

174. Question: Is the extent of behavior motivated by Super-Ego (Freud) or by need to fulfill patterns, in order not to feel isolated.

F 40

p. 289.

175. Anna Freud (Das Ich in der Abwehrmechanik von 1936): Ich greift sich von erfolgreich Angst- und Verlust einzuschließen, durch Triebumwandlungen, Fortbewegung p. idem, Harmonie zwischen Ich, Über-Ich & Außenwelt herzustellen.

176. Hartmann: Besonderheiten d. Ichkonstitution unabhängig von denen d. Triebkonstitution. (1937)

177. Erickson: Study of identity as important in our time or study of security = Freud's time

178. Erikson's transformations
of oral → undifferentiated confidence in mother
anal → will, obey, autonomy (Eidam & Zweifel)
phallic → initiative
latency period → achievement

⑥

David Rapaport, Consciousness, A psychological and psychodynamic view in H. Abramson (ed.) Problems of Consciousness, New York, Josiah Mary Jr. Foundation 1951 p. 18-57

179. There is a difference between a "dream consciousness" and a "waking consciousness"
In dream conc. little reflective awareness
Continuum between waking thought & dream
waking thought & dream (281)

180. Second Continuum ('parameter' is 'the ability to exert ^{voluntary} effort, & will;'
 [but one dreams of making great efforts in dreams!]

181. Third Continuum. & formal characteristics. (29)

1) verbalization vs. imagery

2) explicitness vs. implicitness
 (implicitness)

Ex: "I know that my father is satisfied with me"
 I might know this although no external expression or act of my father.
 [Same in verbal expression!]

3) logical vs. primary process thought.

↓
 - In dreams, mechanism of primary thought processes: condensation, displacement, and substitution prevail. The outstanding characteristic of (verbal) thought is its logic.

29/30.

[R's characteristics show that dream has much to do with artistic expression, rather than repression!]

182. F's differentiation between primary & secondary thought process - a continuous transition between these two forms. = Always a more or less. Freud was aware of that Int. of Dr. Basic Writings that Lit. by 1938, 459, 536
 ?

183

4) changes in syntax.

conjunction tend to fall out more & more
as position of obj. is ~~important~~ ordered
& obj. is syntactically important
in a sentence tends to be taken
by obj. is psychologically outstanding!

(30.31)

↑ Cf. perspective in Art since
Renaissance or before Renaissance!

184. Freud:

primary process = immediate, even
hallucinatory gratification of needs,
secondary process, delay of immediate grat.
or search for gratification in reality.

Pr. process abides by pleasure principle
sec. process by reality principle.

secondary process "operates more or less
by logic, syntax, the rules of the
excluded third, the law of contradiction":
(37)

↑ This means: sec. process follows
Aristotelian logic, primary process
does not!

↑ Reality principle! What is reality.
The world is manageable - not as
understandable; - as object of conquest
(survival) not as meaning

↑ Welt (ppens den Schizo phrenic takes
up in delirious realm & feel
reality!

see Freud's Two Principles of Mental Functioning!

185. Freud's theory may be summed up as follows: All psychological happening is motivated, but is ultimately it serves the purpose of diminishing a tension. The quantity of the tension is termed cathexis (charge). Drive, needs, strivings, interests are terms to describe such cathexis, their origin or their direction, that is the goal object on which these cathexis can be discharged.

[Freud: mot. states (relief tension) as survival - no need for pleasure, activity, expression, search for meaning, art etc.]

Some evidence that early in ontogeny when the drive cathexis can not be discharged because the drive object is not present hallucinatory image of previous discharge situation arises. "This is the primitive prototype of all conscious experience. It corresponds to the drive cathexis of the memory trace of gratification" (40/41)

"In the adult the dream is a drive deprivation (starvation, dehydration), the pre- or the is special state (drugs, hypnosis, the primitive prototype form of consciousness appears again." & some thing) in the psychotic appears as if it were perception. ... (40/42)

186. Later: Delaying structures.

1. The (Controlled) structures have centers built up in them? "These centers, termed hypercenters or attention centers, play a crucial role in relation to consciousness. The sense-organs consciousness regulates the distribution of these attention centers. Without collecting by these, ideas do not become conscious. - - -"

"The gradual development of thought as 'experimenter action' for thought as hallucinatory gratification reflects the gradual development from monoideic consciousness of the mere participation to the polyideic consciousness of the relation of perceived external reality, internal need, and memories of past experiences - - -"

Thought forms change gradually from prelogical & logical, from syncretic & abstract, from idiosyncratic & socialized" - - -

↑ socialized - adapted → source of false consciousness. (40-42)