

Idea: Looking deeper into the research process from a philosophy of science perspective in order to understand what has to be documented



Insights

- Research results are more than software and data
- Often focus on application instead of method
- Method and application differ depending on the discipline
- Difficult to answer what the research output is
- Research output often not so "sexy"
- Need of awarness of what to document, what to publish and why





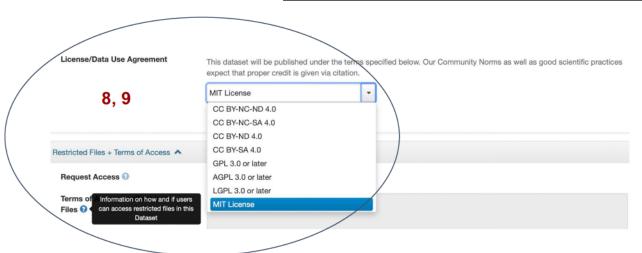
Research Data Management from an SimTech Perspective

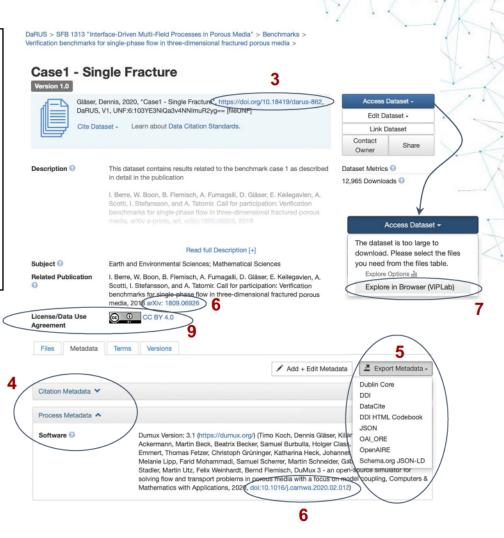


Multi-modal Software and Data Repository: DaRUS



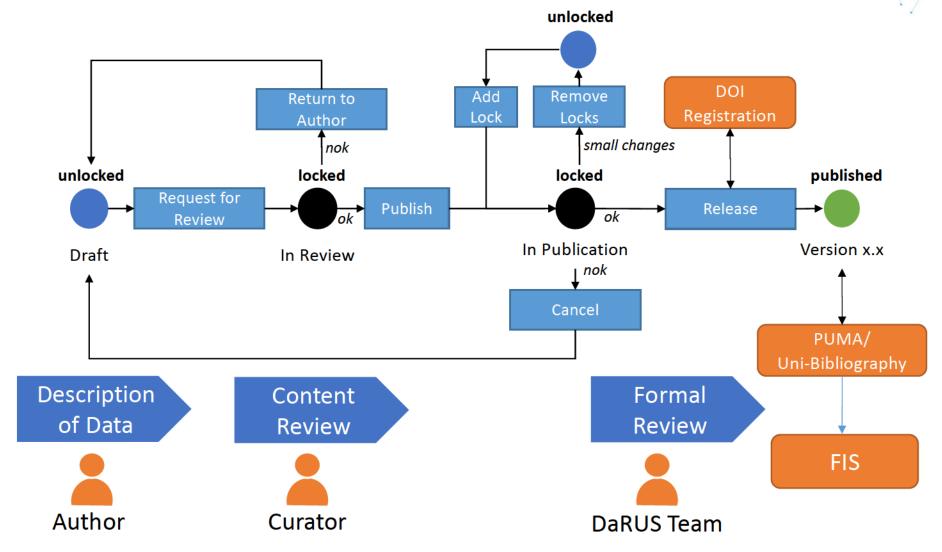
- 1. An instance of Dataverse.
- 2. Organize, store, publish and share data and software.
- 3. Assigns DOI.
- 4. Subject-specific metadata.
- 5. Several metadata formats.
- 6. Cross-linked to other resources.
- 7. Can link web applications.
- 8. Wide range of licences.
- 9. Possibility for restricted access.







Publication Workflow



Checklists and more information: https://www.izus.uni-stuttgart.de/en/fokus/darus/publication/

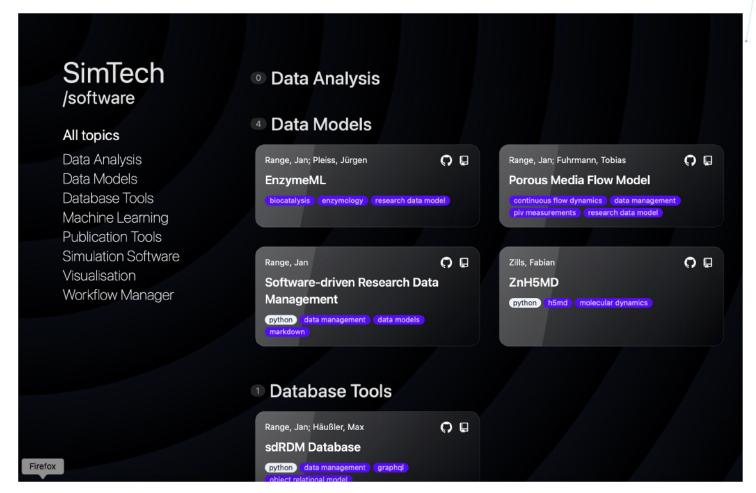


Build Infrastructure to facilitate Publication Workflow

SimTech Software Website:

https://simtech-softwarewebsite.vercel.app

Flemisch, B., Hermann, S., Herschel, M. et al. Research Data Management in Simulation Science:
Infrastructure, Tools, and Applications. Datenbank
Spektrum (2024).
https://doi.org/10.1007/s13222-024-00475-4





Dataset Reviews: Current State

 Carried out via email communication from reviewer to user

Workflow

- 1. User submits dataset for review
- 2. Admin review contents and checks files
- 3. Manually written report
- 4. User implements changes





Dataset Reviews: Requirements to a Software Solution

Distribute reviews

- Invite experts to review datasets via URL
- Per field guidelines for any new reviewer

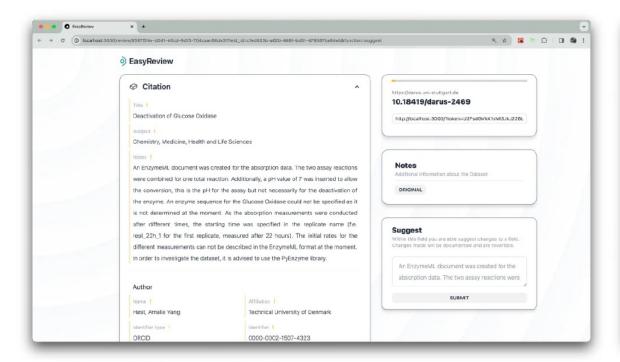


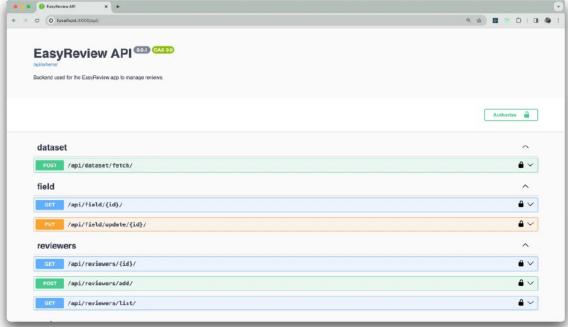
Collect multiple reviews

• Provide a way to present multiple review to a user



Easy Review: Prototype





Graphical user interface of EasyReview (*left*), which displays the metadata block in the *left column*. Visual indicators display the state of a field. In the *right column*, review statistics, field history and a text input for suggestions are shown. OpenAPI Swagger documentation of EasyReview's backend REST API (*right*) to automate dataset reviews



Implications

- The early integration of the infrastructure into the development process facilitates the identification of further developments by the scientific community.
- Enable the scientific community to further develop the existing infrastructure.
- The path also works in reverse, with a colleague starting at SimTech and then working half time on a library project.



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Questions?

