

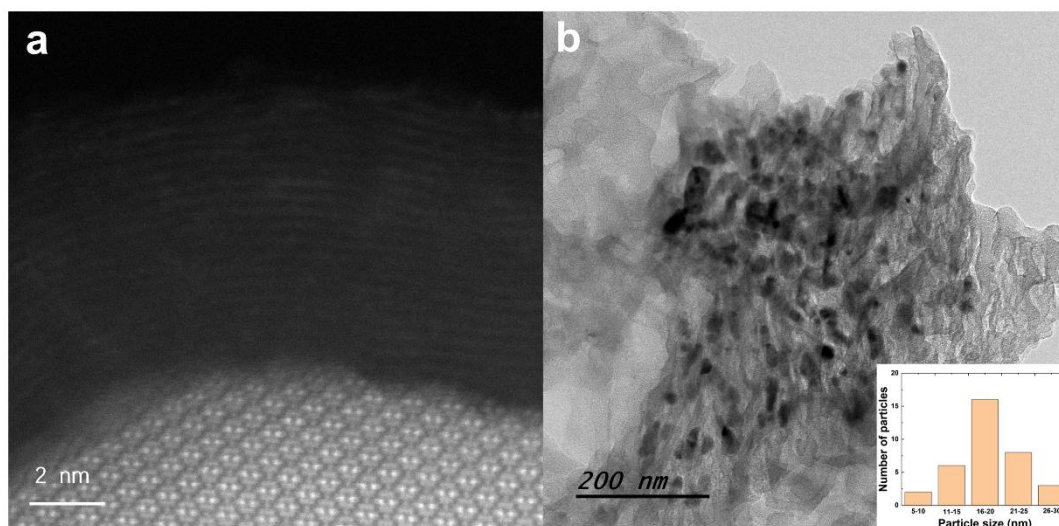
# ChemElectroChem

Supporting Information

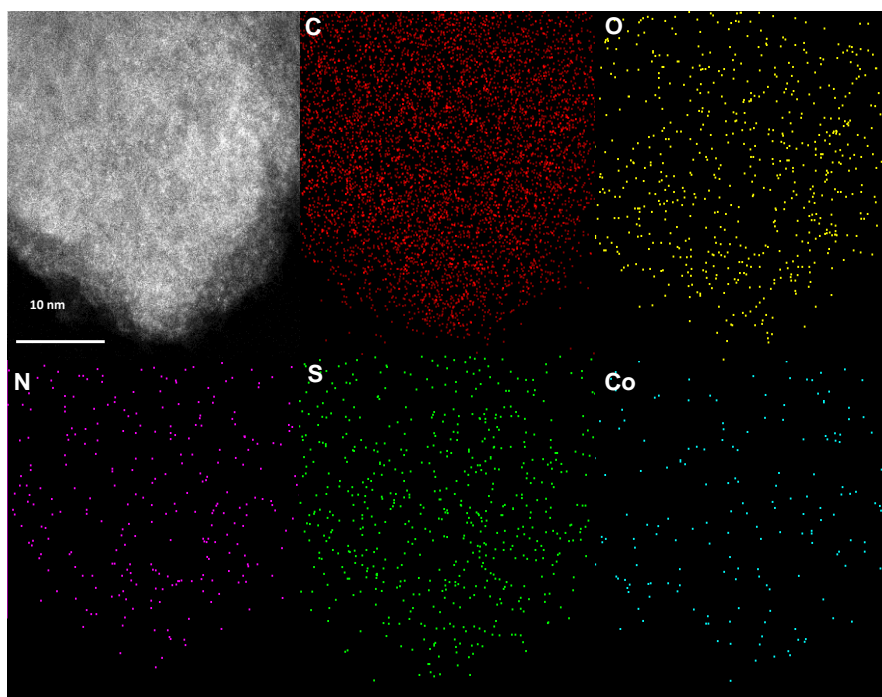
## **Simultaneously Incorporating Atomically Dispersed Co-N<sub>x</sub> Sites with Graphitic Carbon Layer-Wrapped Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> Nanoparticles for Oxygen Reduction in Acidic Electrolyte**

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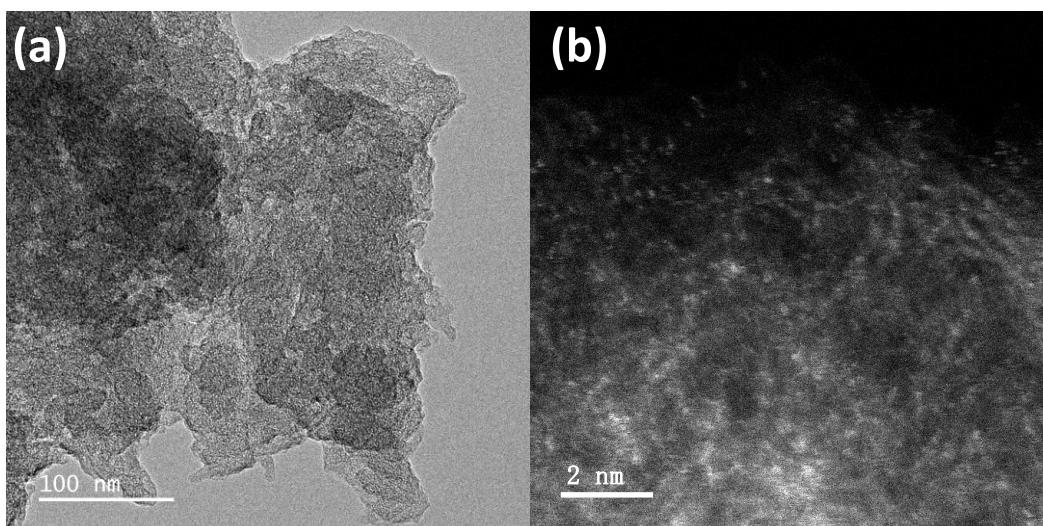
1. High resolution TEM images and EDS mapping of the Co SACs and Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts.



**Figure S1** (a) HAADF-STEM image of Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalyst. (b) size distribution of Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> nanoparticles.

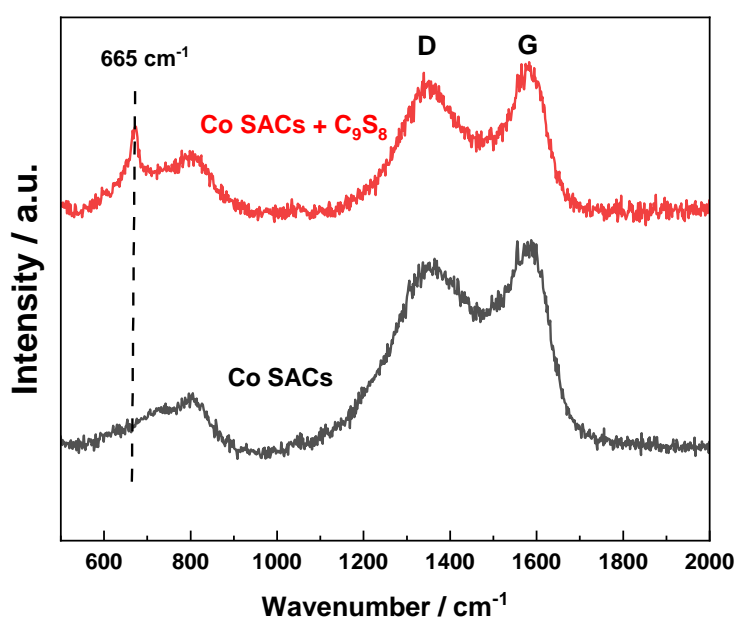


**Figure S2** EDS mapping of the Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalyst.



**Figure S3** (a) HRTEM image and (b) HAADF-STEM image of the Co SACs catalyst.

**2. Raman spectra in lower wavenumber range of the Co SACs and Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts.**



**Figure S4** Raman spectra of the Co SACs and Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts.

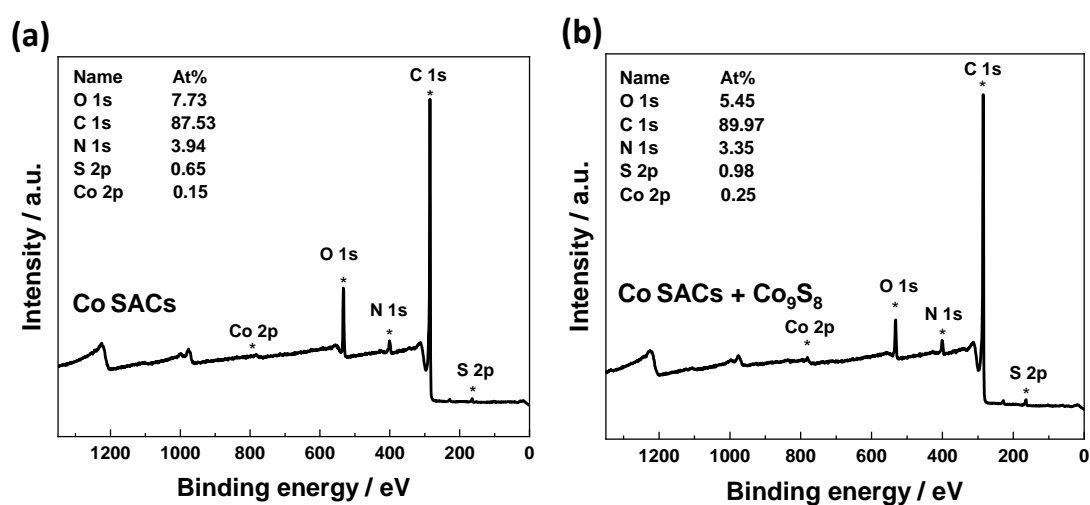
**3. Table S1: External, microporous, and total surface area of the Co SACs and Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts determined by N<sub>2</sub> adsorption.**

Catalyst	External SA [m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> ]	Microporous SA [m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> ]	Total SA [m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> ]
Co SACs	91.7	228.3	320
Co SACs + Co <sub>9</sub> S <sub>8</sub>	70.6	338.6	409.2

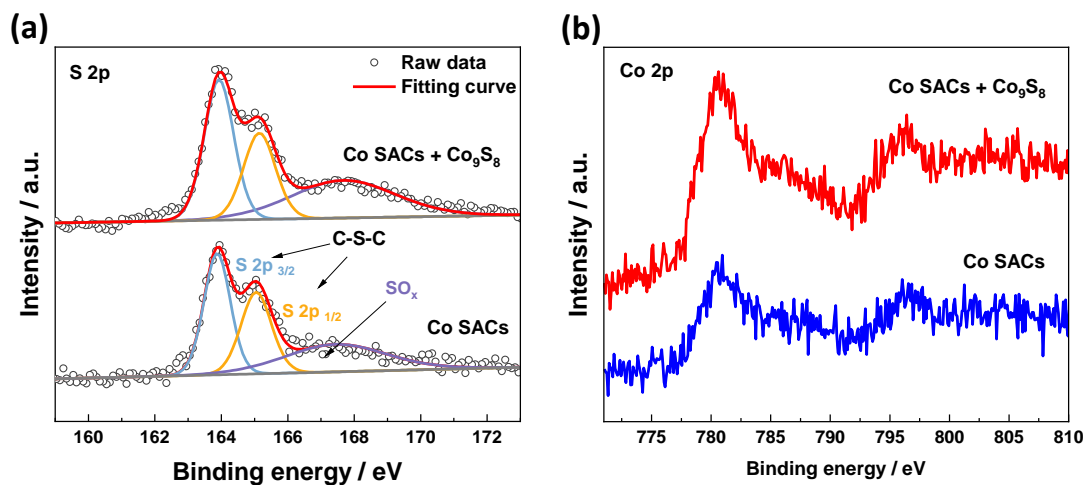
**Table S2: Average pore size and pore volume of the Co SACs and Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts determined by N<sub>2</sub> adsorption.**

Catalyst	Average pore size [nm]	Pore volume [cm <sup>3</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> ]
Co SACs	5.85	0.46
Co SACs + Co <sub>9</sub> S <sub>8</sub>	4.11	0.51

**4. XPS survey spectra, S 2p and Co 2p spectra of the Co SACs and Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts**

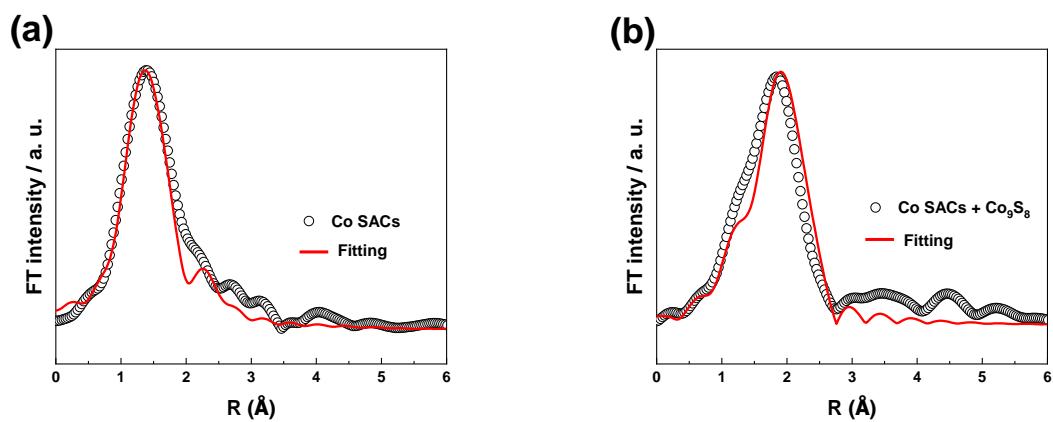


**Figure S5** XPS survey spectrum of (a) Co SACs and (b) Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalyst.



**Figure S6** High-resolution (a) S 2p and (b) Co 2p XPS spectra of the Co SACs and Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts.

## 5. EXAFS fitting results of the Co SACs and Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalyst

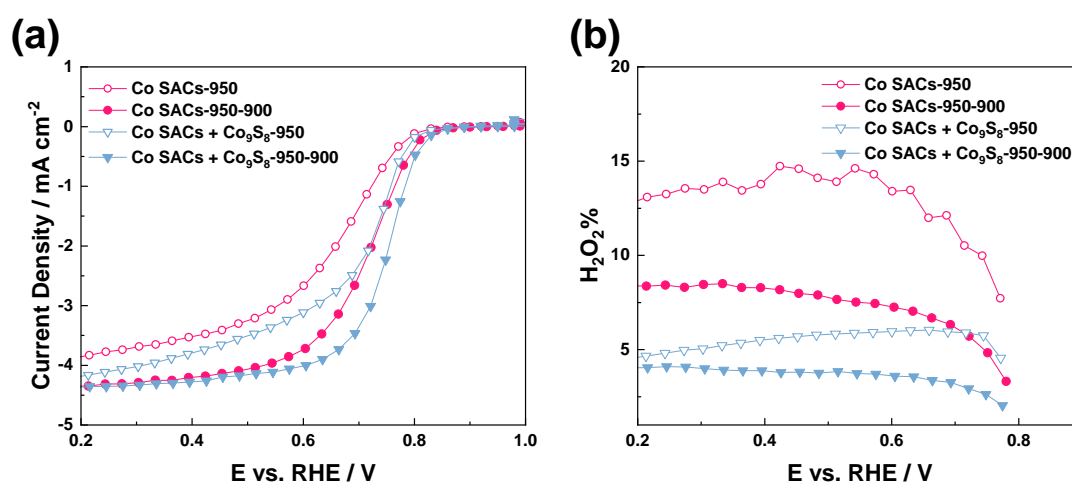


**Figure S7** The EXAFS fitting curves of the (a) Co SACs and (b) Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub>.

**Table S3** Co K-edge EXAFS curve fitting parameters for the Co SACs and Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub>

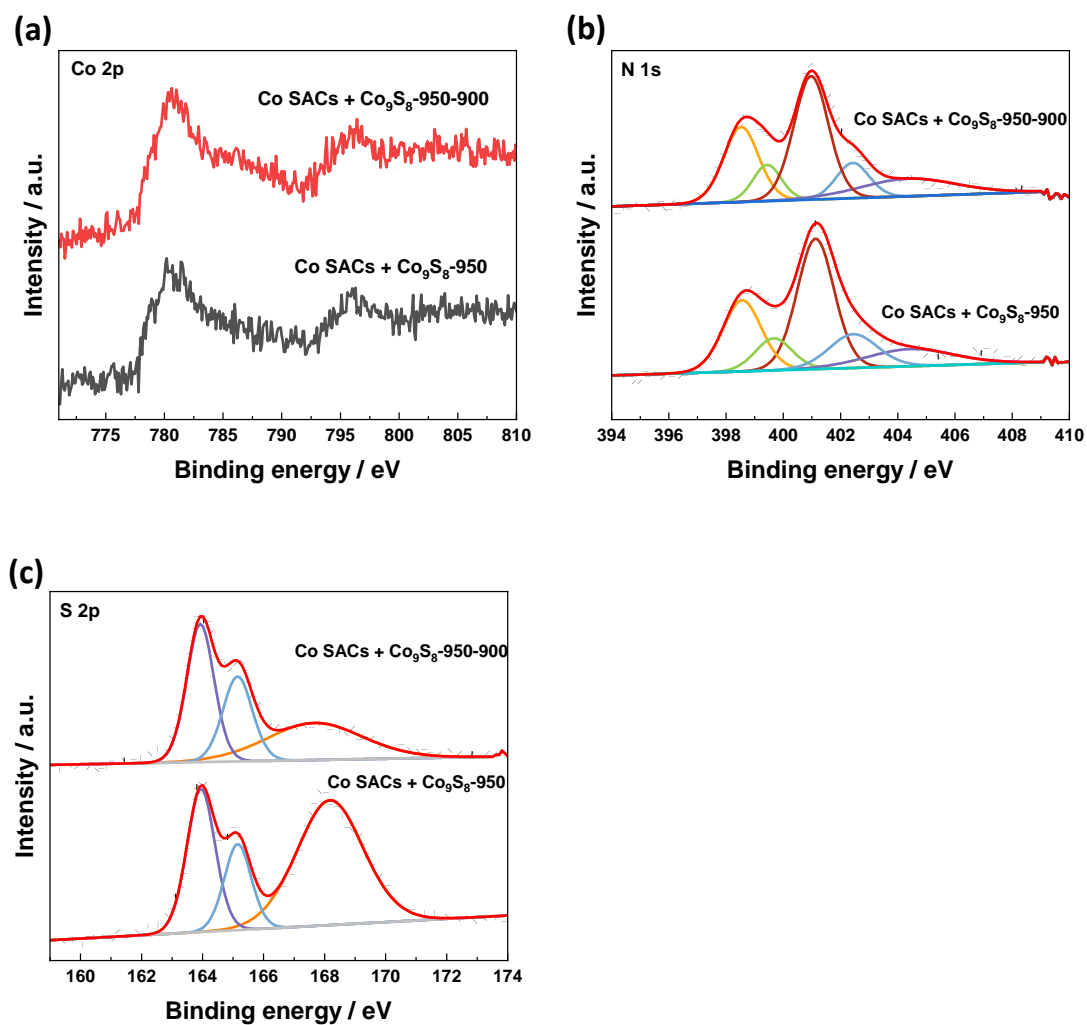
Sample	Bond type	Coordination number	Bond length (Å)	Bond disorder $\sigma^2$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	R factor
Co SACs	Co-N	2.1	1.88	0.0067	0.003
	Co-C	1	2.15	0.0007	
Co SACs + Co <sub>9</sub> S <sub>8</sub>	Co-N	2.8	1.89	0.016	0.008
	Co-S	0.85	2.22	0.007	
	Co-Co	3.6	2.49	0.005	

**6. Steady-state RRDE measurements investigating the 2<sup>nd</sup> heat treatment effect on the Co SACs and Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts**



**Figure S8** Steady-state RRDE measurements of the Co SACs and Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts in O<sub>2</sub>-saturated 0.5 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> after the first and second heat treatment, catalyst loading: 750 μg cm<sup>-2</sup>, rotating speed: 1600 rpm, 30 mV step potential, 30s hold.

7. Co 2p, N 1s, and S 2p XPS spectra of the Co SACs and Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts after the first and second heat treatment

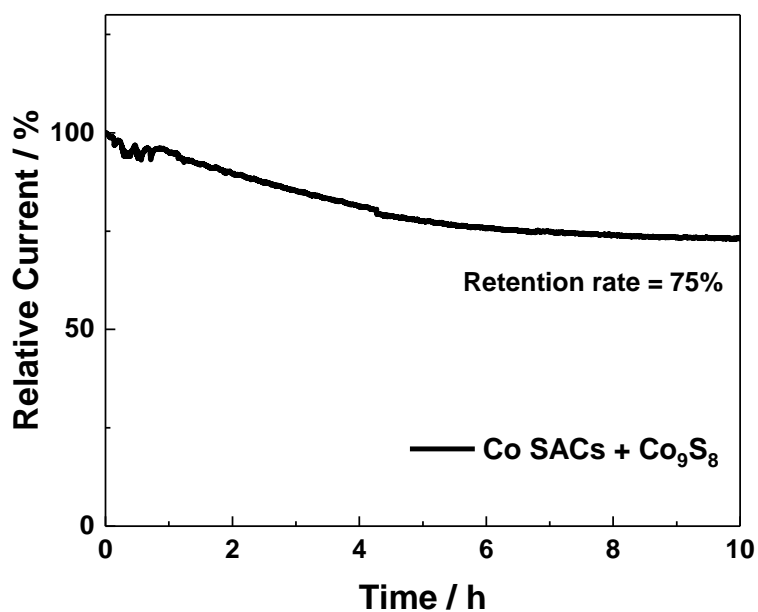


**Figure S9** High resolution (a) Co 2p, (b) N 1s, and (c) S 2p XPS spectra of the Co SACs and Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts after first and second heat treatment

**8. Table S4: Surface elemental composition of the best acid performing catalysts before and after the second heat treatment as detected by XPS**

Catalysts	C [at%]	N [at%]	O [at%]	S [at%]	Metal [at%]
Co SACs-950	86.78	3.97	7.85	1.34	0.06
Co SACs-950-900	87.53	3.94	7.73	0.65	0.15
Co SACs+Co <sub>9</sub> S <sub>8</sub> -950	87.32	3.38	7.23	1.98	0.09
Co SACs+Co <sub>9</sub> S <sub>8</sub> -950-900	89.97	3.35	5.45	0.98	0.25

**9. Long term chronoamperometry test on the Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalyst.**

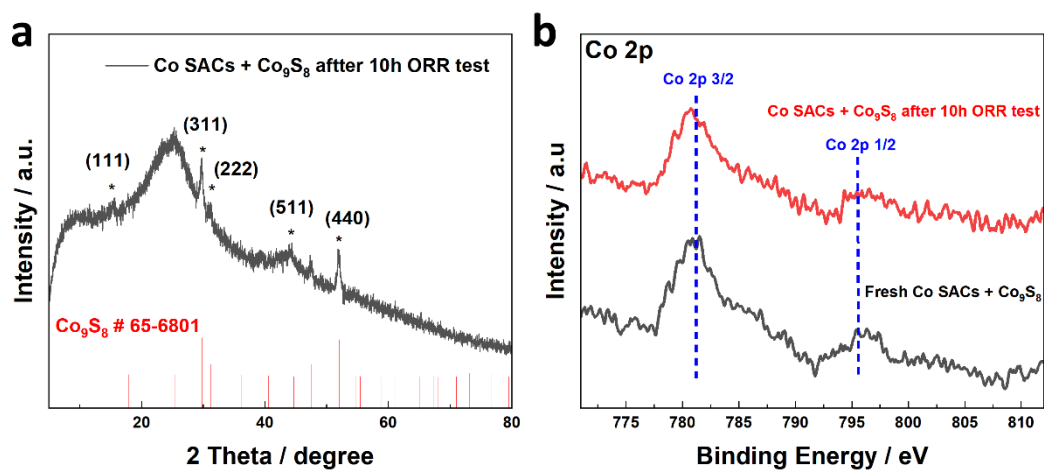


**Figure S10** Chronoamperometry responses (in O<sub>2</sub>-saturated 0.5 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>) of Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub>

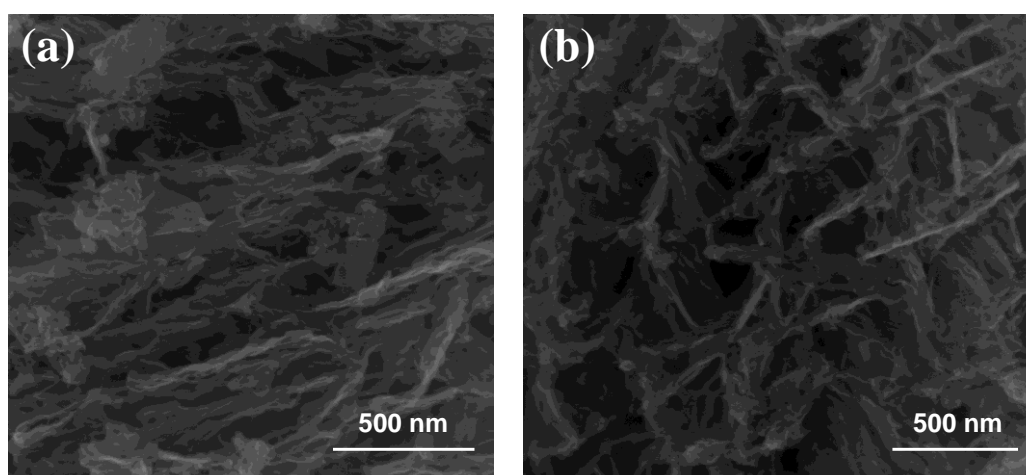
catalysts coated carbon paper, catalysts loading: 1 mg cm<sup>-2</sup>.



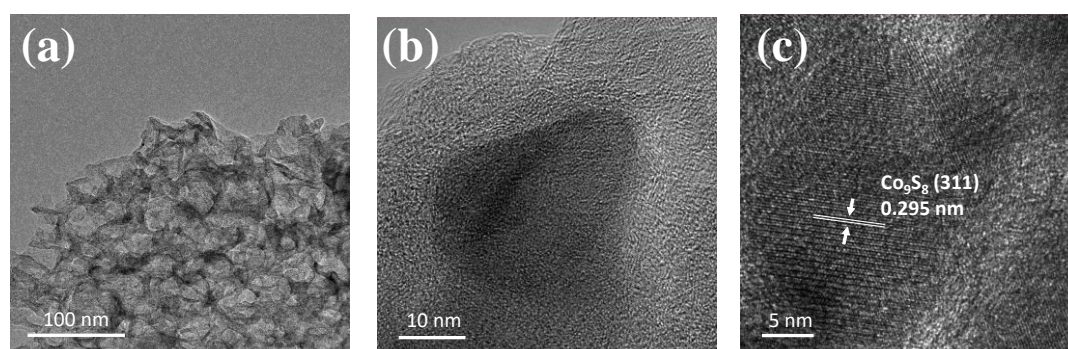
## 10. Physical characterization on the post-ORR test Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalyst



**Figure S11** (a) XRD pattern and (b) Co 2p region XPS spectra of Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts after 10h ORR tests.

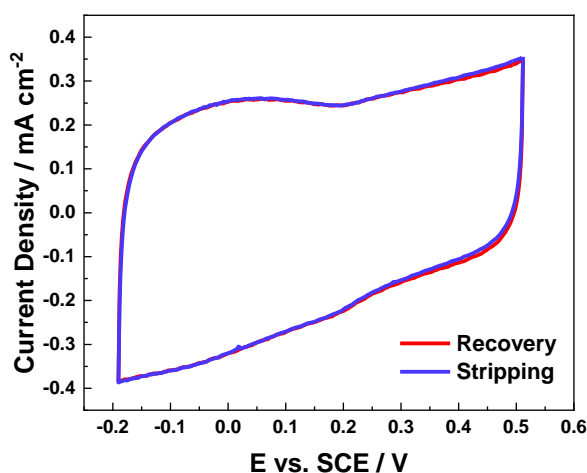


**Figure S12** SEM images of the fresh Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts and after 10h ORR tests.

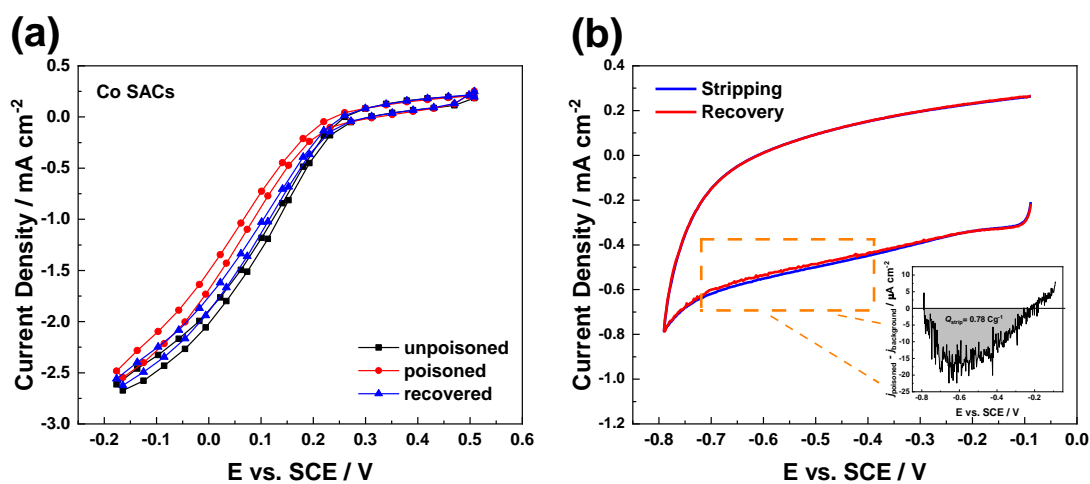


**Figure S13** TEM images of the fresh Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts and after 10h ORR tests.

## 11. RRDE nitrite poisoning experiments on the Co SACs and Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts.

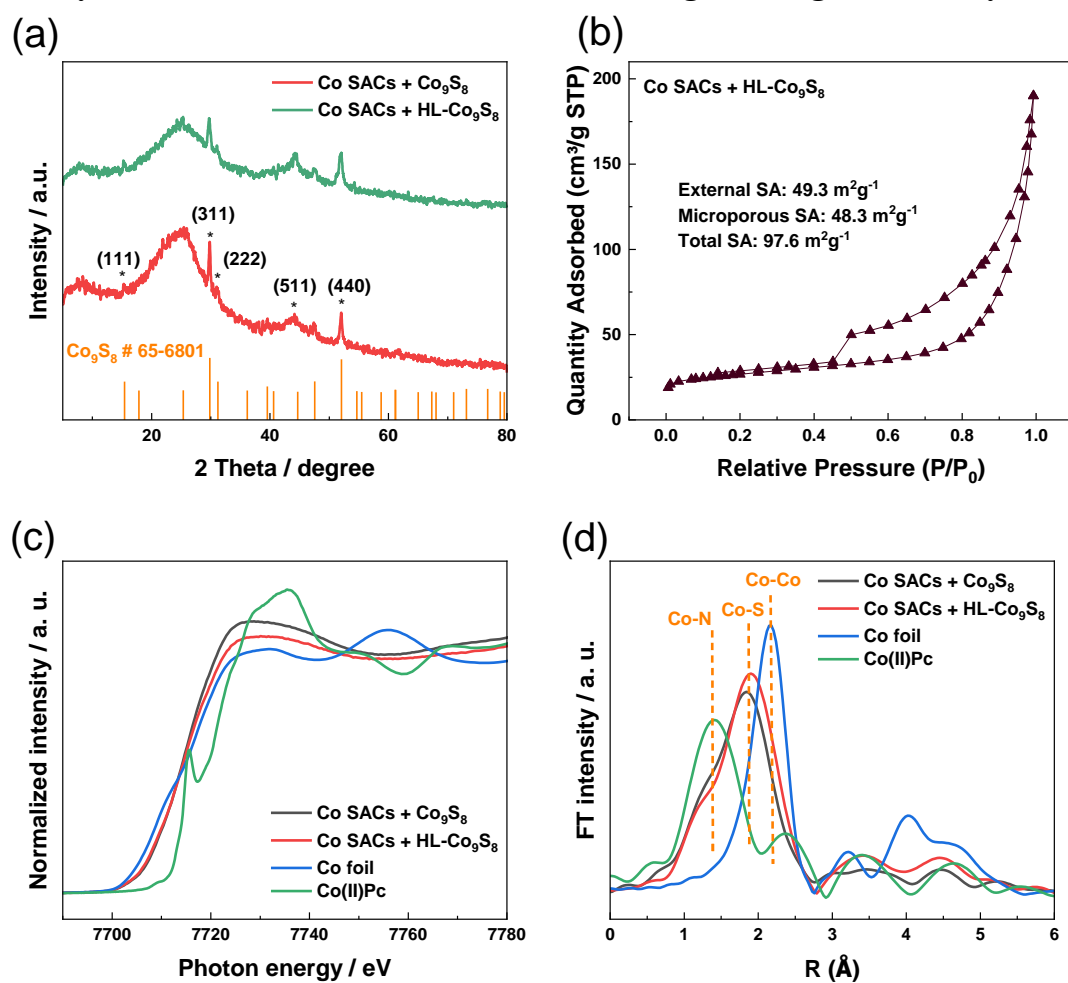


**Figure S14** wide range baseline scan (avoid nitrite reduction area) for the catalyst layer before, during and after nitrite adsorption. All experiments were performed in a 0.5 M acetate buffer at pH 5.2 for the Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalyst using a rotating disk electrode setup; catalyst loading: 0.2mg cm<sup>-2</sup>.



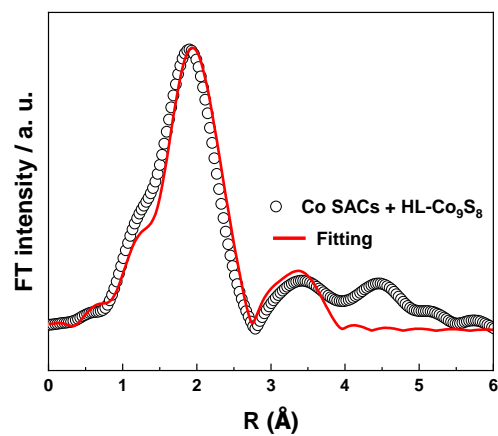
**Figure S15** (a) Steady state ORR tests of catalyst layer before, during and after nitrite adsorption. (b) Narrow baseline scan in the nitrite reductive stripping region during and after nitrite adsorption. Inset is the stripping charge calculated by subtracting the recovered from poisoned curve in Figure S15b. All experiments were performed in a 0.5 M acetate buffer at pH 5.2 for the bare Co SACs catalyst using a rotating disk electrode setup; catalyst loading: 0.2 mg cm<sup>-2</sup>.

## 12. Physical characterizations on the Co SACs + high loading Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalyst.



**Figure S16** (a) XRD patterns of the Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> and Co SACs with high loading Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts. (b) N<sub>2</sub> isotherms of the Co SACs with high loading Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts. (c) Co K-edge XANES spectra and (d) Fourier transforms of *k*<sup>2</sup>-weighted Co-K-edge EXAFS spectra of the Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> and Co SACs with high loading Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalysts, and the reference samples.

### 13. EXAFS fitting results of the Co SACs + HL-Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalyst



**Figure S17** The EXAFS fitting curves of the Co SACs + HL Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub>.

**Table S5** Co K-edge EXAFS curve fitting parameters for the Co SACs + HL Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub>.

Sample	Bond type	Coordination number	Bond length (Å)	Bond disorder $\sigma^2$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	R factor
<b>Co SACs + HL Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub></b>	Co-N	2.56	1.89	0.016	0.008
	Co-S	1	2.22	0.007	
	Co-Co <sub>1</sub>	3.66	2.49	0.005	
	Co-S-Co <sub>2</sub>	1.2	3.63	0.002	

14. Steady-state ORR polarizations on the Co SACs + high loading  $\text{Co}_9\text{S}_8$  catalyst.

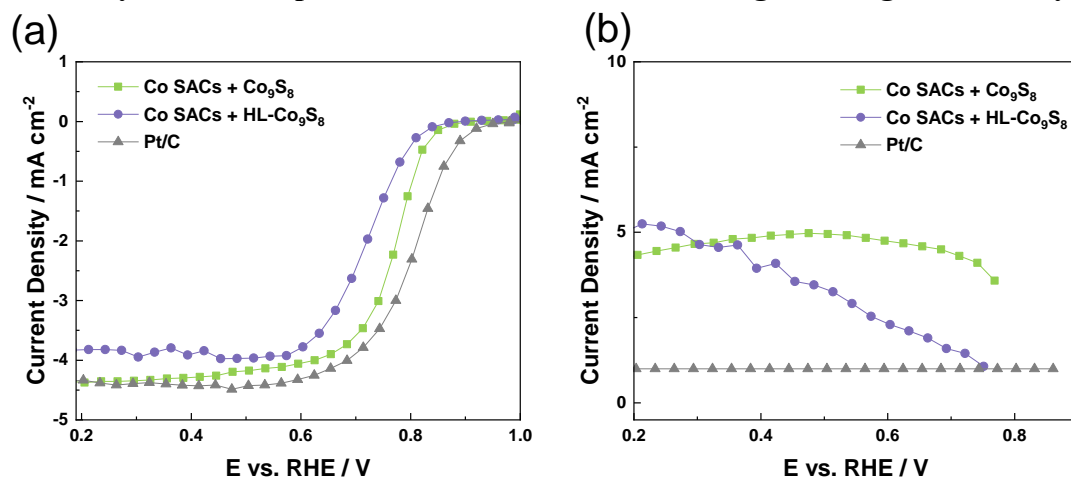


Figure S18 (a) Steady-state RRDE measurements of the Co SACs +  $\text{Co}_9\text{S}_8$  and Co SACs with high loading  $\text{Co}_9\text{S}_8$  catalysts in  $\text{O}_2$ -saturated  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ , catalysts loading:  $750\mu\text{g cm}^{-2}$ , rotating speed: 1600 rpm, 30 mV step potential, 30s hold.

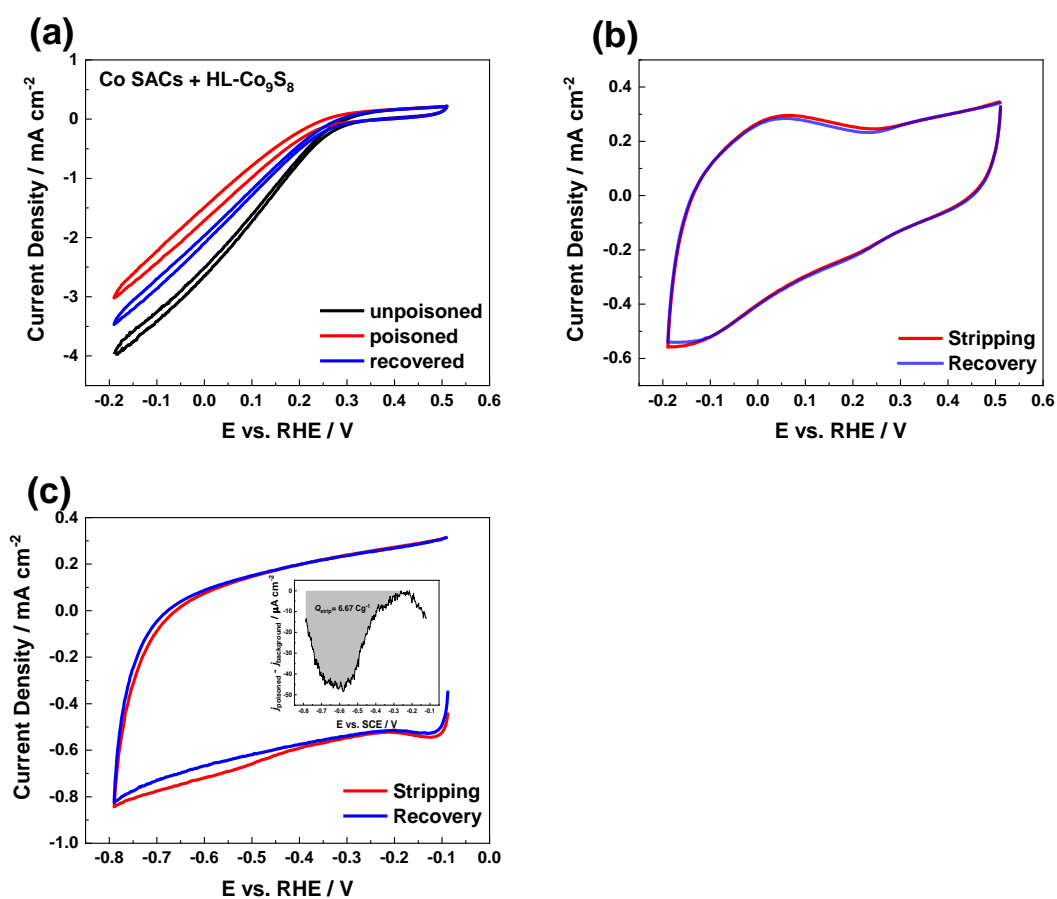


Figure S19 (a) Steady state ORR tests of catalyst layer before, during and after nitrite adsorption. (b) Wide range baseline scan (avoid nitrite reduction area) for the catalyst layer during and after nitrite adsorption. (c) Narrow baseline scan in the nitrite reductive stripping region during and after

nitrite adsorption. Inset is the stripping charge calculated by subtracting the recovered from poisoned curve in Figure S19c. All experiments were performed in a 0.5 M acetate buffer at pH 5.2 for the bare Co SACs catalyst using a rotating disk electrode setup; catalyst loading: 0.2 mg cm<sup>-2</sup>.

**15. Comparison of H<sub>2</sub>-O<sub>2</sub> PEMFC performance of the highest performing Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalyst with other reported non-Fe PGM-free catalysts**

**Table S6: Comparison of H<sub>2</sub>-O<sub>2</sub> PEMFC performance of the highest performing Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalyst with other reported non-Fe PGM-free catalysts**

Catalysts	Catalyst loading [mg cm <sup>-2</sup> ]	Back pressure [bar]	P <sub>max</sub> [W cm <sup>-2</sup> ]
3wt%-Co-N <sub>x</sub> /C	4.0	2.0	0.61
CoNC@KL600 <sup>1</sup>	4.0	1.0	0.72
Co (mlm)-NC (1.0) <sup>2</sup>	6.3	1.0	0.64
H@CoNC <sup>3</sup>	3	1.5 <sup>a</sup>	0.66
<i>d</i> -(Co <sub>NP</sub> /Co <sub>SA</sub> -N-C) <sup>4</sup>	4	2.0	1.207
Co-N-C@F127 <sup>5</sup>	4	1.0	0.87
1.6%CoNC-ArNH <sub>3</sub> <sup>6</sup>	3	2.0	0.8

<sup>a</sup> 22 psi

**16. Comparison of H<sub>2</sub>-Air PEMFC performance of the highest performing Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalyst with other reported non-Fe PGM-free catalysts**

**Table S7: Comparison of H<sub>2</sub>-Air PEMFC performance of the highest performing Co SACs + Co<sub>9</sub>S<sub>8</sub> catalyst with other reported non-Fe PGM-free catalysts**

Catalysts	Catalyst loading [mg cm <sup>-2</sup> ]	Back pressure [bar]	P <sub>max</sub> [W cm <sup>-2</sup> ]
3wt%-Co-N <sub>x</sub> /C	4.0	2.0 bar	0.25
Co (mlm)-NC (1.0) <sup>2</sup>	6.3	1.0 bar	0.32
<i>d</i> -(Co <sub>NP</sub> /Co <sub>SA</sub> -N-C) <sup>4</sup>	4.0	1.0 bar	0.454
Co-N-C@F127 <sup>5</sup>	4.0	1.0 bar	0.27
20Co-NC-1100 <sup>7</sup>	4.0	2.1 bar <sup>a</sup>	0.28
Co-N-PCNF <sup>8</sup>	4.0	1.0 bar	0.4
1.6%CoNC-ArNH <sub>3</sub> <sup>6</sup>	3	2.0 bar	0.305

<sup>a</sup> 30 psi



## Reference

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