

Propriety of the Erich Fromm Document Center. For personal use only. Citation or publication of material prohibited without express written permission of the copyright holder.

Eigentum des Erich Fromm Dokumentationszentrums. Nutzung nur für persönliche Zwecke. Veröffentlichungen – auch von Teilen – bedürfen der schriftlichen Erlaubnis des Rechteinhabers.

### Analyzing Aggression

THE WANATOMY OF HUMAN DESTRUCTIVE-NESS. By Erich Fromm. Holt, Rinehart & Winston, Sto.95

• THIS audacious, provocative and often lucid work was originally conceived as the initial volume of a comprehensive work on psychoanalytic theory. Fromm realized that to analyze aggression and destructiveness successfully he would have to transcend the discipline of psychoanalysis; hence, this treatise teems with insights gleaned from a conscientious (if often selective) review of relevant literature in neurophysiology, animal psychology, paleontology and anthropology.

Fromm's attempts to construct a global view of the problem of destructiveness are not completely successful. But his work is suggestive and stimulating. Impatient with fuzzy and equivocal uses of the concept of aggression, he declares that if acts of destruction, protection and construction are all defined as aggression, then we are trapped in a theoretical quagmire. Yet the issue of the origins and nature of human destructiveness remains. As Niko Tinbergen notes, "Man is the only species that is a mass murderer, the only misfit in his own society."

Fromm acutely dissects the parade of orthodoxies concerning instincts and "human passions. He sharply disagrees with Konrad Lorenz's On Aggression, which simplistically carries over into human society neoinstinctivist theories originating in the selective study of animal behavior. Fromm is equally critical of the "territorial imperative" hypothesis of playwright Robert Ardrey and the neobehaviorism of B. F. Skinner. He declares that only an in-depth analysis of our entire social system can uncover the mosts of human destructiveness.

Fromm asserts that such is the variety in the degrees of destructiveness among human beings that we can scarcely assume that destructiveness and cruelty are insate. In fact, he finds that "the degree of destructiveness increases with the increased development of civilization, rather than the opposite." The author then differentiates between "benign-defensive" and "malignant-destructive" aggression, and between organic drives and those rooted in man's character. Though he proceeds from the perspective of psychoanalysis. Fromm stresses the sociobiological point of view, departing markedly from the classical Freudian libido theυĽ.

To Fromm, the character-rooted passions are a "sociobiological, historical category." Existentially, man seeks drama and excitement. Tragically, when he cannot achieve higher satisfactions, "he creates for himself the drama of destruc-

March 13, 1974

tion." Thus, when the implicit principle of society becomes "the conquest of nature by the machine" and humans are entangled in the perverse socialism of the war system, it is no wonder that the cry is "Long live Death." The simple clarity of death becomes more tolerable than the ambiguities and frustrations of life.

Fromm casts his scholarly net widely, meticulously critiques the work of Freud, and updates his own writings. Given his audacity, it is not surprising that portions of this volume are problematic. Despite several attenuated sections devoted to the problem of war (that most sophisticated and terrifying form of mass destructiveness), Fromm avoids a sustained discussion of this phenomenon. His analyses of biophilia (the love of life) and necrophilia (the love of death) are fascinating, but the concepts continue to be imprecise as diagnostic categories.

His brief discussions of Himmler and Stalin and the more detailed treatment of Hitler reflect acute clinical insight. But the key question remains: How far can psychobiographies of particular individuals carry us toward an understanding of mass organized violence? It is, after all, governments rather than individuals that wage war. Fromm himself suggests that in a different sociopolitical context, Hitler could not have achieved supremacy. Hitler was neither madmannor genius, nor was he unique; it was the societal situation that allowed him to secure his horrifying ascendancy. Ultimately, then, Fromm's analysis suffers most when he explains sociopolitical phenomena in dominantly psychological and clinical vocabularies.

Despite these limitations, Fromm's examination of human destructiveness constitutes a radical humanist affirmation that man can indeed avoid the ultimate catastrophe. His investigation will surely stimulate others to address more completely that sociopolitical realm within which Fromm himself finds the crucial triggers for both creativity and malignant aggression.

RICHARD O. HATHAWAY.



## Methodist Homes for the Aged

More and more generous people, wishing to give thanks for serenity and peace-of-mind in their later years, find fulfilment in remembering us in their Will. The legacies we receive make it possible for us to plan new Homes and to provide comfort and security for many who would otherwise be doomed to a lonely old-age. The General Secretary will be pleased to send you, on request, a personal copy of our legal portfolio for use when advising clients. We will be very grateful for your co-operation.

General Secretary, Rev. R. J. Connell, M.B.E., B.A., B.D., METHODIST HOMES FOR THE AGED 1 Central Buildings, Westminster, London, SW1 H 9NS



Propriety of the Erich Fromm Document Center. For personal use only. Citation or publication of material prohibited without express written permission of the copyright holder. Eigentum des Erich Fromm Dokumentationszentrums. Nutzung nur für persönliche Zwecke. Veröffentlichungen – auch von Teilen – bedürfen der schriftlichen Erlaubnis des Rechteinhabers.

# the christian CENTURY

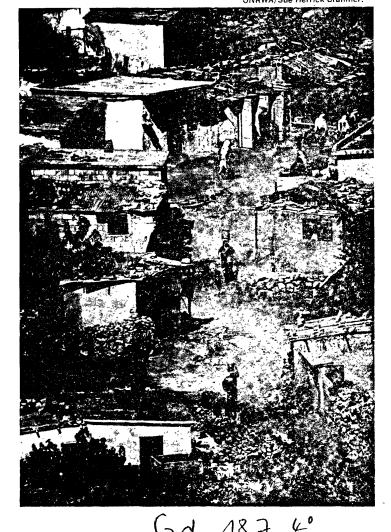
JANUARY 2-9, 1974

# 91: 1974 What's in Store for '74? ohne Ti sking Ahead: Racial Justice / Med: "

Looking Ahead: Racial Justice / Media / Labor / Energy / Urban Church / Evangelicals / Theology / Health Care / Peace / etc.

Palestinian refugee camp near Bethlehem.

UNRWA/Sue Herrick Cranmer.



**Report from:** 

The Arab West Bank

**Response from:** 

Mr. Nixon's Church

### Editorial Comment:

- Pastor Faces Prison
- Key 73 Ends

### \$261 834 LI

Hathaway, R. O., 1974: Review Fromm, E.: The Anatomy of Human Destructiveness (1973a, English): Analyzing Aggression, In: The Christian Century, Chicago, Vol. 91 (13. 3. 1974), pp. 297.